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Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Rules, 1997

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SRO No. 205 – Law/97. – in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 16 of the Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Act, 1993 (Act no. 21 of 1993), the Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission hereby makes the following *Rules*, namely:--

Chapter I Preamble

- 1. Short Title, Extent, Commencement
- 1.1. Title. the rules may be called the, "Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Rules, 1997"
- 1.2. Extent. the *rules* shall extend to the whole of Bangladesh including the establishments of the *commission*.
- 1.3. Commencement. the rules shall come into force immediately.
- 2. **Definition.** in these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - (1) "Absorbed Dose (D)" means the ratio of the mean energy imparted by the ionizing radiation to matter in a volume element de and the mass of the matter in that volume element dm, which can be expressed as:--

$$D = \frac{de}{dm}$$

Here, D is the absorbed dose; the SI unit of absorbed dose is joule per kilogram (JKg⁻¹) and its special name is gray (Gy);

- (2) "Accident" means any unintended event, including operating errors, equipment failures or other mishaps, the consequences or potential consequences or which are not negligible from the point of view of protection or safety:
- (3) "Accidental Exposure" means an unpredictable exposure that results in one or more persons receiving doses exceeding the Annual Effective or Equivalent Dose limit;
- (4) "Act" means Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Act, 1993, (Act No. 21 of 1993);

- (5) "Action Level" means the level of dose rate or activity concentration above which remedial actions should be carried out under the situation of chronic exposure or emergency exposure:
- (6) "Activity" means an amount of radionuclide in a particular energy state at a given time, which can be expressed as follows:-

$$A = \frac{dN}{dt}$$

Here, A is the activity, dN is the expectation value of the number of spontaneous nuclear transformations from that energy state in the time interval dt; the SI unit of activity is the reciprocal of second (s^{-1}) and its special name is becquerel (Bq);

- (7) "Agricultural Countermeasure" means the actions taken to reduce the levels of contamination of food, agricultural or forestry products before they reach consumers;
- (8) "Annual Limit on Intake (ALI)" means the intake by inhalation, ingestion or through the skin of a given radionuclide in a year by the Asian reference man which would result in a committed effective dose equal to the annual limit on effective dose;
- (9) "Applicable Code" means the codes stated or specified in these rules;
- (10) "Applicable Guide" means the guides stated or specified in these rules;
- (11) "Applicable Standard" means the standards stated or specified in these rules;
- (12) "Applicant" means an applicant applying to the commission under the provisions of these rules;
- (13) "Approved" means, if not specifically mentioned otherwise, approved by the commission;
- (14) "Approved Registered Medical Practitioner" means any medical practitioner who is approved and registered by the commission vide these rules;
- (15) "Authorized Limit" means such limit as authorized by the commission for the purpose of radiation protection and safety;
- (16) "Chronic Exposure" means an exposure that persists with time;
- (17) "CIOMS" means Council for International Organizations of Medical Science, Geneva;
- (18) "Commission" means Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission constituted under the Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission Order, 1973 (President's order No. XV of 1973);
- (19) "Committed Effective Dose" means the quantity $E(\tau)$, which can be expressed as follows:-

$$E(\tau) = \textstyle\sum_{T} w_{T}.H_{T}(\tau)$$

Here $H_T(\tau)$ is the committed equivalent dose to tissue T over the integration time t; when τ is not specified, it will be taken to be 50 years for adults and 70 years for intakes by children;

(20) "Committed Equivalent Dose" means the quantity Π(τ), which can be expressed as follows: -

$$H_{\tau}(\tau) = \int_{0}^{e^{+\tau}} H_{\tau}(t) dt$$

Here to is the time of intake, $H_T(\tau)$ is the equivalent dose rate at time t in an organ or tissue. T and τ is the time elapsed after an intake of radioactive substances. When it is not specified it will be taken to be 50 years for adults and 70 years for intakes by children:

- (21) "Consumer Product" means devices such as smoke detector, luminous dial, ion generating tube etc. which contains a small amount of radioactive substances and which are estimated by the commission to be of low risk;
- (22) "Containment" means methods or physical structures that prevent the dispersion of radioactive substances;
- (23) "Contamination" means harmful presence of radioactive substances in or on a material or the human body or other place;
- "Controlled Area" means any area in which specific protection measures and safety provisions are or could be required for :--
 - (a) controlling normal exposure or preventing the spread of contamination during normal working conditions; and
 - (b) preventing or limiting the extent of potential exposure;
- (25) "Countermeasure" means an action aimed at alleviating the consequences of an accident;
- (26) "Critical Group" means that group of members of the public whose radiation exposure is reasonably homogeneous and is typical of individuals receiving the highest effective dose or equivalent dose for a given radiation source and given exposure pathway;
- (27) "Director" means Director of the Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division of the commission:
- (28) "Division" means the Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division of the Commission;
- (29) "Dose" means absorbed dose, organ dose, equivalent dose, effective dose, committed equivalent dose or committed effective dose;
- (30) "Effective Dose" means the summation of the tissue equivalent doses each multiplied by the appropriate tissue weighting factor, which can be expressed as follows:--

$$E = \sum_{r} W_{r}.H_{r}$$

Here, H_T indicates the equivalent dose in tissue T and W_T indicates the tissue weighting factor for tissue T. The unit of effective dose is $J.kg^{-1}$ and its special name is sievert (Sv);

(31) "Emergency Exposure" means any exposure of an individual to radiation originating due to a sudden event requiring immediate remedial or protective measures; (32) "Equivalent Dose" means the absorbed dose in an organ or tissue multiplied by the corresponding radiation weighting factor W_R, which can be expressed as follows:--

$$H_{T,R}=D_{T,R},W_R$$

Here $D_{T,R}$ stands for the average absorbed dose in the organ or tissue T and W_R stands for the radiation weighting factor for radiation R. If the radiation field consists of radiations with different values of W_R , the equivalent dose can be expressed as follows:-

$$H_{\gamma} = \sum_{R} w_{R}.D_{\gamma,R}$$

The unit of equivalent dose is J.kg⁻¹ and its special name is sievert (Sv);

- (33) "Ethical Review Committee" means a committee of independent persons to advise on the conditions of exposure and the dose constraints to be applied to the medical exposure of individuals exposed for biomedical research purpose when there is no direct benefit to the exposed individual:
- (34) "Exposure" means exposure of people to external sources, internal sources or both. The exposure can be classified as either normal or potential exposure; either occupational, medical or public exposure; and, in intervention situations, either emergency or chronic exposure;
- (35) "Exposure Pathways" means the routes by which radioactive substance or material can reach or irradiate a man:
- (36) "Helsinki Declaration" means the Declaration adopted by the 18th World Medical Assembly, Helsinki, Finland, 1974;
- (37) "IAEA" means the International Atomic Energy Agency;
- (38) "Intake" means the process of entry of radionuclides into the body by inhalation, ingestion or through the skin;
- (39) "Intervention Level" means the level of exposure which, if exceeded, requires intervention;
- (40) "Investigation Level" means the value of equivalent dose, intake or contamination per unit area or volume above which an investigation should be conducted;
- (41) "Ionizing Radiation" means such radiation as is capable of producing ions directly or indirectly in a matter while passing through it:
- (42) "Irradiation Installation" means a structure and installation used for housing a particle accelerator, X-ray machine or a large radioactive source capable of producing high radiation fields; the structure provides safety devices like interlocks preventing inadvertent entry into the high radiation zones;
- (43) "Irradiating Apparatus" means any device which is capable of producing ionizing radiation:
- (44) "Licence" means a licence issued under section 5 of the Act:

- (45) "Licensee" means a person who is granted a licence by the commission vide these rules:
- (46) "Limit" means the value of a quantity used in certain specified activities or circumstances which must not be exceeded;
- (47) "May" means an option, neither a requirement nor a recommendation;
- (48) "Medical Exposure" means the exposure of an individual due to medical or dental diagnosis or treatment involving radiation other than occupational exposure;
- (49) "Member Designated" means the member of the Commission who has been delegated vide section –XV of the Act regulatory powers or responsibilities on behalf of the Commission:
- (50) "Members of the Public" mean individuals in the population at large excluding occupationally and medically exposed;
- (51) "Natural Exposure" means exposure from natural sources;
- (52) "Natural Source" means naturally occurring sources of radiation including cosmic-rays and terrestrial radiation sources;
- (53) "Nuclear Installation" means nuclear power plants, nuclear reactors including sub-critical or critical assemblies, research reactors, spent fuel storage and reprocessing facilities;
- (54) "Nuclear Material" means
 - (a) plutonium-239, uranium-233, uranium enriched in the isotopes of uranium-235 or 233;
 or any material containing one or more of the foregoing; or
 - (b) uranium or thorium or any combination or them, in any physical or chemical form; or
 - (c) such natural ore which contains 0.05% or more by weight of uranium or thorium or any combination thereof; or
 - (d) any other material as may be deemed as such by the Commission;
- (55) "Occupational Exposure" means all exposure of a worker to ionizing radiation during the course of his work excluding the exposure from practices or sources exempted by the regulatory standards;
- (56) "Order" means, if not specifically stated otherwise, any general or special order, directive or instruction issued by the Commission;
- (57) "Organ Dose" means dose in a particular tissue or organ of the human body which can be expressed as follows:--

$$D_T = \frac{1}{m_T} \int_{m_T} Ddm$$

Here, m_T stands for the mass of the tissue or organ and D stands for the absorbed dose in the mass element dm;

(58) "Person" means

- (a) any individual, government establishment, corporation, partnership, firm, association, trust, estate, public or private institution, group, department; and
- (b) any legal successor, representative, agent or agency of the foregoing;
- (59) "Personnel Monitoring" means radiation dose assessment of occupational workers:
- (60) "Potential Exposure" means exposure due to accidental departures from the planned operations procedures or failure of equipment or environmental changes after the disposal of radioactive wastes;
- (61) "Practice" means any human activity that introduces additional sources of exposure pathways or extends exposure to additional people or modifies the network of exposure pathways from existing sources, so as to increase the exposure or the likelihood of exposure of people or the number of people exposed;
- (62) "Premises" means any land, building or structure whether fixed or movable or any part thereof;
- (63) "Prescribed Substance" means any substance including any material prescribed by the commission which may be used for the production or use of atomic energy, or research, or into matters connected therewith;
- (64) "Public Exposure" means exposure to members of the public from radiation sources: it does not include occupational or medical exposure but it comprises all other exposure from those sources that are under control or may be controlled or reduced by intervention;
- (65) "Qualified Expert" means an individual who, by virtue of certification by appropriate boards or societies, or professional licences or academic qualifications and experience, is duly recognized by the commission as having expertise in the relevant field of specialization, e.g., medical physics, radiation protection, occupational health, fire safety, quality assurance, any relevant engineering or safety speciality;
- (66) "Radiation Control Officer" means a technically qualified person approved by the commission and designated by the licensee to supervise the application of the appropriate nuclear safety and radiation control rules, measures and procedures:
- (67) "Radiation Source" means a substance or an apparatus producing or capable of producing ionizing radiation in a particular installation or place;
- (68) "Radiation Worker" means any person who is employed full time, part time or temporarily in a radiation practice and who is occupationally exposed or likely to be exposed to radiation;
- (69) "Radioactive Material" means a material in which radioactivity is present in excess of the authorized limit;
- (70) "Radioactive waste" means such waste as is created by the nuclear or radiation activity and in which radioactivity is present in excess of the prescribed limit;

- (71) "Radiological Examination" means the application of X-ray, gamma-ray or any other ionizing radiation in the diagnosis of human diseases;
- (72) "Remedial action" means certain actions that need to be taken to reduce or control radiation doses that might otherwise be received in an intervention situation involving chronic exposure when a planned action level is exceeded;
- (73) "Rules" means the Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Rules;
- (74) "Safety Analysis Report" means the safety analysis report prepared in pursuant to applicable standard, code and guide;
- (75) "Shall" means a requirement;
- (76) "Should" means a recommendation, not a requirement;
- (77) "Sealed Source" means any radioactive material which has been permanently sealed in a capsule or fixed rigidly in it;
- (78) "Source Material" means
 - (a) Uranium or Thorium or any combination of them, in any physical or chemical form, or
 - (b) Such natural ore which contains 0.05% or more by weight of Uranium or Thorium or any combination of them;
- (79) "Supervised Area" means any area not designated as a controlled area but for which occupational exposure conditions are kept under review even though specific protective measures and safety provisions are not normally needed; and
- (80) "US NRC 10 CFR" means 10 Code of Federal Regulations of the United States of America.
- Scope.- the rules shall apply to all practices, sources and nuclear materials within practices, and intervention thereof.
- 3.1. Practice.—the practices to which the rules shall apply include
 - (a) the production of source and the use of radiation or radioactive material for medical industrial, veterinary or agricultural purposes, or for education, training or research, including any practice related to that use which causes or can cause exposure to radiation or radioactive material;
 - (b) the generation of energy by nuclear power, including any practice in the nuclear fuel cycle which causes or can cause exposure to radiation or radioactive material;
 - (c) practice related to natural source involving exposure specified by the commission as requiring control; and
 - (d) any other practice specified by the commission.
- 3.2. Source and Nuclear Material. the *source* and *nuclear material* within any *practice* to which the *rules* shall apply include –

- (a) radioactive material and device that contain radioactive material or produce radiation
 e.g. X-ray machines, including consumer product, sealed radioactive source, unsealed
 source, radiation generator including portable radiography equipment, nuclear material
 and prescribed substance;
- (b) installation and facility which contain radioactive material or device which produce radiation, including irradiation installation, mine and mill processing radioactive ores, installations processing radioactive material, nuclear installation, and radioactive waste management facility; and
- (c) other sources specified by the commission.

provided that the *rules* shall apply to each individual *source* of *radiation* within an installation or a facility and to the complete installation or facility regarded as a *source* according to the requirements of the *commission*.

- 3.3. Exposure. the exposure to which the rules shall apply include -
 - any occupational exposure, medical exposure, or public exposure due to any relevant practice or source within the practice, including both normal exposure and potential exposure;
 - (b) Exposure to natural source which normally be considered as a chronic exposure situation but is subjected to the rules of intervention as deemed necessary for control by the commission.
- 3.4. Intervention. any action, intended to reduce or avert exposure or the likelihood of exposure to sources which is not part of a controlled practice or which is out of control as a consequence of an accident but such action will only be taken where it shall do more good than harm.
- 3.5. Exclusion. the *rules* shall exclude any *exposure* whose magnitude or likelihood is essentially unamenable to control through the requirements of the *rules*.
- 4. Competent Authority and Administration
- Competent Authority. Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission hereinafter referred to as the commission, is the Competent authority vide Act no. 21 of 1993 for implementation of the rules.
- 4.2. Delegation of Power. the commission may delegate, vide Section 15 of the Act, any or all of its powers or responsibilities to any one of its members and hereinafter referred to as the member designated.
- 4.3. Administrative Arrangement. in order to facilitate the implementation of different provisions of the Act, the commission
 - (a) has set up a division under the name "Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division", which is headed by a director; the division shall have its Headquarter in Dhaka and it may have a number of sections dealing with specific responsibilities; and

- (b) may set up one or more regional centers, laboratories, training centers, documentation and information centers as may deem necessary.
- 4.4. Exercise of Power. -
 - the member designated will exercise all such powers or responsibilities under the rules as may be delegated vide rule 4.2;
 - (b) the director will assist the member designated in discharging the functions or responsibilities of the commission and the member designated; and
 - (c) notwithstanding the provisions of rule 4.4 (a) the director or any person may exercise such powers and responsibilities under the rules as may specifically be authorized by the commission and the member designated.
- 4.5. External Assistance. the *commission*, vide section 6(2) of the *Act*, if necessary, may seek the assistance of any university of Bangladesh and of any foreign laboratory including those of the *IAEA*, or of any other national or foreign laboratory which is competent in the judgement of the *commission*, or may carry out joint research programmes on any subject with similar national or foreign institutions or laboratories.
- 4.6. Committee of Expert—the commission, may vide section 7 of the Act, if necessary, constitute from time to time, expert committee consisting of one or more person having specialized knowledge, to advise on specific problem pertaining to nuclear safety and radiation control matters.

5. Interpretation

- 5.1. Condition for acceptance. except as specifically authorized by the *commission* in writing, no interpretation of the meaning of the *rules* in this part by any officer or employee of the *commission* other than a written interpretation by the *director* or a *person* duly authorized by the *commission* will be recognized to be binding upon the *commission*.
- 5.2. Laboratory Report. any report or assessment sent to the *commission* on any matter or subject by a laboratory mentioned in rule 4.5 shall be deemed to be true and authentic unless proved otherwise in a court of law.

6. Communication

- Mode. all communication between the commission and a person/licensee shall be in writing.
- 6.2. Address. the signed original of all correspondences, reports, applications, and any other written communication from a licensee or a person to the commission must be addressed to the Director, Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division, 4, Kazi Nazrul Islam Avenue, PO Box 158, Ramna, Dhaka 1000 or to the person authorized by the commission.

Chapter II Requirement of Licence and Exemption

- 7. **Requirement of Licence.** a person from the date of enforcement of the rules vide section 4 of the Act, shall require a licence from the commission to
 - (a) adopt, introduce, conduct, discontinue or cease, mine, mill, process, design, manufacture, construct, assemble, acquire, import, export, sell, loan, hire, receive, site, locate, commission, possess, use, transfer, decommission, dissemble, transport, store or dispose a practice or a source except in accordance with the appropriate requirements of the rules, unless such practice and/or source is exempted from the scope of the rules including the requirements of enforcement:
 - (b) bring or make entrance into Bangladesh of any vehicle operated by nuclear power or carrying nuclear material, or radioactive material, or prescribed substance, or radioactive waste;
 - (c) process any food-stuff using radiation or similarly produce, distribute or market any food-stuff processed by radiation or to possess, procure, import or distribute any foodstuff or drink which contains activity exceeding the authorized limit; and
 - (d) 'own, make, install or operate, maintain, repair any equipment capable of producing radiation.

8. Transitional Provision of Licence

- 8.1. Existing Practice. for the existing *practice*, falling under the scope of the *rules*, the concerned *person*
 - (a) shall notify the *commission* about the *practice* being pursued within 90 (ninety) days from the date of enforcement;
 - (b) shall take the *licence* in pursuant to rule 10.1, applicable for the *practice* within a period of 12 (twelve) months from the date of enforcement; and
 - (c) shall report to the *commission*, notwithstanding any condition of a *licence* or holder of a permit issued earlier, or the *practice* followed in the past, within 90 (ninety) days from the date of enforcement and shall renew the *licence* in pursuance of the provisions of the *rules* within 12 (twelve) months from the date of notification.
- 8.2. Failure to Notify/Take Licence. failure to notify within 90 (ninety) days or to take necessary *licence* within 12 (twelve) months vide rule 8.1(a) & 8.1(b) respectively shall automatically forbid continuation of the *practice* by the *person*.
- 8.3. Special circumstances. notwithstanding the provisions of rules 8.1 and 8.2, the *commission* upon receipt of due notification and application within the requisite time may allow a person to continue the *practice* for a certain specific period under specific terms and conditions.
- 9. Exemption. notwithstanding the provisions of rule 7, the commission, vide section 4.2 of the Act, may exempt any person from the applicability of rule 7, subject to the following conditions:
 - (i) the exemption criteria provided in schedule I is fulfilled by him; and
 - (ii) the exemption levels provided in schedule II is fulfilled by him;

notwithstanding the provisions of rules 9(i) & (ii), the *commission* may change or modify from time to time the *exemption criteria* and *exemption levels* through notification.

Chapter III Licence, Permit, Fee, Standard, etc.

10. Licence

- 10.1. General Requirement, in order to obtain a *licence*, a person shall fulfil the following conditions: --
 - (a) justification. the *practice* is justified on the basis that it produces sufficient benefit to the exposed individuals or to society to offset the radiation detriment it may cause;
 - (b) application. shall apply to the commission in a prescribed form stated is schedules IV.I to IV.VIII;
 - (c) fee. shall pay the commission the requisite fee given in schedule VI;
 - (d) safety & protection. the proposed equipment, facility or practice is technically safe and provide adequate radiological protection;
 - (e) financial resource. have adequate financial resource for the safety and protection throughout the life of the *practice*, equipment or facility;
 - (f) human resource. have qualified and trained personnel adequate to discharge the licensed responsibilities for the entire life of the *practice*, equipment or facility; and
 - (g) compliance. comply with all the requirements of the *rules* as applicable, and the specific *limits* and conditions mentioned in the *licence* until he is relieved of the responsibilities of the *licence* by the *commission*.
- 10.2. Classification of Licence. a licence may fall under any of the following classes: --
 - (a) class A licence. is a licence to manufacture, trade in, produce, process, purchase, own, possess, transfer, handle, sell, store radioactive material;
 - (b) class B licence is a licence to manufacture, trade in, produce, process, purchase, own possess, transfer, handle, sell, store nuclear material;
 - (c) class C licence. is a *licence* to manufacture, trade in, produce, process, purchase, own, possess, transfer, handle, sell, store *irradiating apparatus*:
 - (c) class D licence. is a licence to transport radioactive material, nuclear material, prescribed substance, and their waste;
 - (d) class E licence. is a licence to export or import radioactive material, nuclear material, prescribed substance and their waste;
 - (c) class F licence. is a licence to site, to start up or to operate nuclear reactor;
 - (f) class G licence. is a licence to
 - (1) dispose of radioactive material, nuclear material and prescribed substance and their waste; and
 - decommission a milling installation, nuclear installation, irradiation installation, sealed source facility or waste treatment facility; and
 - (h) class H licence. is a licence issued for any other practice or source which have not been covered under classes A to G licences.

- 10.3. Stage of Licence. a *licence*, as per provisions made under the *rules*, may be issued at one or any combination of the following stages:-
 - (1) sitting;
 - (2) temporary operation or start up; and
 - (3) full operation.

provided that issuance of *licence* at a particular stage shall not automatically entitle the *person* to obtain the *licence* for the subsequent stage(s).

- 10.4. Procedure for Obtaining Licence. in order to perform *practice* mentioned in rule 3, a *person*, shall apply for a *licence* to the *commission* in the prescribed form applicable for the specific class and *practice*, furnishing all pertinent information required by the *applicable standard* and *guide*.
- 10.5. Issuance of Licence. the commission, upon determination that an applicant for a licence fulfils the requirements of the Act, rules and applicable standards, will issue a licence in such form and containing such conditions and limitations including technical specification as it deems appropriate and necessary.
- 10.6. Duration of Licence. the validity of the *licence*, unless otherwise specifically stated in the *licence*, shall be considered one year.
- 10.7. Renewal of Licence. a licensee shall apply to the commission in the prescribed form and manner stated in schedules-IV.I–IV.VIII and on payment of due fee given in schedule VI for the renewal of the licence at least 30 days prior to the expiry date of the licence.
- 10.8. Grant of More than One Licence to the same Person. the *commission* may issue more than one *licence* to the same *person* for different purpose or for similar purposes at different locations.
- 10.9. Combined Licence. the *commission* may combine in a single *licence* the *practices* of an *applicant* which would otherwise be licensed severally.
- 10.10. Amendment of Licence. the licensee may apply to the commission in the prescribed form and manner stated in schedules IV.I IV.VIII and on payment of due fee given in schedule VI for amendment of a licence issued to him and the commission may ask the licensee to furnish all such information and analyses deemed necessary by it in order to amend the licence.
- Surrender of Licence. a licensee will have the option to surrender the licence and shall comply the followings:
 - (a) apply to the *commission* in a prescribed form and manner stated in schedule XVII at least three months prior to the proposed date of surrender;
 - (b) fulfil all his responsibilities and discharge his obligations under the provisions of the rules and applicable standards and guides; and
 - (c) continue to discharge his licensed responsibilities until the date of acceptance of surrender of *licence* is communicated to him.

- 10.12. Registration of Licence.—the *commission* shall register each *licence* in the form given in schedule III or as may be deemed fit.
- 10.13. Condition of Licence.—whether stated therein or not, the following conditions shall be applicable to every licence issued:—
 - (a) a Quality Assurance (QA) programme related to a safety assessment report exists;

(b) an emergency response plan and an emergency reporting system exist;

- (c) the licence is subject to revocation, suspension, modification or amendment for causes as provided in the *Act* and *rules*; and
- (d) other applicable rules and regulations are duly complied.

11. Import and Export Permit

- 11.1. Application. any licensee prior to import or export nuclear material, radioactive material or radiation source or apparatus shall apply to the commission for a permit for custom's clearance in a prescribed form stated in schedule XVIII and on payment of the fee given in schedule VII.
- 11.2. Requirement. the commission may direct the applicant to produce invoice or other documents which may indicate the origin, technical specifications and other details as may deem necessary.
- 11.3. Power of Commission. the commission may defer the consideration of an application and may direct the applicant to perform such other acts which it deems necessary under the applicable safety standards.

12. Nuclear Reactor Operator's Licence

- 12.1. Requirement. the licensee of a nuclear reactor shall obtain reactor operator's licence for each of its personnel designated to be involved in operation in a prescribed form and manner stated in schedule V.
- 12.2. Applicable Code. the nuclear reactor operator's licence shall be obtained and regulated in pursuant to USNRC 10 CFR 55 and other applicable guides as adopted by the commission.
- 12.3. Period. the nuclear reactor operator's *lilcence* shall be issued for a period of 2(two) years along with other specific conditions as may be imposed by the *commission* and it shall be renewed after the date of expiry.
- 12.4. Restriction. the *licensee* will have the right to enter into the operation phase of his licensed nuclear reactor only after the requisite number of nuclear reactor operators/senior nuclear reactor operators have obtained their nuclear reactor operator's *licences*.

13. Confidential Information

13.1. Confidentiality. – the confidential information furnished to the commission in pursuance of any order, directive or requirement or an application made in accordance with any provision

of the Act or of these rules will be considered as confidential by the commission and will be use for its intended purpose and such information will not be divulged except for purposes of prosecution, or when the commission itself considers it expedient in the greater interest of nuclear safety or radiation protection.

13.2. Condition for Confidentiality. – for the purposes of the *rules* confidential information includes any information protected by intellectual property rights, or industrial and commercial confidential information – identified by the *licensee* and accepted by the *commission* as protected or confidential.

14. Fee

- 14.1. Licence Fee. the applicable fee for the issuance, renewal, amendment of a licence is given in schedule –VI.
- 14.2. Permit Fee. the permit fee for the import or export of nuclear material or radioactive material, radiation source, or apparatus is given in schedule VII.
- 14.3. Service Fcc. the applicable fee for any specialized service, e.g. standardization, calibration of equipment, testing of radioactivity of food stuff, dosimetry, special safety assessment, training of radiation control officer or nuclear reactor operator certification/licence to a person etc. is given in schedules VIII. I to VIII.VIII.

15. Applicable Standard, Code and Guide

- 15.1. List of Standard. in order to obtain a licence, each person and each licensee shall follow the applicable standards, codes and guides given in schedule IX.
- 15.2. IAEA Standard, in case where it has not been specifically mentioned in schedule IX, the commission, generally, shall follow the IAEA standards and guides.
- 15.3. Other Standards. where the IAEA standards and guides will be found in the judgement of the commission to be inadequate - standards, codes and guides published by any national regulatory authority or other internationally accepted bodies may be adopted as deemed appropriate by it.

Responsible Party

- 16.1. Party. for the implementation of the Act and the rules the following parties shall be responsible: --
 - (a) Principal Parties. the principal parties shall be the followings: --
 - (1) commission. as the competent authority for enforcement of the rules and intervention;
 - (2) applicant/licensee. as the principal responsible party for the compliance with the rules and applicable standards, codes and guides and for ensuring radiation protection and safety of the source;

- (b) Subsidiary Parties. except the principal parties, other subsidiary parties shall have responsibilities for compliance with the rules and applicable standards and guides and these parties shall include –
 - (1) suppliers;
 - (2) radiation workers;
 - radiation control officers;
 - (4) approved registered medical practitioners;
 - (5) qualified experts;
 - (6) review committees; and
 - (7) any other party to whom a principal party has delegated specific responsibilities.
- 16.2. Responsibility of Subsidiary Party. the subsidiary parties shall be responsible to the applicant or to the licensee; the responsibility of a subsidiary party shall in no way relieve the applicant or licensee of his responsibilities and obligations under the rules.

Chapter IV Safety, Technical and Management Requirement

17. Safety Requirement

17.1. General Requirement. -

- (a) safety and fire protection provisions shall be incorporated in all plans, designs and layout of buildings, structures and premises and *applicable standards* and *codes* shall be followed for making such plans, designs and layouts; and
- (b) in order to install, commission, operate, handle and store a source in such buildings, structures and premises possible risk to health and safety of employees and properties shall have to be anticipated.

17.2. Security of Source. - a person or a licensee shall ensure that -

- (a) the source shall be kept secured so as to prevent theft or damage:
- (b) an unauthorized person shall not carry out any activity relating to the source;
- (c) further ensure that -
 - control of a source is not relinquished without compliance with all relevant requirements specified in the licence and without communication to the commission of the information regarding any decontrolled, lost, stolen or missing source;
 - (2) a source is not transferred unless the person possesses a valid authorization; and
 - (3) periodic inventories of movable source are conducted at appropriate intervals to confirm that they are in their assigned locations and are secured.
- 17.3. Safety Requirements at Different Stages of Licence. a person or a licensee shall comply with the safety requirements, as applicable, at different stages of licence as given below.

(a) siting. -

- (1) the following subjects shall have to be taken into consideration: -
 - (a) the factors which affect exposure or potential exposure of radiation workers, other employees and members of the public and for a source constituting a large inventory of radioactive materials and having the potential for large release into the environment, the site selection shall take into account relevant features (e.g. environmental features and local population) that might affect the radiation safety of the source, or be affected by the source, and the feasibility of carrying out emergency plans;

 (b) the design reliability, durability and casy manageability and operational suitability;

(c) multilayer protection and defense in depth; and

- (d) the requirements of operational environment, human environment related procedural aspects and other human factors;
- (2) a safety analysis report prepared in pursuant to rule 17.3 (a) (1) shall have to be submitted to the *commission*;
- (b) temporary operation or start up a report shall have to be submitted to the commission furnishing a set of operational procedures prepared on the basis of safety analysis report and the facts supporting that adequate manpower is available for the operation of practice;
- (c) full operation. -
 - (1) the following subjects shall have to be taken into consideration: -
 - (a) adequate technical capability to support all aspects important for safety during the whole operational life time of the source;
 - (b) establishment of a programme in order to ensure the determination of whether it
 is necessary to modify radiation safety related conditions of device and training
 requirement on the basis of operational experiences; and
 - sources be kept secured, so that they are only use by authorized persons for authorized purposes; and
 - (2) a safety analysis report prepared in pursuant to rule 17.3(c)(1) shall have to be submitted to the *commission*.

18. Technical Requirement

- 18.1. Good Engineering Practice. an applicant or a licensee shall ensure that the siting, location, design, construction, assembly, commissioning, operation, maintenance and decommissioning of source within practice shall be based on good engineering practices, which shall, as appropriate,
 - (1) take into account applicable standard, code and guide and other appropriately documented instruments;

- (2) be supported by reliable managerial and organizational features to ensure protection and safety throughout the life of the source;
- (3) include sufficient safety margins for the design and construction of the source, and for operations involving the sources, such as ensuring reliable performance during normal operation, taking into account quality, redundancy and inspectability, with emphasis on preventing accident, mitigating their consequences and restricting any future exposure; and
- (4) take into account the relevant developments of technical criteria, as well as the results of any relevant research on protection or safety and lessons from experience.
- 18.2. Other Technical Requirements. an applicant or a licensee, among others, shall consider, as applicable, the following technical safety aspects in pursuant to applicable standards, codes and guides:
 - (1) structural safety;
 - (2) layout of roads and foot paths;
 - (3) effluent control:
 - (4) space requirements;
 - (5) guarding of openings of elevated spaces;
 - (6) ramps:
 - (7) marking;
 - (8) color codes for pipelines;
 - (9) ventilation;
 - (10) illuminations;
 - (11) lightning protections;
 - (12) building construction and maintenance:
 - (13) portable ladders and cranes:
 - (14) material storage;
 - (15) fire protection;
 - (16) machine guarding and operation:
 - (17) electrical equipment;
 - (18) hand tools and power tools;
 - (19) pressure vessels and plants:
 - (20) compressed gas cylinder;
 - (21) handling of hazardous material;
 - (22) personnel protective equipment; and
 - (23) Health control.

19. Management Requirement

- 19.1. Quality Assurance Programme. an applicant or a licensee shall establish an appropriate quality assurance (Q.A.) programme following applicable standard, code and guide in order to ensure the implementation of all nuclear safety and radiation protection requirement.
- 19.2. Safety Culture. an applicant or a licensee shall ensure the establishment and maintenance of safety culture in order to encourage a questioning and learning attitude for nuclear safety and radiation protection and to discourage complacency, which shall –

- (1) establish policies and procedures to identify the protection and safety of members of the public and workers as being of highest priority;
- (2) identify promptly the problems affecting protection and safety and correct in a manner commensurate with their importance;
- (3) identify the responsibilities clearly of each individual, including those at senior management levels for nuclear safety and radiation protection;
- (4) train and qualify each individual including those at senior management level suitably;
- (5) establish a clear lines of authority for decisions on nuclear safety and radiation protection ; and
- (6) establish such organizational arrangements and lines of communications as it will result in an appropriate flow of information on protection and safety at the various levels in the organization of the *licensee*.
- 19.3. Human Factor. an applicant or a licensee shall make provisions for reducing as far as practicable the contribution of human error to accidents and other incidents that could give rise to exposure, by ensuring that
 - (1) each worker on whom protection and safety depend be appropriately trained and qualified to make him understand his responsibilities and perform his duties with appropriate judgement and according to defined procedures:
 - (2) sound ergonomic principles be followed as appropriate in designing equipment and operating procedures, so as to facilitate the safe operation or use of equipment, to minimize the possibility of operating errors which may lead to accidents, and to reduce the possibility of misinterpreting indications if normal and abnormal conditions occur;
 - (3) appropriate equipment, safety systems, and procedural requirements be provided and other necessary provisions be made —
 - to reduce, as far as practicable, the possibility of human error which may lead to inadvertent or unintentional exposure of any person;
 - (b) to provide means for detecting human errors and for correcting or compensating for them; and
 - (c) to facilitate intervention in the event of failure of safety systems or other protective measures.
- 19.4. Human Resource. the *licensee* shall ensure that adequate human resources are available to discharge his licensed responsibilities.
- 19.5. Education and Training. the licensee shall ensure that -
 - (a) adequate education, training, and requalification arrangement for the human resources involved in the licensed *practice* are available; and
 - (b) such education, training and requalification programmes are approved by the commission.

- 19.6. Qualified Expert. an applicant or a licensee shall -
 - select and appoint a qualified expert according to his need for providing advice on the observance or the standards; and
 - (b) keep the commission informed about the arrangements of the qualified expert identifying the scope of his functions.
- 19.7. Insurance. an applicant or a licensee -
 - (a) when required by the *commission*, shall obtain an insurance policy for such an amount as to be fixed by the *commission* for each type of *licence* separately; and
 - (b) shall not cancel or suspend a policy obtained under rule 19.7 (a) without the prior permission of the commission.

Chapter V Occupational Exposure

- 20. Occupational Exposure
- General Information. the occupational exposure shall be controlled as per the IAEA Safety Series no. 115 – 1996.
- 20.2. Responsibility. the *licensee* shall be responsible for -
 - (a) the protection of worker from occupational exposure; and
 - (b) the compliance with any other relevant requirements of the *applicable standards* and the rules.
- 20.3. Dose Limit. the *licensee* shall ensure that the *occupational exposure* of a worker shall be so controlled that the following *dose limits* are not exceeded:
 - (a) an effective dose of 20 mSv per year averaged over five consecutive years;
 - (b) an effective dose of 50 mSv in any single year;
 - (c) an equivalent dose to the lens of the eye of 150 mSv in a year; and
 - (d) an equivalent dose to the extremities (hands or feet) or the skin of 500 mSv in a year.
- 20.4. Limit for Apprentice. for apprentices of 16 to 18 years of age who are getting training for employment involving exposure to radiation and for students of age 16 to 18 who are required to use sources in the course of their studies, the occupational exposure shall be so controlled that the following limits are not exceeded:-
 - (a) an effective dose of 6 mSv in a year;
 - (b) an equivalent dose to the lens of the eye of 50 mSv in a year; and
 - (c) an equivalent dose to the extremities or the skin of 150 mSv in a year.

- 20.5. System of Dose Limitation. in order to carry out any *practice* involving radiation, each *licensee* shall fulfil the following conditions:
 - (a) the *practice* justified on the basis that it produces sufficient benefit to the exposed individual or to society to offset the radiation detriment it may cause;
 - (b) restrictions on the dose that individual may be exposed to are applied in order to ensure that no person be subjected to an unacceptable risk attributable to radiation; and
 - (e) in relation to any particular source within practice, the magnitude of individual doses, the number of people exposed and the likelihood of incurring exposure shall all be kept as low as reasonably achievable, economic and social factors being taken into account, and be within the restrictions on doses to individual that take account of multiple sources.

21. Compliance with the Dose Limit. - the licensee shall -

- (a) comply with the dose limits stated in rules 20.3 and 20.4; and
- (b) verify the compliance with the *dose limit* stated in rule 21.(a) according to the procedures stated in schedule X.

22. Planned Special Exposure

- 22.1. Limit, the equivalent dose or the committed equivalent dose incurred in the course of planned special exposure shall not exceed twice the relevant annual dose limit specified in rules 20.3 and 20.4 in any single event, and for the lifetime five times of this limit.
- Authorization. the *licensee* shall authorize, in writing, a planned special *exposure* only during special circumstances.
- 22.3. Information to Worker. the *licensee* shall inform the workers of the estimated radiation *doses* and potential occupational hazards during the planned operation.
- 22.4. Restriction. the licensee shall ensure that the planned special exposures are not authorized for workers who have previously received abnormal exposure resulting in equivalent dose in excess of two times the relevant annual dose limit and the workers who are women of reproductive capacity.
- 22.5. Information to Others. the licensee shall inform the workers, the approved medical practitioner and the commission of the dose equivalents or the committed dose equivalents resulting from the planned special exposure.
- 22.6. Avoidance. the *licensee* shall avoid planned special exposure *for* operations involving inhalation or ingestion risk of *radioactive material*.
- 22.7. Recording. the *licensee* shall record the *equivalent dose* or the *committed equivalent dose* resulting from planned special *exposure* with those from normal *exposure* and any excess of the *limits* stated in rules 20.3 and 20.4 shall not in itself constitute a reason for removing the worker from his occupation.

CHAPTER VI Medical Exposure

23. Medical Exposure

- 23.1. General Information. *medical exposure*, in addition to those mentioned specifically in this chapter of the *rules*, should also comply with other applicable *IAEA*, WHO, CIOMS and USNRC 10 CFR 35 standards as appropriate.
- 23.2 Responsibility. the license shall ensure that -
 - (a) no patient be administered a diagnostic or therapeutic medical exposure unless the exposure is prescribed by a medical practitioner:
 - (b) the concerned medical practitioners be assigned the primary task and obligation of ensuring overall patient protection and safety while prescribing and administering medical exposure;
 - (c) medical and paramedical personnel be available as required and health professionals or adequately trained manpower to conduct diagnosis or therapy as per the prescription of the medical practitioner are available;
 - (d) for therapeutic uses of *radiation*, the calibration, dosimetry and quality assurance requirements in pursuant to the *applicable standards* be conducted by or under the supervision of a *qualified expert* in radiotherapy physics; and
 - (e) the exposure of individuals incurred knowingly while voluntarily helping in the care, support or comfort of patients undergoing medical diagnosis or treatment shall be limited within 5 mSv during the whole treatment period and for the children visitor, such exposure shall be limited within 1 mSv.
- 23.5. Quality Assurance (Q.A.) of Imaging. the *licensee* shall ensure that for diagnostic use of radiation, the imaging and quality assurance (Q.A.) requirements of the standards be fulfilled with the advice of a *qualified expert* in either radiology, or nuclear medicine, or medical physics, as appropriate.
- 23.4. Information Requirement. the medical practitioner shall promptly inform the licensee of any deficiencies or needs regarding compliance with the standards with respect to radiation protection and safety of a patient and shall take such actions as may be appropriate to ensure radiation protection and safety of the patient.
- 23.5. Use of Guide. the medical practitioner shall take into account the appropriate standards in justifying each type of diagnostic examination by radiography, fluoroscopy or nuclear medicine.
- 23.6. Restriction. a radiological examination for occupational, legal or health insurance purposes undertaken without reference to clinical symptom is deemed to be not justified unless it is expected to provide useful information on the health of the individual examined or unless the specified type of examination is justified by those requesting it in consultation with relevant professional bodies.

- 23.7. Medical Research. the *exposure* of human for medical research is deemed to be not justified and permissible unless it is
 - (a) supported by the Holsinki Declaration stated in schedule XII or CIOMS or WHO:
 - (b) reviewed and approved by an ethical review committee; and
 - (c) a prior intimation is made to the commission.
- 23.8. Theft Detection. a radiological examination for theft detection purpose is deemed to be not justified; should it nonetheless be conducted, it shall not be considered as medical exposure but shall be subjected to the requirements for accupational and public exposure of the standards.
- 23.9. Systematic Radiological examination. a medical practitioner shall carry out radiological examination on any person only and only if there are clear clinical needs and important information of the person's health is expected to be obtained by such examination.

24. Operational Consideration

- 24.1. Responsibility of Licensee. the licensee shall ensure that the medical practitioner while prescribing or conducting radiological examination shall comply with the following operational aspects: -
 - (a) use of appropriate equipment;
 - (b) exposure of a patient shall be kept to the minimum in pursuant to the applicable standards and in consideration to the acceptable quality of imaging; and
 - (c) consideration of past relevant examination records in order to avoid unnecessary additional examinations.
- 24.2. Responsibility of Medical Staff. the medical practitioner, the technologist or other imaging staff select the following parameter, as relevant, such that their combination produce the minimum patient exposure consistent with acceptable image quality and the clinical purpose of the examination, paying particular attention to the selection of pediatric radiology and interventional radiology: -
 - (a) the area to be examined, the number and size of views per examination and the time per examination;
 - (b) the type of image receptor;
 - (e) the use of anti-scatter grids;
 - (d) proper collimation of the primary X-ray beam to minimize the volume of patient tissue being irradiated and to improve image quality;
 - (e) appropriate values of operational parameters;
 - (f). appropriate image storage techniques in dynamic imaging; and
 - (g) adequate image processing factors.
- 24.3. Condition for Portable and Mobile Equipment. portable and mobile radiological equipment should be used only for examinations where it is impractical or not medically acceptable to transfer patients to a stationary radiological installation and only after proper attention has been given to the radiation protection measures required for use.

- 24.4. Restriction for Pregnant Woman. —a radiological examination causing exposure to abdomen or pelvis of a woman, pregnant or likely to be pregnant, shall be avoided unless there are strong clinical reasons for such examination.
- 24.5. Restriction for Woman. any diagnostic examination of the abdomen or polvis of a woman of reproductive capacity shall be planned in such a way so as to deliver minimum dose to embryo or fetus that might exist.
- 24.6. Shielding Requirement. where feasible, shielding of radiosensitive organs, such as, gonads, lens of eye, breast and thyroid should be provided as appropriate.

25. Exposure from Radionuclide

- 25.1 Responsibility of Licensee. the *licensee*, in nuclear medicine *practice* shall ensure that the medical practitioners, who prescribe or conduct diagnostic applications of redionuclide, *shall*-
 - (a) ensure that the *exposure* of a patient be the minimum required to achieve the intended diagnostic objective;
 - (b) consider the relevant information from previous examination in order to avoid unnecessary additional examination; and
 - (c) consider the relevant guidance levels for medical exposures.
- 25.2. Quality of Exposure. the *licensee* shall ensure that the medical practitioners, the technologists or other imaging staffs, as appropriate, endeavor to achieve the minimum patient *exposure* consistent with acceptable image quality by -
 - (a) appropriate selection of the best available radiopharmaceutical and its activity, noting the special requirements for children and for patients with impaired organ function;
 - (b) use of applicable methods for blocking the uptake in organ not under study and for accelerated excretion when applicable; and
 - (c) appropriate image acquisition and processing.
- 25.3. Pregnant Woman. the *licensee* shall ensure that administration of radionuclides for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures to a woman, pregnant or likely to be pregnant, be avoided unless there are strong clinical indications.
- 25.4. Mother. the *licensee* shall ensure that for mothers in lactation, discontinuation of nursing be recommended until the radiopharmaccutical is no longer secreted in an amount estimated to give an unacceptable *effective dose* to the nursling.
- 25.5. Children. the *licensee* shall ensure that administration of radionuclides to children for diagnostic procedures be carried out only if there is a strong clinical indication, and that the *activity* administered be reduced according to body weight, body surface area or other appropriate criteria.

26. Therapeutic Exposure. - the license shall ensure that -

(a) the *exposure* of normal tissue during radiotherapy be kept as low as reasonably achievable consistent with delivering the required *dose* to planned target volume, and organ shielding be used where feasible and appropriate;

- (b) the radiotherapeutic procedures causing exposure of the abdomen or pelvis of a woman, pregnant or likely to be pregnant, be avoided unless there is strong clinical indication;
- (c) the administration of radionuclides for therapeutic procedures to a woman, pregnant or likely to be pregnant, or in lactation, be avoided unless there is strong clinical indication;
- (d) the therapeutic procedure for a pregnant woman be planned to deliver the minimum dose to the embryo or fetus; and
- (e) the patient be informed of the possible risks.

27. Calibration. - the licensee shall ensure that -

- (a) the calibration of a source used for medical exposure be traceable to secondary standards dosimetry laboratory;
- radiotherapy equipment be calibrated in terms of radiation quality or energy and either adsorbed dose or absorbed dose rate at a predefined distance under specified conditions;
- (c) a sealed radiation source used for brachytherapy be calibrated in terms of activity, reference air karma rate in air or absorbed dose rate in a specified medium, at a specified distance, for a specified reference date;
- (d) unsealed source for nuclear medicine procedures be calibrated in terms of activity of the radiopharmaceutical to be administered; and
- (e) the calibration be carried out at the time of commissioning of a unit and after any maintenance procedure that may have an effect on the dosimetry and at intervals approved by the rules.
- 28. Clinical Dosimetry. the *licensee*—shall ensure that the following items be determined and documented: -
 - (a) in a radiological examination, representative values for a typical sized adult patient, entrance surface doses, dose-area products, dose rates, exposure times and organ doses;
 - (b) for each patient treated with external beam radiotherapy equipment, the maximum and minimum adsorbed doses to the planned target volume;
 - (c) in brachytherapy treatment performed with sealed radiation source, the absorbed doses at selected relevant points of each patient;
 - (d) in diagnostic or treatment with unsealed source, representative absorbed doses to a patient; and
 - (e) in all radiotherapeutic treatments, the absorbed doses to the relevant organs.
- Quality Assurance (Q.A.) for Medical Exposure. the *licensee* shall ensure the compliance with the Q.A. requirements as per *applicable standards*.
- 30. **Guidance Level.** in the absence of wide-scale surveys, performance of diagnostic radiography and fluoroscopy equipment and of nuclear medicine equipment should be assessed on the basis of comparison with the guidance levels specified in schedule XII and these levels should not be regarded as a guide for ensuring optimum performance in all cases, as they are appropriate only for typical adult patients, and therefore, in applying the values in *practice*, account should be taken of body size and age.
- 31. **Dose Constrained.** in order to restrict the *exposure* of any member of the family of a patient who has undergone a therapeutic procedure with a *sealed* or unsealed *radiation*

source and member of the public, such as, a patient shall not be discharged from hospital before the activity of prescribed substance in the body falls below the level state in schedule — XII and written instructions to the patient concerning his contact with other person and relevant precautions for radiation protection shall be provided as necessary.

- 32. Maximum Activity in Therapeutic Patient Discharged from Hospital. the *licensee*—shall limit any *dose* to individuals to incurred knowingly as per the requirements of schedule XII(C).
- 33. Investigation of Accidental Medical Exposure. the licensee shall ensure the compliance with investigation requirements as per the applicable standards of an accidental medical exposure.
- 34. Record of Medical Exposure. the licensee shall keep the following records of medical exposure for a period specified by the rules and shall make available, when required, :-
 - (a) for diagnostic radiology. necessary information to allow retrospective dose assessment, including the number of exposure and the duration of fluoroscopic examinations:
 - (b) for nuclear medicine. types of radio-pharmaceuticals administered and their activities;
 - (c) for radiation therapy. a description of the planned target volume, the *dose* to the center of the planned target volume, the *dose* to the other relevant organs, the *dose* fractionation and the overall treatment time:
 - (d) the exposure of the volunteers in medical research; and
 - (e) the result of the calibration and periodic checks of the relevant physical and clinical parameters selected during treatments.
- 35. **Training and Experience Requirements.** the *licensee*, should fulfill the training and experiences requirements of personnel as specified in schedulc–IX, as appropriate, for the use of *radioactive material* in medical *practice*.

Chapter VII Public Exposure

- 36. **General Information.** the *licensee*, in addition to those requirements mentioned specifically in this chapter, shall comply, as appropriate, with the requirements stated in other chapters, of the *rules* and the *applicable standards*.
- 37. **Dose Limit for Public Exposure.** the *licensee*, shall ensure that the *exposure* of *members* of the public attributable to the practice shall not exceed the following limits:--
 - (a) an effective dose of 1 mSv in a year;
 - (b) in special circumstances, an *effective dose* up to 5 mSv in a single year; provided that the average *dose* over the consecutive five years does not exceed 1 mSv per year;
 - (c) an equivalent dose to the lens of the eye of 15 mSv in a year; and
 - (d) an equivalent dose to the skin of 15 mSv in a year.

38. Control of Visitor. - the licensee shall -

 (a) ensure that the visitors be accompanied in any controlled area by a person knowledgeable about radiation protection and safety measures for that area;

(b) provide adequate information and instructions to the visitors before they enter into a controlled area so as to ensure appropriate protection of the visitors and other individuals who may be affected by their actions; and

(c) ensure that adequate control over entry of visitors to a *supervised area* be maintained and that the appropriate signs are posted in such areas.

39. Radioactive Contamination in Enclosed Space. - the licensee shall ensure that -

(a) for the *source* for which he is responsible, measures are optimized in accordance with the requirements of the standards, as appropriate, for restricting *public exposure* to *contamination* in areas accessible to *members of the public*; and

(b) specific containment provisions be established for the construction and operation of a source that may cause spread of contamination in areas accessible to the members of the

public.

40. Radiation and Environmental Monitoring. - the licensee shall, if applicable, -

 (a) establish and carry out a radiation monitoring programme sufficient to ensure that the requirements of the standards regarding public exposure to a source of external radiation be satisfied and assess such exposure;

(b) establish and carry out an efficient environmental monitoring programme in order to

ensure the following conditions: --

- (i) compliance with the standards for discharging radioactive material to the environment;
- (ii) compliance with the requirements established by the *rules* in guarantying discharging authority;
- (iii) capability of estimating the exposure to critical group and validating the conditions assumed in deriving the authorized limit;
- (c) keep appropriate records of the results of the radiation and environmental monitoring programmes;
- (d) report a summary of the monitoring results to the commission at approved intervals:
- (e) inform immediately the commission of any significant increase in environmental radiation or contamination that might be attributed to the radiation beam or radioactive discharge from the source under his responsibility;
- (f) establish and maintain a capability to carry out emergency radiation and environmental monitoring, in case of unexpected increase in radiation fields and radioactive contemination due to accidental or other unusual incidents affecting the source under his responsibility;
- (g) verify the adequacy of the assumptions made for the prior assessment of radiological consequences of the discharges; and
- (h) forward a copy of the report mentioned in rules 40.(d) &40.(e) to the Department of Environment.

41. Radionuclide Contamination Level in Food Item, Beverage and Fodder

- 41.1. Restriction. no person shall import, store, process for marketing, sell or offer to sell any food item, beverage or fodder for consumption of poultry, fish or cattle, agricultural input like fertilizer and pesticides in which the radioactive contamination is more than the levels specified in schedule XIII.
- 41.2. Requirement for Application. no person shall apply to the Chief Controller of Import and Export for any import of food item, beverage, fodder or agriculture input unless he produces along with his application a certificate from the relevant authority of the country of origin showing that the radionuclide levels in the item are not exceeding than those specified in schedule XIII.
- 41.3. Radioactivity Testing of Imported Food item. the *commission* shall examine the *radioactivity levels* of all imported foods on payment of the fees by the importer specified in schedule VIII.1(a) and by drawing samples in a manner stated in schedule VIII.1(b).
- 41.4. Re-export of Contaminated item. notwithstanding the certificate provided by the relevant authority of the exporting country, if upon testing, the sample is found to contain radioactivity exceeding the levels stated in schedule XIII, the exporter shall be obliged to export the entire consignment of the said stock to the exporting country forthwith at his own cost.
- 42. Consumer Product. a person may supply consumer product capable of causing exposure to radiation to the members of the public, if
 - (a) such exposure is excluded from the applicable standards;
 - (b) such products meet the exemption requirements specified in schedule I or have been exempted by the commission; or
 - (c) such products are authorized by the commission for the use by the members of the public.

Chapter VIII Potential, Emergency and Chronic Exposures

43. **Responsibility.** – the *licensee* shall ensure the safety of the *source* including the installation under his responsibility and shall comply with the *applicable standards*.

44. Safety Analysis. -

- the licensee shall, as applicable, include the following matters in the safety analysis of the practice: -
 - (a) the nature and magnitude of a potential exposure and the likelihood of its occurrence;
 - (b) the limits and technical specifications for operation of the source;
 - (c) the ways by which the structure, system, component and procedure related to radiation protection or safety may fail, singly or combinedly or otherwise lead to potential exposure, and the consequence of such failure;

- (d) the ways by which the radiation protection or safety may be affected due to changes in the environment;
- (e) the ways by which operating procedures related to radiation protection or safety may be erroneous, and the consequences of such errors:
- the influence of any proposed modification on radiation protection and safety measures;
- (g) the factors which may accelerate a substantial release of any radioactive material and measures available to prevent or control such a release, and the maximum activity of any radioactive material which, in the event of a major failure of the containment, may be released to the atmosphere:
- (h) the factors which may accelerate a smaller but continuous release of any radioactive material and the measures available to prevent or control such a release;
- the factors which may give rise to the unintended operation of any radiation beam and the measures available to prevent, identify and control such occurrences; and
- (j) the extent to which redundant and diverse safety features, being independent of each other in such a way that failure of one does not result in the failure of any other, are appropriate in order to restrict the probability and magnitude of potential exposure.
- (2) the *licensee*, notwithstanding the safety measures implemented in rule 44.(1), shall perform reanalysis independently and review in pursuant to the relevant quality assurance (QA) programme to ensure that the followings, as applicable, technical guidance and their specifications are being fulfilled:—
 - (a) when a significant modification to a source or its associate plant or its operating or maintenance procedures are envisaged;
 - (b) when operating experience, other information about accidents, failures, errors or other events that lead to potential exposure indicates that the existing analysis are invalid; and
 - (c) when any significant change to a practice, or any relevant change in guides or standards, are envisaged or have been carried out.
- 45. Documentation of Safety Analysis. the *licensee*, shall document the safery analysis review.
- 46. Prevention of Accidents and Mitigation of Their Consequences. the licensee, shall ensure that -
 - (1) any accident, occurrence or incident that may reasonably be foreseen in connection with the source or practice shall be prevented as far as practicable;
 - (2) the consequences of any accident, occurrence or incident that may reasonably be foreseen in connection with the source or practice shall be contained;
 - (3) the worker shall be provided with the necessary information, training and equipment;
 - (4) adequate procedures shall be ensured for the control of a source and of any potential accident that could reasonably be foreseen;
 - (5) regular inspection and testing of safety significant systems, components and equipment that may cause to abnormal conditions or inadequate performance are carried out;

- (6) appropriate maintenance, inspection and testing procedures shall be carried out in order to maintain the safety and protection requirements without causing undue occupational exposure;
- (7) an automatic system, as appropriate, shall be provided for safely stopping or reducing radiation output from the source in the event that the operating limits are exceeded; and
- (8) quick information indicating monitoring system shall be installed to detect and rectify unusual operational conditions which may influence the safety system seriously.
- Investigation and Follow-up. the licensee shall conduct formal investigations as specified by the rules, if –
 - (a) an operating parameter related to radiation protection or safety exceeds an investigation level or is beyond the stipulated range of operating conditions; and
 - (b) any equipment failure, accident, error, mishap or other unusual event or circumstance occurs which has the potential to exceed any relevant radiation *limit* or operating restriction.
- 48. Accident Management Preparedness. the licensee shall be prepared to take necessary action for responding to possible accident and operational problem involving a source.
- 49. Emergency Exposure Situation. the *commission* will prepare and carry out appropriate emergency plan to determine the respective responsibilities of the *commission*. District Administration. Environment Directorate, other intervening organizations and the *licensee* in an emergency situation.
- 50. Chronic Exposure Situation. the commission will plan appropriate steps and advise the Government to allocate responsibilities for the management of interventions in chronic exposure situations, among the commission, Government and local intervening organizations and the licensees.

Chapter IX Operational Exposure Control

- 51. **General Information.** the *licensee* shall be obligated to comply with the requirements of this chapter and other chapters of the *rules*, as applicable to him.
- 52. Operational Requirement. the licensee, himself, shall conduct the operation of the source and may delegate certain specific tasks to others but in all cases shall ensure that
 - (a) all operations are conducted in a manner consistent with the requirement of applicable standards;
 - (b) clear lines of responsibility and accountability of protection and safety of the source throughout their operational lifetime and protection and safety organization, as appropriate, are established;
 - (c) for any source under his control that has the potential to give rise to exposure at levels greater than those specified by the rules requiring a specific safety analysis are assessed and such assessment are kept up to date;
 - (d) the likely consequence of any potential exposure, its magnitude and probability of occurrence, and the number of person who may be affected by it are assessed;

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- (e) operating procedures that are subject to periodic review and updating under an adequate quality assurance (Q.A.) programme are maintained:
- (f) procedures for reporting and learning from accidents, occurrence and incidents are established;
- (g) arrangements for the periodic review of the overall effectiveness of the protection and safety measures are established; and
- (h) adequate maintenance, testing, inspection and servicing be carried out as needed are ensured so that the source remain capable of meeting its design requirements for protection and safety throughout its lifetime.
- 53. Source Accountability. the licensee shall maintain an accountability system that includes the following records:-
 - (a) the location and description of each source; and
 - (b) the activity and form of each radioactive substance.
- 54. Radiation Control Officer (RCO). a licensee or an employer shall designate with the approval of the commission, either himself or a qualified person in his employment as Radiation Control Officer for each of his irradiation installation.
- 54.1. Duty of Radiation Control Officer. duties of radiation control officer are to -
 - (a) handle and apply safely the radioactive material, nuclear material and irradiating apparatus;
 - (b) formulate the necessary radiation protection working procedures in respect to the practice leading to radiation exposure;
 - (c) establish a system of physical surveillance of radiation exposure and contamination through adequate procedures and practice;
 - (d) organize the radiation monitoring programme for routine and special monitoring;
 - instruct the radiation workers on hazards of radiation and on safety measures and practices to minimize exposure and contamination;
 - (f) take all necessary steps to ensure that the operational limits are not exceeded;
 - (g) organize the safe transport, storage and disposal of all radioactive materials including waste containing radioactive material in such a way as it conforms to the conditions specified by the commission;
 - (h) make arrangements for testing and calibrating all monitoring instruments;
 - (i) ensure that records are up-to-date;
 - (j) ensure that the quality assurance of radiation monitoring programme is maintained;
 - (k) investigate and initiate prompt and suitable remedial actions in respect to any situation that may cause radiation hazards;
 - ensure that the reports on all hazardous situations along with details of any immediate remedial actions taken are made available to the licensee immediately;
 - (m) control access of people, other than those involved in the work, to any area where practice involving radiation are being conducted; and
 - in the event of spillage of any radioactive material resulting in personnel, surface or airborne contamination –
 - -(1) take steps to arrange for the immediate decontamination of the affected person;

- (2) take necessary steps to prevent further spreading of contamination;
- (3) take an immediate decontamination measure in an affected area; and
- (4) inform the commission immediately of the details of the accident and remedial actions initiated, if any.
- 54.2. Qualification of RCO. the authorized radiation control officer shall have -
 - (a) the educational qualification and training approved by the *commission* to conduct his duty;
 - (b) to be certified by the commission; and
 - (c) to be retrained, if necessary.

55. Classification of Working Area

- 55.1. General Information. the *licensee* shall classify the working areas into the following classes:-
 - (i) controlled area; and
 - (ii) supervised area.
- 55.2 Requirement. the *licensee* shall, in pursuant to the *applicable standards* and *guides*, establish the *controlled area* and the *supervised area*, and ensure that
 - the supervised and controlled areas are clearly demarcated and radiation warning signs bearing the radiation symbols prescribed in schedule – XVI are conspicuously posted in strategic places;
 - (b) the notices shall be in Bangla and in English, if necessary;
 - (c) operating instructions relevant to the supervised and the controlled areas are posted conspicuously in strategic places;
 - (d) no person shall enter into a controlled area unless he has been assigned to the area or has been authorized to enter into the area; and
 - (e) every person who has been given access to the supervised and the controlled areas shall comply with the prevailing instructions applicable for such areas.

56. Monitoring and Surveillance of Controlled and Supervised Areas

- Monitoring Programme. the licensee shall establish area monitoring programme in supervised area and controlled area as per applicable standards.
- 56.2. Requirement of Monitoring Programme. the *licensee* shall include the following factors in the area monitoring programme: -
 - (a) the assessment of external radiation levels at all appropriate locations;
 - (b) the assessment of levels of radioactive contamination at all appropriate locations; and
 - (c) the assessment of radiation risks associated with the accident and emergency situations.
- 56.3. Period of Monitoring. the licensee shall carry out area monitoring periodically and whenever there are changes in the processes or equipment which are likely to result in changes exposure situations.

- 56.4. Review of Monitoring Programme. the licensee shall review the area monitoring programme periodically in the light of experience and also in the event of any major modifications carried out to the installation or practice.
- 57. Monitoring and Surveillance of the Environment. the *licensee* shall ensure that the surveillance programme for the environment shall include the following:-
 - (a) compliance with the authorized limits:
 - (b) assessment of potential exposure of members of the public from the source under consideration;
 - (c) evaluation of trends of exposure levels in the environment;
 - (d) monitoring of the source, environmental pathways and the critical group and the preoperational studies; and
 - (e) appropriate maintenance of the records of the measurements of external exposure and radioactive contamination and the estimates of doses received by the population.

58. Personnel Monitoring in Controlled Area

- Requirement. the licensee shall carry out personnel monitoring of all workers in a controlled area.
- 58.2. External Exposure. -- the *licensee* shall measure routinely the *doses* received by each *person* working in *controlled area* from *external exposure*.
- 58.3. Internal Exposure. -- the *licensee* shall evaluate the *doses* received from internal *exposure* as per *applicable standard*.
- 58.4. Frequency of Assessment. the licensee shall -
 - (a) pursue the frequency of assessment of internal and external exposure stated in rules 58.2 and 58.3 as fixed by the commission; and
 - (b) conduct immediate assessment if it appears that a worker received sudden or accidental exposure or intakes radioactive material or prescribed substance as an outcome of an accident.

Exposure Record

- 59.1 Exposure Record of a Worker, the licensee, in case of exposure record of a worker, shall-
 - (a) collect the exposure record of a worker while appointing him as a radiation worker and in such cases the former employer shall supply the exposure record of the worker upon requested by the licensee; and
 - (b) record doses received by a worker during normal operation, planned special exposure and accidental and emergency exposure together but these shall be distinguishable.
- Record-Keeping Procedure. the commission may provide record-keeping procedures for keeping records of exposure of workers who work in controlled areas under different licensees.

- 60. Personnel Monitoring Result. the licensee shall inform each worker, in writing, of the worker's personal monitoring result and the status of radiation exposure not later than 30 (thirty) days from the date the result is available.
- 61. Retention of Personnel Monitoring Result. the licensee shall retain personnel monitoring result and shall take into account the following steps for its retention:
 - (a) in the case exposure where the annual dose limits are exceeded, the licensee shall submit the personnel monitoring result to approved registered medical practitioner who shall interpret their implications to the health of the concerned worker;

(b) when a worker occupationally receives an abnormal exposure exceeding twice the annual dose limit the licensee shall ensure that such worker undergoes a medical review by the approved registered medical practitioner; and

(c) whenever an accident or emergency occurs, the licensee shall ensure that the results of personnel monitoring are submitted to the approved registered medical practitioner immediately.

62. Abnormal Exposure

- 62.1. Duty During Abnormal Exposure. in case of an abnormal exposure, the licensee shall -
 - (a) investigation. carry out an investigation as per applicable standards and guides to determine the circumstances in which the excess exposure occurred or is suspected to have occurred; and
 - (b) notification. notify the commission of all accidental and emergency exposures within 24(twenty four) hours after such accidental and emergency exposures.
- 62.2. Report. the *licensee* shall submit to the *commission* a written report on all *accidental* and *emergency exposures* within 30(thirty) days after such an exposure and such report shall contain, as appropriate, the followings:
 - (a) detail information on time, date and place of occurrence;
 - (b) the results of investigation:
 - (c) a description of the material involved, including its kind and quantity, and its chemical and physical forms;
 - (d) the result of the dose assessment of the individuals exposed or likely to have been exposed and a description of the circumstances under which the exposure might have been received:
 - (e) the result of the preliminary environmental assessment;
 - (f) a description of the actions which have been taken, or will be taken, to control any
 potential hazard arising from the occurrence;
 - (g) a description of the procedures or measures which have been adopted or will be adopted to prevent the recurrence of such exposure;
 - (h) any other information which the licensee deems necessary; and
 - (i) the licensee shall forward a copy of the report to the Department of Environment.
- 63. **Prohibition on Employment of a Worker**. the *licensee* shall not employ a *person* as radiation worker if the latter is found medically unfit to be a radiation worker.

64. Condition of Service

- 64.1. Restriction for a Person Age Below 16. no person or licensee shall employ a worker of age less than 16 years in a place where the latter likely to have been exposed occupationally.
- 64.2. Restriction for a Person Age Between 16 18 years. no person or licensee shall permit a person aged between 16 18 years in a controlled area except for the purpose of training only and in such case the work shall be done under appropriate supervision.

65. Pre-Employment Medical Examination

- 65.1. Requirement. the *licensee* shall undergo pre-employment medical examination of every person who is to be employed in a supervised or controlled area.
- 65.2. Content, a pre-employment medical examination mentioned in the rule 65.1 shall include an inquiry into the *person's* medical history including all known previous *exposures* to radiation resulting either from his previous employment or from previous medical examination or treatment or both, and shall also include any clinical or other investigations which may be necessary to determine his general state of health.
- 66. General Health Surveillance. the *licensee* shall ensure that an *approved registered* medical practitioner is given access to the working premises and to any information which such approved registered medical practitioner may require in order to ascertain the state of health of the worker under surveillance.

67. Periodic Review of Health

- 67.1. Requirement. the *licensee*, unless mentioned otherwise in the *licence*, shall ensure that health of a worker is reviewed in every two years to determine whether such worker remains fit to perform his duties.
- 67.2. Period of Surveillance. the frequency of the periodic reviews of health provided by the *licensee* mentioned in rule 67.1 shall depend on type and extent of *exposure* to radiation and on the individual worker's state of health.
- 67.3. Time Limit. the *licensee*, notwithstanding mentioned in the *rules*, shall make arrangement to review the state of health of a worker at least once in five years for a worker in a *supervised area*, once in two years for a worker in a *controlled area* and more frequently if the worker's *exposure* conditions and the state of health so require.

68. Medical Examination at Termination of Employment or Retirement

68.1 Requirement. – the *licensee* shall make arrangement for medical examination of every worker at the termination of employment or retirement and such medical examination shall be carried out by an *approved registered medical practitioner* who shall indicate, based on his examination of the worker, whether the medical surveillance of the worker is required to be continued after the termination of employment or retirement.

- 68.2 Period of Surveillance. the *licensee* shall continue, as deem necessary, the surveillance of a worker after the termination of employment or retirement as per the result of the medical examination mentioned in rule 68.1 in order to safeguard the health of the concerned worker.
- 69. Medical Supervision. the licensee, where occupationally related radiation induced diseases of a worker is suspected, shall provide medical supervision as appropriate.
- 70. Authority of an Approved Registered Medical Practitioner. an approved registered medical practitioner shall have the following authorities: --
 - (a) to declare a worker temporarily unfit for his normal duties;
 - (b) to advise the licensee to reinstate such a worker in his normal duties; and
 - (c) to advise the licensee to transfer the worker to other duties.
- 71. **Payment of Medical Expense.** the *licensee* shall provide all necessary expenses in relating to medical examination and treatment of worker.
- Special Medical Examination. the licensee shall provide special medical examination for the workers who have received doses exceeding the limits stated in the rules.
- 73. Contingency Provision for Health Care of Worker. the licensee, in addition to periodic reviews of health and special medical examination stated in the rules, shall make contingency provisions to enable further examination or decontamination measures or urgent remedial treatment to be undertaken as considered necessary by an approved registered medical practitioner.
- 74. Worker to be Informed of Conclusion of Medical Examination. where an approved registered medical practitioner carries out any medical examination on a worker, he shall inform the worker of the conclusions derived from such medical examination.
- 75. Maintenance of Medical Record of Worker
- 75.1. Requirement. the licensee shall retain the medical record of each worker appropriately as per the requirement of the rules.
- 75.2. Content of Medical Record. the medical record of a worker to be documented by the *licensee* shall include the followings: --
 - (a) general information of a worker exposed to radiation, and the type of radiation involved
 - (b) the results of pre-employment medical examination;
 - (c) doses received during normal operation and planned special exposure;
 - (d) potential exposure and during accidental and emergency exposures;
 - (e) radiation exposure history for a worker who has worked in controlled areas under different licensees; and
 - (i) the results of medical examinations at the termination of employment or retirement.
- 75.3. Confidentiality. the medical record of a worker is confidential and every *person* who has access to it shall maintain the confidentiality of the record.

- 75.4. Period of Retention. the *licensee* shall keep the medical record of a worker for a period of 30 (thirty) years after the termination of his employment or retirement or till attaining 70(seventy) years of age; after which the *licensee* shall transfer the record to the *commission*.
- 75.5. Transfer of Record. the *licensee* shall transfer the medical records of his workers to the commission as per rule 75.4 or after exemption from his licensed responsibility.
- 75.6. Special Case. notwithstanding rules 75.4 and 75.5, where a *licensee* ceases his operations and another *licensee* takes over the operation, the former *licensee* shall transfer all medical records of the workers to the new *licensee*.
- 75.7. Level of Recording. the licensee shall establish recording levels, investigation levels and intervention levels, where appropriate, and such levels shall be subjected to the approval of the commission.
- 75.8. Recording Requirement. the licensee shall record all values at or above the recording level.
- Operational Limit. the licensee shall establish operational limits which shall be subjected to the approval of the commission.

77. Emergency Response Plan

- 77.1. Requirement. the *licensee* shall establish, in pursuant to *applicable standards*, an emergency response plan to deal with every foreseeable emergency.
- 77.2. Approval of Emergency Response Plan. every emergency response plan mentioned in rule 77.1 shall be subjected to the approval of *commission*.
- 77.3. Contents of Emergency Response Plan. an emergency response plan, as appropriate, shall include, among others, the followings: -
 - (a) an emergency organization;
 - (b) an outline of the lines of communication with the appropriate authority and relevant public authorities;
 - (c) a classification of emergencies:
 - (d) measures to be taken during an emergency:
 - (e) actions to be taken subsequent to the emergency:
 - (f) the intervention levels for different emergency situations; and
 - (g) a list and description of the equipment necessary for the use during an emergency; etc.

78. Training

- 78.1. Requirement. the licensee shall ensure that every worker is -
 - (a) informed of the potential health risks involved in his job;
 - (b) instructed about the precautions to be taken, and
 - (c) given appropriate training on radiation protection relevant to his duties.
- 78.2. Retraining. the *licensee* shall provide appropriate, if necessary, retraining and facilities for updating the skills and knowledge of the workers.

 Protective Measure, Device and Instrument. – the licensee shall ensure that all protective measures, devices and instruments are in good working condition as per the requirement of the rules.

80. Control of release

- 80.1. Limit for Release. the commission shall specify the *limit* for release as per the requirement of the applicable standard.
- 80.2. Conditions for Release Limit. the *licensee*, while complying the release *limit*, shall take into consideration the following information:-
 - (a) the results of pre-operational environmental monitoring conducted for a period of not less than twelve months;
 - (b) the critical pathways:
 - (c) the critical groups of the population; and
 - (d) assessment of the radiation exposure to members of the public resulting from the release.
- Effluent Monitoring. the licensee shall determine the quantity of effluent and keep proper accounting of and radioactive material, nuclear material and prescribed substance discharged.
- 80.4. Complementary Monitoring. the *licensee* shall complement effluent monitoring as per the manner directed by the *commission*.
- 81. **Protection of Licensed Material**. the *licensee* shall take appropriate measures to protect all radioactive materials, nuclear materials, prescribed substances, irradiating apparatus and facilities to prevent theft or sabotage.

82. Notification of Theft and loss

- 82.1. Requirement. the *licensee*, upon discovering any theft or loss of material mentioned in rule 81, shall
 - (a) notify the commission of such theft or loss within 24 hours; and
 - (b) submit a complete report of the theft or loss to the commission within 30 days.
- 82.2. Content of Report. the report to be submitted by the *licensee* mentioned in 82.1(b) shall contain the followings: -
 - (a) a description of the licensed apparatus, substance or material used, including its kind, quantity and its chemical and physical forms, as appropriate:
 - (b) a description of the circumstances under which the loss or theft occurred;
 - a statement of the whereabouts or probable whereabouts of the licensed apparatus, substance or material used;
 - (d) the possible radiation exposure to individual, circumstances under which the exposure might have occurred, and the extent of potential hazard to members of the public;

- (e) the actions which have been taken, or will be taken, to recover the licensed apparatus, substance, or material;
- (f) the procedures or measures which have been or will be adopted to prevent a recurrence of the loss or theft of the licensed apparatus, substance or material; and
- (2) any other information which the licensee deems necessary.

83. Responsibility of a worker

- 83.1. General Information. every worker -
 - (a) shall follow all instructions, rules and procedures issued by the *licensee* and refrain from careless and reckless practices or actions that might result unnecessary exposure to himself or to his fellow workers;
 - (b) shall use, as instructed, all facilities, devices and protective equipment provided by the *licensee* to *limit* any possible *exposure*;
 - (c) shall use approved personnel monitoring devices provided by the licensee for assessing exposure;
 - (d) shall not interfere with, remove, alter or displace any safety device or other equipment furnished for his protection or the protection of others, or interfere with any method or process adopted for the control of exposure to radiation; unless duly authorized and shall take all reasonable precautions to prevent damage to such equipment and to keep it in a good operating condition;
 - (e) shall report immediately about all accidental exposures or intakes or any suspected exposure or intake of radioactive material, nuclear material or prescribed substance to his supervisor or the radiation control officer;
 - (f) shall report immediately about any damage or malfunction of any safety equipment to his supervisor or the *radiation control officer*; and
 - (g) shall report suspected pregnancy at the earliest knowledge, to the employer or to an approved medical practitioner.
- 83.2. Special Condition. the notification of pregnancy shall not be considered a reason to exclude a female worker from work; however, the *licensee* shall adapt the working conditions of a female worker who has notified pregnancy with respect to *occupational exposure*, in order to ensure that the embryo or fetus be afforded the same broad level of protection as required by the *members of the public*.
- 84. Co-operation between Employer and Licensee. the employer (where different from the *licensee*) and the *licensee* shall, for the sake of control, safety, the operation of radiological health surveillance and for the *dose* assessment programmes,
 - (a) provide each other such necessary information of their past and current work as are relevant to ensure effective and comprehensive protection and safety:
 - (b) abstain from any willful action that may put themselves or others in a situation that may contravene the requirements stated by the *rules*; and
 - (c) adopt such information, instruction and training concerning protection and safety as will enable them to conduct their work in accordance with the requirements of the applicable standards.

- 85. **Report.** the *licensee* shall supply the following information, as applicable, to the *commission* according to the latter's requirements:-
 - (a) area monitoring;
 - (b) environmental monitoring;
 - (c) effluent monitoring;
 - (d) accidental and emergency exposure;
 - (e) operational procedures, instructions and manuals;
 - (f) personnel monitoring;
 - (g) training programmes;
 - (h) physical protection measures;
 - (i) a report by approved registered medical practitioners;
 - (j) an emergency response plan; and
 - (k) other reports and records which the commission deems necessary.

Chapter X Transportation of Radioactive Material and Waste Management

86. Transportation of Radioactive Material

- 86.1. General Requirement. the *licensee* shall comply with the requirements of the *IAEA* safety series No 6 as amended in 1990, and other *applicable standards* stated in schedule IX for the safe transportation of radioactive materials and radioactive wastes.
- 86.2. Information to Commission.- the *licensee* shall provide the *commission* with the required information as specified in the *licence* before the transportation of any consignment of *radioactive material*, *nuclear material* or any *prescribed substance* and their waste at least 30 (thirty) days prior to the scheduled date of transportation of the same.
- 86.3. Other Applicable Rules. the *licensee* and the vehicle shall comply with all other applicable transportation rules and regulations enforced by the Government from time to time.

87. Radioactive Waste Management. - the licensee -

- (1) shall comply with the following requirements for radioactive waste management :--
 - (a) the requirements of the applicable safety series published under the *LAEA* Radwass Programme;
 - (b) activity and volume of any radioactive waste that results from the source for which they are responsible be kept to the minimum practicable;
 - (c) the waste be collected, transported, stored and disposed of, in accordance with the requirements of the applicable standards: and
 - (d) segregate, and treat separately if appropriate, different types of radioactive waste where warranted by differences in factor, such as radionuclide content, half-life, concentration, volume and physical and chemical properties, taking into account the available options for waste disposal; and
- (2) shall not dispose of licensed material without the approval of the commission.

Chapter XI Bangladesh / IAEA / International and Bilateral Agreements

- 88. **Bangladesh IAEA Agreement.** each *person* shall comply with the requirements, as applicable, of the following agreements and conventions signed between the government and the *IAEA*:
 - (a) Non Proliferation Treaty 1979, (Convention on Physical Protection of Nuclear Materials) and the Subsidiary Safeguards Arrangements signed under this instrument for a particular facility;
 - (b) the Convention on Early Notification of a Nuclear Accident 1986;
 - (c) the Convention on Assistance in the Case of Nuclear Accident or Radiological emergency 1986;
 - (d) the Convention on Nuclear Safety 1996; and
 - (e) any other Convention or treaty which may be signed between the government and the *IAEA*.
- 89. **Bangladesh USA Agreement.** each *person*, as applicable, shall comply with the requirements of Bangladesh USA agreement on Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy 1980.
- 90. Other Agreements. each *person* shall comply with the requirements, as applicable, of any other bilateral and international agreement that may be signed between the government and a state or an international agency.

Chapter XII Enforcement

91. Inspection

- 91.1. Objective. the *commission* shall, in order to verify compliance with the *rules* and licensed conditions or any actions under the scope of the *rules*, conduct inspections by a *person* duly authorized by it.
- 91.2. Type and Frequency of Inspection. the inspection may either be announced or unannounced, the frequency of inspection will be decided by the *commission* depending on the nature of the *practice* and its performances.
- 91.3. Appointment of Inspector. the commission vide section 8 of the Act may appoint -
 - (a) one or more inspector(s) for enforcing different provisions of the *rules* and licensed conditions; and
 - (b) one or more inspector(s) may be designated for a particular facility, a geographical or an administrative area or for a specific purpose to be specified by the commission.
- 91.4. Duty of the Inspector. an inspector shall -
 - (a) carry with him a valid identity card showing such designation and a document of his accrediting to a facility located within a geographical or an administrative area, issued by the *commission* and if necessary, he shall show the identity card to a *person* authorized by the facility and also be obliged to produce, on demand, the identity card to the representative of the law enforcing agencies; and

- (b) send a report immediately to the *commission*, if during an inspection, he comes to the conclusion that any condition of any *licence* is being violated or will be violated, and shall mention in the said report if any harm is caused to the personnel exposed to radiation, the public health or property or environment or if there is any apprehension of such harm due to violation of the conditions as aforesaid.
- 91.5. Power of Inspector. an inspector -
 - (a) may, in order to verify that the rules and conditions of the *licence* are being properly complied with, enter into any place, house, premise or vehicle and may conduct inspection and investigation:
 - (b) may, in order to verify that the nuclear safety conditions, *limits* and *doses or* ionizing radiation are being complied with, collect related documents, equipment or materials or their samples for analysis and may demand necessary information form the *person(s)* concerned; and
 - (c) may direct the *licensee* to take necessary measures in order to ensure the safety of the public health, property and environment as per the provisions of the *rules*.
- 91.6. Assistance to Inspector. a *licensee* or any other *person* acting on his behalf shall permit inspection without any hindrance by the authorized inspector of the *commission*, of his records, information, premises, areas, activities of licensed materials in possession or use, any matters related to *licensee* or *licensee* issued at different stages and shall extend assistance to collect samples as may be necessary to implement the *rules*.
- 91.7. Power to Demand Certain Record. the *commission*, in order to verify or assess, may demand all relevant records which may have been maintained by any person prior to the enforcement of the *rules*.
- 91.8. Violation. failure to comply with the requirements of the *rules* shall be considered as a violation and such failures shall include the followings:
 - (a) failure or delay in providing the required assistance to an inspector:
 - (b) willful or attempted breach or conspiracy to breach any of the applicable requirements of the standards;
 - (c) failure to comply with the applicable *dose* and *operational limits* and conditions of the *licence*;
 - (d) failure to report within the specified time frame required by the rules:
 - (e) willful concealment of the pertinent information; and
 - (f) reporting of false information.
- 91.9. Cancellation of Licence. based on the report of an inspector or on receiving information or otherwise if the *commission* is of the opinion that a *person* has violated any of the requirements mentioned in rule 7, or it apprehends that the operation of a facility or device may cause harm to the workers, or the *members of public* or to the environment, the *commission* may, vide section 9 of the *Act*
 - (a) direct as deemed appropriate, the concerned *person* to comply with the conditions properly and take appropriate *remedial actions*:

- (b) direct as deemed appropriate, the concerned person to stop the activities of the licence subject to taking necessary remedial measures to ensure safety of health, property and environment;
- (c) cancel the licence after giving an opportunity of showing cause to the accused licensee;
 and
- (d) refer the matter to the court of law vide sections 13 of the Act.
- 92. **Appeal.** if a *person* is aggrieved due to the cancellation of his *licence*, he may appeal to the government within 30 (thirty) days of receipt of the order of cancellation of *licence* and the decision of the government in response to the appeal shall be final.
- 93. Intervention. in order to avert public *dose* from the consequence of an *accident* or in *chronic exposure* situations the *commission* may intervene and take appropriate action and while taking such action the following principles shall be followed:
 - (a) the proposed intervention shall do more good than harm;
 - (b) the form, scale and duration of the intervention shall be optimized so that the net benefit is maximized and the intervention should be flexible and modified according to the specific circumstances of the intervention situation; and
 - (c) in a nuclear or radiation emergency, applicable standards will be followed as far as practicable.

94. Emergency Rectification Measure

- 94.1. Requirement. if it appears to the *commission* on the basis of any information received or result of any investigation that the radiation *dose* level in any place is dangerous to the people, animal, property or environment of that place, it shall inform the Department of Environment (DoE) of the matter and, if necessary, through notification, issue the following instructions:
 - (a) for removal of person, animals or properties from that place; and
 - (b) for destruction of the animals or properties contaminated with radioactivity, within the period specified in such notification.
- 94.2. Power to Act. the Deputy Commissioner or any other authority empowered by the government may take steps to implement the instructions of such notification and, if necessary, may apply reasonable force as and when any person fails or neglects to comply with the instructions of the commission within the time mentioned in the notification under rule 94.1.
- 94.3. Restriction of Entry. no *person* shall enter into the place specified in rule 94.1 without the permission of the Deputy Commissioner, unless the *commission* orders otherwise and in case a *person* enters into the place or tries to enter into it, he shall be ousted from the place, by the order of the Deputy Commissioner, if necessary, by applying force.
- 94.4. Immunity from Legal Claim. if a *person* is affected as a consequence of the actions taken under the *rules*, he cannot claim any compensation for it from the *commission*. Deputy Commission or official, or employee of the Government or the commission.

- 95. Offence and Penalty. any person who violates or contravenes any of the provisions of the rules or any of the terms and conditions of licence issued hereunder shall be punishable as provided under sections 11 and 12 of the Act.
- 96. Disposal Order by the Court
- 96.1. Disposal of Confiscated Material. if a person is convicted by the court of an offence under the Act which was committed in respect of radioactive material, nuclear substance, irradiation apparatus, and the court passes an order for such radioactive material, nuclear substance, radiation apparatus, contaminated food item, beverage, fodder or agricultural input to be handed over to the commission for safe disposal and the commission shall dispose of the same as prescribed in the rules.
- 96.2. Re-export of Confiscated Material. notwithstanding the order passed by the court as mentioned in rule 96.1 the commission, if it finds that disposal of such contaminated items are not permissible from the point of view of nuclear safety or radiation protection or are likely to cause damage to the public, animal life, plant life or the environment, it may file a petition with the Court, or a higher court, for passing an order on a defaulter forcing him to send the contaminated food item, beverage, fodder or agricultural input back to the country of origin.
- 96.3. Acceptance for Trial. no court shall entertain any offence under the *rules* for trial unless a written complaint is submitted to it by the inspector(s) vide section 13 of the *Act*.
- 97. Compensation. the *commission* has the power to fix and award compensation to a *person* affected by an incident or *accident* related to radiation.
- 98. Indemnity. no suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall be filed against the government or the *commission* or any of its member, inspectors, Deputy Commissioner, or any *person* authorized under this *Act* for anything done or intended to be done in good faith under the *Act* and the *rules*.
- 99. Authenticity. both the Bengali and English texts of the rules shall be treated as authentic provided that in the event of conflict between the Bengali and English text, the Bengali text in general, except for the words originated from English (for which English meaning shall prevail), shall prevail.

CHAPTER-XIII - SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE -I

Exemption Criteria

- (I.1) Practices and sources within practices may be exempted from the requirements of the Standards, including those for notification, registration or licensing, if the Regulatory Authority is satisfied that the sources meet the exemption criteria or the exemption levels specified in this schedule or other exemption levels specified by the Regulatory Authority on the basis of these exemption criteria. Exemption should not be granted to permit practices that would otherwise not be justified.
- (I.2) The general principles for exemption¹ are that:
 - the radiation risks to individuals caused by the exempted practice or source be sufficiently low as to be of no regulatory concern;
 - (b) the collective radiological impact of the exempted practice or source be sufficiently low as not to warrant regulatory control under the prevailing circumstances; and
 - (c) the exempted practices and sources be inherently safe, with no appreciable likelihood of scenarios that could lead to a failure to meet the criteria in (a) and (b).
- (I.3) A practice or a source within a practice may be exempted without further consideration provided that the following criteria are met in all feasible situations:
 - (a) the effective dose expected to be incurred by any member of the public due to the exempted practice or source is of the order of 10 uSv or less in a year; and
 - (b) either the collective effective dose committed by one year of performance of the practice is no more than about Iman.Sv or an assessment for the optimization of protection shows that exemption is the optimum option.

Exempted Sources and Exemption Levels

- (I.4) Under the criteria in paragraphs (I.1)-(I.3), the following sources within practices are automatically exempted without further consideration from the requirements of the Standards, including those for notification, registration or licensing:
 - (a) radioactive substances for which either the total activity of a given nuclide present
 on the premises at any time or the activity concentration used in the practice does
 not exceed the exemption levels given in Schedule-II; and

See: International Atomic Energy Agency: Principles for the Exemption of Radiation Sources and Practices from Regulatory Control., Safety Series No. 89, IAEA, Vienna (1988).

- (b) radiation generators of a type approved by the Regulatory Authority and any electronic tube, such as, a cathode ray tubes for the display of visual images, provided that:
 - (i) they do not cause in normal operating conditions an ambient dose equivalent rate or a directional dose equivalent rate, as appropriate, exceeding luSv.h-1 at a distance of 0.1 m from any accessible surface of the apparatus; or
 - (ii) the maximum energy of the radiation produced is no greater than 5 keV.
- (I.5) Conditional exemptions may be granted subject to conditions specified by the Regulatory Authority, such as conditions relating to the physical or chemical form and to the use or disposal of the radioactive materials. In particular, such an exemption may be granted for an apparatus containing radioactive substances not otherwise exempted under (I.4)(a) provided that:
 - (a) it is of a type approved by the Regulatory Authority;
 - (b) the radioactive substances are in the form of sealed sources that effectively prevent any contact with radioactive substances or their leakage except that this should not prevent exemption of small quantities of unsealed sources such as those used for radioimmunoassay;
 - (c) in normal operating conditions it does not cause an ambient dose equivalent rate or a directional dose equivalent rate, as appropriate, exceeding 1 uSv.h⁻¹ at a distance of 0.1 m from any accessible surface of the apparatus; and
 - (d) necessary conditions for disposal have been specified by the Regulatory Authority.
- (1.6) Radioactive substances from an authorized practice or source whose release to the environment has been authorized, are exempted from any new requirements of notification, registration or licensing unless otherwise specified by the Regulatory Authority.

Schedule - II

EXEMPTION LEVELS: EXEMPT ACTIVITY
CONCENTRATIONS AND EXEMPT ACTIVITIES OF RADIONUCLIDES
(ROUNDED) (see facinate 2.)

Nuclide	Activity concentration (Bq/g)	Activity (Bq)	Nuclide	Activity concentration (Bq/g)	Activity (Bq)
H-3	1×10^{6}	1 × 10°	Fe-52	1 × 101	1 × 10 ⁶
Bc-7	1×10^{3}	1×10^{7}	Fc-55	1 × 10 ⁴	1 × 10 ⁶
C-14	1×10^4	1×10^7	Fc-59	1 × 101	1 × 106
O-15	1×10^2	1×10^{9}	Co-55	1×10^{4}	1 × 106
F-18	1×10^{4}	1 × 10°	Co-56	1×10^4	1 × 105
Na-22	$1 \times 10^{\circ}$	1×10^6	Co-57	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
Na-24	1×10^{1}	1×10^{5}	Co-58	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Si-31	1×10^3	1×10^{6}	Co-58m	1 × 104	1 × 107
P-32	1×10^3	1×10^{5}	Co-60	1 × 101	1×10^5
P-33	1×10^{5}	1×10^8	Co-60m	1 × 10 ³	1×10^6
S-35	1×10^{5}	1×10^{8}	Co-61	1 × 10 ²	1 × 10 ⁶
CI-36	1×10^{4}	1×10^{6}	Co-62m	1 × 10'	1×10^5
CI-38	1×10^{1}	1 × 105	Ni-59	1 × 104	1 × 10 ⁸
Ar-37	1×10^{6}	I × 10*	Ni-63	1 × 10 ³	I × 10 ⁸
Ar-41	1×10^{2}	1×10^{9}	Ni-65	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁶
K-40	1×10^2	1×10^{6}	Cu-64	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
K-42	1×10^2	1×10^{6}	Zn-65	1 × 10 f	1 × 10 ⁶
K-43	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}	Zn-69	1 × 10	
Ca-45	1×10^4	1×10^7	Zn-69m	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
Ca-47	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}	Ga-72	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁵
Sc-46	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}	Ge-71	1 × 10 ⁴	1×10^{5}
Sc-47	1×10^2	1×10^{6}	As-73	1 × 10,1	1×10^8
Sc-48	1×10^{1}	1×10^5	As-74		1×10^7
7-48	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁵		1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁶
Cr-51	1×10^3	1×10^7	As-76	1×10^2	1×10^{5}
An-51	1 Q1 × 1	1 × 10 ⁵	As-77	1×10^{3}	1×10^{6}
4n-52	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ³	Se-75	1×10^2	1×10^{6}
In-52m	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^{3}	Br-82	1×10^{4}	1 × 106
4n-53	1 × 10 ⁴	$1 \times 10^{\circ}$	Kr-74	1×10^2	$1 \times 10_{a}$
1n-54	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^6	Kr-76	1×10^2	1×10^9
4n-56	1 × 10 ¹		Kr-77	1 × 10 ²	1×10^9
501. A.A.	1 ~ 10	1×10^{5}	Kr-79	1×10^{3}	1×10^{3}

Nuclide	Activity concentration (Bq/g)	Activity (Bq)	Núchde	Activity concentration (Bq/g)	Activity (Bq)
Kr-81	1 × 10 ⁴	1×10^{7}	Tc-97	1 × 10 ³	1 × 10*
Kr-83m	1×10^5	1×10^{12}	Tc-97m	1×10^{3}	1×10^7
Kr-85	1×10^5	1×10^4	Tc-99	1 × 10 ⁴	1 × 10
Kr-85m	1×10^3	1×10^{10}	Te-99m	1×10^{2}	1×10^7
Kr-87	1×10^{2}	$I \times 10_{\delta}$	Ru-97	1×10^2	1×10^3
Kr-88	1×10^2	1 × 10°	Ru-103	1×10^{2}	1×10^{6}
Rb-86	1×10^2	1×10^{5}	Ru-105	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}
Sr-85	1×10^2	1×10^6	Ru-106*	1×10^{2}	1 × 10 ⁵
Sr-85m	1×10^2	1×10^7	Rh-103m	1 × 104	1×10^{8}
Sr-87m	1×10^{2}	1×10^{6}	Rh-105	1×10^{2}	1 × 107
Sr-89	1×10^{3}	1×10^{6}	Pd-103	1×10^{3}	1×10^3
Sr-90*	1×10^2	1×10^4	PJ-109	1×10^{3}	1 × 106
Sr-91	1×10^{1}	1×10^5	Ag-105	1 × 10 ²	1×10^{6}
Sr-92	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}	Ag-110m	1 × 10	1×10^6
Y-90	1×10^3	1 × 10 ⁵	Ag-111	1×10^3	1×10^6
Y-91	1×10^3	1×10^{6}	Cd-109	t × 10 ⁴	1×10^5
Y-91m	1×10^{4}	1×10^{6}	Cd-115	1×10^2	1×10^6
Y-92	1×10^{2}	1×10^5	Cd-115m	1×10^3	1 × 10 ⁴
Y-93	1×10^{2}	1×10^{5}	In-111	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10
Zr-93*	1×10^{3}	1×10^7	In-113m	1×10^2	
Zr-95	1×10^{4}	1×10^6	In-114m	1×10^2	1×10^{6}
Zr-97*	1×10^{1}	1×10^{5}	In-115m		1 × 106
Nb-93m	1×10^{4}	1×10^7		1×10^2	1×10^6
Nb-94	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}	Sn-113	1×10^3	1×10^7
Nb-95	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}	Sn-125	1×10^4	1×10^5
Nb-97	1×10^{1}	-1 × 10 ⁶	Sb-122	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
Nb-98	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^5	Sb-124	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Мо-90	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^6	Sb-125	1×10^2	1×10^6
vio-93	1×10^3	1×10^8	Tc-123in	1×10^2	1×10^7
4o-99	1×10^2	and the second second	Tc 125m	$1 \times 10_{7}$	$1 \times 10_{2}$
Ao-101	1×10^{1}	1×10^6	Te-127	1 × 101	$1 \times 10^{\epsilon}$
°c-96	1 < 101	1×10^6	Te-127m	1 × 10,	1 × 107
C-96m	1 × 10		Te-129	1×10^2	1 × 10*
	11/	1×10^7	Te 129m	1×10^3	1×10^6

Nuclide	Activity concentration (Bq/g)	Activity (Bq)	Nuclide	Activity concentration (Uq/g)	Activity (Bq)
Te-131	1 × 10 ²	1 × 10 ⁵	Cc-143	1 × 10 ²	1 × 10
Te-131m	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}	Ce-144*	1×10^2	1 × 10
Te-132	1×10^2	1×10^{7}	Pr-142	1×10^2	1 × 10
Tc-133	1×10^{1}	1×10^{5}	Pr-143	1×10^{4}	1 × 10
Te-133m	1×10^{4}	1×10^{3}	Nd-147	1×10^2	1 × 10
Te-134	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}	Nd-149	1×10^2	1×10
1-123	1×10^2	1×10^{7}	Pm-147	1×10^{4}	1 × 10
1-125	1×10^3	1×10^{6}	Pm-149	1×10^{3}	1 × 10
1-126	1×10^2	1×10^{6}	Sm-151	1×10^{4}	1 × 10
1-129	1×10^2	1 × 10 ³	Sm-153	1×10^{2}	1 × 10
1-130	$1 \times 10^{+}$	1×10^6	Eu-152	1×10^{1}	1 × 10
I-131	1×10^2	1×10^6	Eu-152m	1×10^{2}	I × 10
I-132	$1 \times 10^{\circ}$	1×10^{5}	Eu-154	1 × 101	1 × 10
1-133	1×10^{1}	$l \times 10^{5}$	Eu-155	1×10^2	1 × 10
1-134	1×10^{1}	1 × 105	Gd-153	1×10^2	1 × 10
1-135	1×10^{4}	1×10^6	Gd-159	1×10^3	1 × 10
Xe-131m	1×10^4	1×10^{4}	Tb-160	1×10^{1}	1 × 10
Xe-133	1×10^{3}	1×10^{4}	Dy-165	1×10^{3}	1×10
Xe-135	1×10^{3}	1×10^{10}	Dy-166	1×10^{3}	1×10
Cs-129	1×10^{2}	1×10^{3}	Ho-166	1×10^{3}	1×10
Cs-131	1×10^{3}	1×10^{6}	Er-169	1×10^{4}	1 × 10
Cs-132	1×10^{1}	1×10^{5}	Er-171	1×10^2	1 × 10
Cs-134m	1×10^{3}	1×10^{5}	Tm-170	1 × 10 ³	1 × 10
Cs-134	1×10^{1}	1×10^4	Tm-171	1 × 10 ⁴	1 × 10
Cs-135	1×10^{4}	1×10^7	Yb-175	1×10^3	1 × 10
Cs-136	1×10^{1}	1×10^5	Lu-177	1 × 10 ³	1 × 10
Cs-137°	1×10^{1}	1×10^{4}	Hf-181	1 × 10	1 × 10
Cs-138	1×10^{1}	1×10^4	Ta-182	1 × 10	1 × 10
Bn-131	1 × 10 ²	1 × 10 ⁶	W-181	1×10^3	1 × 10
Ba-140 ^a	1 × 10	1 × 105	W-185	1 × 10 ⁴	1 × 10
La-140	1 × 10 ⁺	1×10^5	W-187		
Ce-139	1×10^2	1×10^6		1×10^2	-1×10
Ce-141	1×10^2		Re-186	1×10^{3}	1 × 10
CC-141	1 × 10	1×10^{7}	Rc-188	1×10^2	1 x

Nuclide	Activity concentration (Bq/g)	Activity (Bq)	Nuclide	Activity concentration (Bq/g)	Activity (Bq)
Os-185	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}	Rn-222*	1 × 10 1	1 × 10*
Os-191	1×10^2	1×10^{7}	Ra-223*	1×10^2	1×10^{3}
Os-191m	1×10^3	1×10^7	Ra-224*	1 × 101	1 × 10 ³
Os-193	1×10^2	$I \times 10^6$	Ra-225	1×10^{2}	1 × 10 ⁵
Ir-190	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}	Ra-226*	1×10^4	1 × 10 ⁴
Ir-192	1×10^{1}	1×10^{4}	Ra-227	1×10^{2}	1 × 10 ⁵
Ir-194	1×10^2	1×10^{5}	Ra-228*	1 × 101	1 × 103
Pt-191	1×10^2	1×10^{6}	Ac-228	1 × 101	I × 10 ⁵
Pt-193m	1×10^{3}	1×10^{7}	Th-226*	1×10^{3}	1×10^7
Pt-197	1×10^3	1×10^{6}	Th-227	1 × 101	1×10^4
Pt-197m	1×10^2	1×10^6	Th-228*	1 × 10°	1 × 10 ⁴
Au-198	1×10^2	1×10^{6}	Th-229*	1 × 10°	1×10^{3}
Au-199	1×10^2	1×10^6	Th-230	1 × 10°	1×10^4
Hg-197	1×10^2	1 × 107	Th-231	1 × 10 ³	1 × 10
Hg-197m	1×10^2	1×10^{6}	. Th-nat	1 × 10°	
Hg-203	1×10^{2}	1×10^{5}	(incl. 'Th-232)	. ~ 10	1×10^3
T1-200	1×10^{1}	1×10^6	Th-234*	1×10^{3}	1 × 10 ⁵
T1-201	1×10^2	1×10^{6}	Pa-230	1 × 10 ¹	
T1-202	1×10^2	1×10^6			1×10^{6}
T1-204	1 × 104	1 × 10 ⁴	Pa-231	$1 \times 10^{\circ}$	1×10^{3}
Pb-203	1 × 10 ²	1×10^6	Pa-233	1 × 10 ²	1×10^7
Pb-210*	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^4	U-230°	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^{3}
Pb-212*	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁵	U-231	1×10^2	1 × 10'
Bi-206	1.× 10 ¹	1×10^{3}	U-232*	1 × 10°	1×10^{3}
Bi-207			U-233	1×10^4	1×10^4
	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}	U-234	1×10^{4}	1×10^{4}
Bi-210	1×10^3	1×10^{6}	U-235*	1×10^{1}	1×10^{4}
Bi-212*	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^5	U-236	1×10^{1}	1×10^{4}
Po-203	1×10^{1}	1×10^6	U-237	1×10^{2}	1 × 106
Po-205	1×10^{4}	1×10^{6}	U-238*	1×10^{1}	1×10^{4}
Po-207	1 × 10,	1×10^6	U-nat	$1 \times 10^{\circ}$	1×10^3
Po-210	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 104	U-239	1×10^{2}	1×10^{6}
At-211 .	1×10^{3}	1×10^7	U-240	1×10^{3}	1×10^7
Rn-220*	1×10^4	1×10^7	U-240°	1 × 101	1×10^{6}

Nuclide	Activity concentration (Bq/g)	Activity (Bq)	Nuclide	Activity concentration (Bq/g)	Activity (Bq)
Np-237*	$1 \times 10^{\circ}$	1 × 10 ³	Cm-244	1 × 10 1	1 × 10°
Np-239	1×10^{2}	1 × 107	Cm-245	1 × 10°	1×10^{3}
Np-240	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}	Cm-246	1 × 10°	1×10^{3}
Pu-234	1×10^2	1×10^{7}	Cm-247	1 × 10°	1×10^{4}
Pu-235	1×10^2	1×10^{7}	Cm-248	1 × 10°	1×10^{3}
Pu-236	1×10^{1}	1×10^{4}	Bk-249	1 × 103	1×10^{6}
Pu-237	1×10^3	1×10^{7}	Cf-246	1×10^3	1 × 10 ⁶
Pu-238	$l \times 10^{\circ}$	1×10^{4}	Cf-248	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁴
Pu-239	$l \times 10^{0}$	1×10^{4} .	Cf-249	1 × 10°	1×10^3
Pu-240	$1 \times 10^{\circ}$	1×10^3	Cf-250	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
Pu-241	1×10^2	1×10^{5}	Cf-251	I × 10°	1×10^3
Pu-242	1×10^{0}	1×10^4	Cf-252	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁴
Pu-243	1×10^3	1×10^7	Cf-253	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁵
Pu-244	1×10^{0}	1×10^{4}	Cf-254	1×10^{9}	1 × 103
Am-241	$1 \times 10^{\circ}$	1×10^{4}	Es-253	1×10^2	1×10^5
Am-242	1×10^{3}	1×10^6	Es-254	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^4
Am-242m*	$1 \times 10^{\circ}$	1×10^4	Es-254m	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
Am-243*	1×10^{0}	1×10^{3}	Fin-254	1 × 10 ⁴	1 x 10
Cm-242	1×10^2	1×10^{5}	Fm-255	1 × 103	1 × 10°
Cm-243	1×10^{0}	1×10^{4}		1 / 10	1 × 10

^a Parent nuclides and their progeny included in secular equilibrium are listed in the following:

Sr-90	Y-90
Zr-93	Nb-93m
Zr-97	Nb-97
Ru-106	Rh-106
Cs-137	Ba-137m
Ce-134	La-134
Cc-144	Pr-144
Ba-140	La-140
Bi-212	T1-208 (0.36), Po-212 (0.64)
Pb-210	Bi-210, Po-210
Pb-212	Bi-212, Tl-208 (0.36), Po-212 (0.64)
Rn-220	Po-216
Kn-222	Po-218, Pb-214, Bi-214, Po-214

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Ra-223
              Rn-219, Po-215, Pb-211, Bi-211, Tl-207
              Rn-220, Po-216, Pb-212, Bi-212, Tl-208 (0.36), Po-212 (0.64)
Ra-224
              Rn-222, Po-218, Pb-214, Bi-214, Po-214, Pb-210, Bi-210, Po-210
Ra-226
Ra-228
              Ac-228
Th-226
              Ra-222, Ra-218, Po-214
Th-223
              Ra-224, Rn-220, Po-216, Pb-212, Bi-212, Ti-208 (0.36), Po-212 (0.64)
Th-229
              Ra-225, Ac-225, Fr-221, At-217, Bi-213, Po-213, Pb-209
              Ra-228, Ac-228, Th-228, Ra-224, Rn-220, Po-216, Ph-212, Bi-212, Ti-208 (0.36),
Th-nat
              Po-212 (0.64)
Th-234
             Pa-234m
U-230
             Th-225, Ra-222, Rn-218, Po-214
             Th-228, Ra-224, Rn-220, Po-216, Pb-212, Bi-212, TI-208 (0.36), Po-212 (0.64)
U-232
U-235
             Th-231
U-238
             Th-234, Pa-234m
             Th-234, Pa-234m, U-234, Th-230, Ra-226, Rn-222, Po-218, Pb-214, Bi-214,
U-nat
             Po-214, Pb-210, Bi-210, Po-210
U-240
             Np-240m
Np-237
             Pa-233
Am-242m
             Am-242
Am-243
             Np-239
```

² The exemption levels set forth in of ScheduleII are subject to the following considerations: (a) They have been derived using a conservative model based on (i) the criteria of para. (I-3) and (ii) a series of limiting (bounding) use and disposal scenarios. The values of activity concentration and total activity represent the lowest values calculated in any scenario for a moderate quantity of material. (See COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES, Principles and Methods for Establishing Concentrations and Quantities (Exemption Values) below Which Reporting Is Not Required in the European Directive, Radiation Protection 65, Doc. XI-028/93, CEC, Brussels (1993). (b) The application of exemption to natural radionuclides, where these are not excluded, is limited to the incorporation of naturally occurring radionuclides into consumer products or their use as a radioactive source (e.g. Ra-226, Po-210) or for their elemental properties (e.g. thorium, uranium). (c) In the case of more than one radionuclide, the appropriate sum of the ratios of the activity or activity concentration of each radionuclide and the corresponding exempt activity or activity concentration shall be taken into account. (d) Unless the exposure is excluded, exemption for bulk amounts of materials with activity concentrations lower than the guidance exemption levels of may nevertheless require further consideration by the Regulatory Authority.

Schedule – III Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division P.O. Box No. – 158, Ramna, Dhaka – 1000.

Licence Registration Form

Re	f. No. – NSRC – LR 1/97			Form No LR 1/97
Pa	rt - I Description of Licence			
1.	Class of Licence :	2.	Purpose of Licence :	
3.	Licence No.:	4.	Registration No.:	
5.	Date of Application :	5.	Issuing Date:	
7.	Date of Effect:	8.	Period of Validity :	
9.	Date of Expiry:	10000	Date of Renewal:	
Pa	rt - II Description of Licensee			
1.	Name (in block letter):			
2.	Mailing Address:			
3.	Address of Premises :			
4.	Telephone:	5.	Fax/Telex:	
Pa	rt - III Authorized Person			
1.	Name (in block letter):			1
2.	Sex:			
4.	Identity / Passport No.:			
5.	Mailing Address:			
6.	Authorized Person :			
<u>Pa</u>	rt - IV Licensed Facility/Premise			
1.	Full Address :			
2.	Telephone:	3.	Fax/Telex:	
Pa	rt - V Radiation Control Officer			
1.	Name :		•••••	**********
2.	Sex:			
3.	Date of Birth:			
4.	Qualifications:			
5.	RCO Approval No. and Date:			
6.	Validity Period :			
7.	Expiry Date :			
8				

Bangladesh Gazette, Extraordinary Copy, September 18, 1997

Part - VI Description of Licensed Materia	al/Apparatus/Installation

Part - VII Special Remarks (if any)	
Form Verified by:	Registered by :
	(person authorized by the Commission)
Signature :	Signature :

Schedule – IV.I Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division P.O. Box No. – 158, Ramna, Dhaka – 1000.

Rei	f. No. – NSRC – L 1/97				Form N	o L1/97
			APLICATION FORM for Radioactive Material Li Class "A" Licence			
Par	1 - I					
1.	This is an Application fo	r (ticl	$k(\sqrt[4]{})$ where appropriate):			
	☐ New licence		Amendment of licence		Renewal of licence	
2.	Purpose of the Practice (tick (√) where appropriate):			
	Use Produce Own Others (specify)		Manufacture Process Handle		Trade Purchase Store	8, 1
3.	Stage of Licence (tick () wh	ere appropriate) :			
	☐ Siting		Temporary operation		Full operation .	
4.	Particulars of the Applica	nt/Lie	censee :			
	(a) Name:(b) Mailing address:(c) Address of premise:(d) Telephone No.:		(e) Fax/Tele	x :		
5.	Full Address where the R	ladioa	ctive Material will be Used	or Stor	red :	+
6.	Particulars of the Author	ized P	erson to be contacted about	this A	pplication :	S .
(b) (c)	Full name : Date of birth : Mailing address :					
1020000	Telephone no. : Signature and date :		(e) Fax/Tele	x:		

7.	Radiation Control Officer:	
(b) (d) (e)	Name : Sex : Qualification : R.C.O. approval no. and date :	(c) Date of birth:
	Validity period : Renewal date :	(g) Expiry date :
8.	Amount of the Fee Paid:	Draft/Pay Order No.: Date :
		ERTIFICATION eleted by the applicant/licensee)
for wh pre	m shall be binding upon me and that nose name is stated in item number epared in pursuant to the applicable	d proposals which have been furnished in this application at I and any person who certifies on behalf of me and a 4 of this part certify that this document has been standards, codes and guides stated under these rules application form are true and correct.
	nature of the applicant his Legal Nominee	Printed Name and Designation
Pla	ice:	Date :
N.J and Co the	f guides and if required, seek help from mmission; and (2) for the amendment a	plicant is advised to consult the applicable standards, codes the Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division of the nd renewal of the licence, only update the information with st just refer to the respective section of the original licence
	bmit on typed page, measuring 8.5" x 1 h additional papers where needed.	11" (A4 size), all particulars to the items described below
1.	Describe the Purpose and Justification	for which the Radioactive Material will be Used:
2.	Information on Site, Site Layout, Bu Structure :	ilding Plan and Design of Radiation Related Room and
3.	Describe the Operation and Maintenance	ce Programme to be Adopted :
4.	Describe the Quality Assurance(QA) P	rogramme to be Adopted:

- 5. Provide the Construction, Testing and Commissioning Schedule, as applicable:
- 6. Describe the Line of Administrative Control of the Radioactive Material with a Copy of Organogram:
- 7. Particulars of Person Who will Supervise the Use of Radioactive Material:

- 8. Qualified Expert (where applicable):
 - (a) Name:
 - (b) Field of expertise:
 - (c) Academic and professional qualification:
 - (d) Experiences:
 - (e) Full address:
 - (f) Telephone no.:
 - (g) Commission's approval no.:
- 9. Particulars of Worker Who will Work with Radioactive Material:

SI	Name	Date of Birth	Identity
No.	A	B	C
		4	

10. Description and Intended Use of the Radioactive Material to be Used:

Element and	Chemical	Name of the	Activity and date		Intended use	
mass number	and/or physical form	manufacturer and model no. (if available)	Sealed source (per source)	Unsealed source	F	
. A	В	С	D	E		
-						
		6				

	tainer and/or for storage	Supplier(i	fapplicable)	Model r	
	1		В	(if appli	
Radiation Detect Type of instrument A	tion or Measurin Supplier B	g Instrument Cu Model Number C	rrently Possessed Number Available D	Radiation Detectable E	(if any) : Range
				40	

Type (tick(√) where appropriate) A	Supplier B	Evaluating Agency C	Frequency of Evaluation D
☐ Film badge ☐ Thermoluminescence Dosimeter(TLD)			
Others(specify)			

 Storage and Handling Facility for Radioactive Material (tick(√) where appropriate): □ Laboratory facility, plant facility, including those equipped with fume hood, etc. □ Storage facility, container, special shielding (fixed or temporary), etc. □ Remote handling tool or equipment, etc. □ Personal protective appliance, etc. Applicant is required to attach sketch and description of the relevant items. 17. Storage/Disposal of Waste (if appropriate): Specify the nature of radioactive waste. Specify the types and activities of the radionucli Describe in details the proposed methods for storage/disposal of radioactive waste. If application is for sealed sources, state whether the scaled sources will be returned to the supplupon termination of use. 18. Specify and Describe the Radiation Control Programme to be Adopted:
 ☐ Storage facility, container, special shielding (fixed or temporary), etc. ☐ Remote handling tool or equipment, etc. ☐ Personal protective appliance, etc. Applicant is required to attach sketch and description of the relevant items. 17. Storage/Disposal of Waste (if appropriate): Specify the nature of radioactive waste. Specify the types and activities of the radionucli Describe in details the proposed methods for storage/disposal of radioactive waste. If application is for sealed sources, state whether the scaled sources will be returned to the supplication of use.
17. Storage/Disposal of Waste (if appropriate): Specify the nature of radioactive waste. Specify the types and activities of the radionucli Describe in details the proposed methods for storage/disposal of radioactive waste. If application is for sealed sources, state whether the sealed sources will be returned to the supplication of use.
Specify the nature of radioactive waste. Specify the types and activities of the radionucli Describe in details the proposed methods for storage/disposal of radioactive waste. If application is for sealed sources, state whether the sealed sources will be returned to the supplication of use.
Describe in details the proposed methods for storage/disposal of radioactive waste. If application is for sealed sources, state whether the scaled sources will be returned to the supplication of use.
18. Specify and Describe the Radiation Control Programme to be Adopted:
19. Specify and Describe the Fire Protection Programme to be Adopted :
20. Specify and Describe the Emergency Response Programme to be Adopted:21. Specify and Describe the Education and Training Programme for Supervisor, Radiation Contr
Officer, Operator and Radiation Worker to be Adopted:
22. Qualification and Experience of Supervisor, Radiation Control Officer and Operator:
(a) State the Qualification of Supervisor, Radiation Control Officer and Operator. List releven courses attended and attach certified copy of certificate obtained.
Name Designation Qualification/Course attend A B C
(b) State the Experience of Supervisor, Radiation Control Officer and Operator and attach the appropriate resume, if available.
Name Designation Organization Duration Year
A B C D E

Safety Relate	d Equipment	and Facility	:
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Facility and equipment	Supplier	Model Number	Function	Quantity
A	В	C	D	Е

4. Declaration by the	e Licensee/Authorized	Person:						
[(full i	name)	••••••	**************					
do hereby declare	do hereby declare -							
(a) that this appli	cation is made on my o	wn behalf/on bel	nalf of					
(b) that the partic correct.	ulars given in this form	, including all su	pplements attac	ched hereto, are true and				
Signature								
Name (in block le Designation Official Stamp Date	: :		·····					
	For use	of the Commissi	on					
Completed applicati	on form received on:	Comments	Approved	by:				
Pee received on :			Date:					
ree received on :			Date:					

Schedule-IV.II

Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division P.O. Box No. – 158, Ramna, Dhaka – 1000.

Re	ef. No. – NSRC_L 2/97	Form No L2/97
	APLICATION FORM for Nuclear Material Licence Class "B" Licence	
Pa	urt — I	
1.	This is an Application for (tick ($\sqrt{\ }$) where appropriate):	
	☐ New licence ☐ Amendment of licence ☐ Re	enewal of licence
2.	Purpose of the Practice (tick ($\sqrt{}$) where appropriate) :	
	Produce Process Pr	rade orchase orc
3.	Stage of Licence (tick ($\sqrt{}$) where appropriate):	
	☐ Siting ☐ Temporary operation ☐ Fu	ll operation
4.	Particulars of the Applicant/Licensee :	
	(a) Name: (b) Mailing address: (c) Address of premise: (d) Telephone No.: (e) Fax/Telex:	
5.	Full Address where the Nuclear Material will be Used or Stored :	
6.	Particulars of the Authorized Person to be contacted about this Appli	cation:
	 (a) Full name; (b) Date of birth; (c) Mailing address; (d) Telephone no.; (e) Fax/Telex; (f) Signature and date; 	

7.	Radiation Control Officer:		
	(a) Name:		
	(b) Sex:	(c) Date of birth:	
	(d) Qualification:	(c) Date of brian.	
	(e) R.C.O. approval no. and date:		
	(f) Validity period :	(g) Expiry date:	
	(h) Renewal date:		
8.	Amount of the Fee Paid:	Draft/Pay Order No.:	Date :
	C	ERTIFICATION	
	(Must be comp	leted by the applicant/licensee)	
wh	to hereby declare that, the statement and rm shall be binding upon me and that nose name is stated in item number epared in pursuant to the applicable d that all information provided in this	t I and any person who certify 4 of this part certify that standards, codes and guides	ics on behalf of me and this document has been stated under these rules
	gnature of the applicant his Legal Nominee	Printed Name and	Designation
Pla	ice :	Date:	
N.E and Cou the	et II (Proforma for Technical Annexure) B. While preparing this part: (1) the app if guides and if required, seek help from mmission; and (2) for the amendment an analysis where required and for the rest plication.	the Nuclear Safety and Radiation of the license only u	on Control Division of the
Sub	omit on typed page, measuring 8.5" x 1 h additional papers where needed.	I" (A4 size), all particulars to	the items described below
1.	Describe the Purpose and Justification for	or which the Nuclear Material w	vill be Used:
2.	Information on Site, Site Layout, Build Structure:	lding Plan and Design of Rad	iation Related Room and
3.	Describe the Operation and Maintenance	e Programme to be Adopted:	
١.	Describe the Quality Assurance(QA) Pro	ogramme to be Adopted:	

- 5. Provide the Construction, Testing and Commissioning Schedule, as applicable:
- 6. Describe the Line of Administrative Control of the Nuclear Material with a Copy of Organogram
- 7. Particulars of Person Who will Supervise the Use of Nuclear Material:

Designation	Date of Birth	Identity
B	C	D
	B	B C

- 8. Qualified Expert (where applicable):
 - (a) Name:
 - (b) Field of expertise:
 - (c) Academic and professional qualification:
 - (d) Experiences:
 - (c) Full address:
 - (f) Telephone no.:
 - (g) Commission's approval no.:
- 9. Particulars of Worker Who will Work with Nuclear Material:

SI	Name	Date of Birth	Identity
No.	A	B	C
-			

10. Description and Intended Use of the Nuclear Material to be Used:

Element and	Chemical	Name of the	Activity a	and date	Intended use
mass number	and/or physical form	manufacturer and model no. (if available)	Sealed source (per source)	Unsealed source	
A	В	С	D	Е	F
		2			
		2-		×	

Type of cont device fo	r storage		applicable)		l number plicable) C
			urrently Possesso		cant (if any)
Type of Instrument	Supplier	Model Number	Number Available	Radiation Detectable	Range
A	В	C	D	E	F
ick (√) where By app ttach a resume andards used fo	describing the roor instrument ca	attach the relevant of the state of the stat	ant certification) to the name and a tuency of calibrat	address of the c	
ick (√) where By app ttach a resume	appropriate and licant describing the report instrument can toring:	attach the relevant of the state of the stat	e the name and	address of the c	

16	. Storage and Han	dling Facility for Nu	clear Material (tick(√) where appropri	iate);
	Remote hand	acility, plant facility, ity, container, specia lling tool or equipme tective appliance, etc	, including those equ Il shielding (fixed or ent, etc. e.	ipped with fume h r temporary), etc.	ood, etc.
	Applicant is requ	ired to attach sketch	and description of the	he relevant items.	
17.	Storage/Disposal	of Waste (if approp	riate):		
	Specify the natur in details the prop	e of nuclear waste. Sposed methods for st	pecify the types and orage/disposal of rac	activities of the ra	adionuclides. Describ
18.	Specify and Desc	ribe the Radiation C	ontrol Programme to	be Adopted :	
19.	Specify and Desc	ribe the Fire Protect	ion Programme to b	e Adopted :	
20.	Specify and Desc	ribe the Emergency	Response Programm	c to be Adopted ;	
21.	Specify and Desc Officer, Operator	ribe the Education a and Radiation Work	nd Training Program er to be Adopted:	nme for Superviso	r, Radiation Control
22,	Qualification and	Experience of Super	rvisor, Radiation Co	ntrol Officer and C	perator:
	State the Qualifica	ation of Supervisor,	Radiation Control O opy of certificate ob	fficer and Operato	
	Nam A	e	Designation B	Qualif	ication/Course attended C
			τ		
(b)	State the Experien appropriate resum	ice of Supervisor, Ra e, if available.	diation Control Offi	cer and Operator a	and attach the
	Name A	Designation B	Organization C	Duration D	Year E

 Safety Related Equipment and Facil 	ity	•
--------------------------------------------------------	-----	---

Facility and equipment	Supplier	Model Number	Function	Quantity
A	В	С	D	Е

24. Declaration by the Licens	see/Authorized	Person:	
L			
(full name)			***************************************
do hereby declare -			
(a) that this application is	s made on my o	own behalf/on behal	f of
(b) that the particulars gir correct.	ven in this form	n, including all supp	elements attached hereto, are true and
Signature			
Name (in block letters) Designation Official Stamp Date	:		
	For use	of the Commission	
Completed application form	received on:	Comments	Approved by:
Fee received on :			Date:

Schedule – IV.III Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division P.O. Box No. – 158, Ramna, Dhaka – 1000.

R	ef. No NSRC L - 3/97	Form NoL 3/97
	APLICATION FORM for Irradiating Apparatus Licence Class "C" Licence	
<u>P</u>	art – I	
1.	This is an Application for (tick ($\sqrt{\ }$) where appropriate):	
	☐ New licence ☐ Amendment of licence ☐	Renewal of licence
2.	Purpose of the Practice (tick ($\sqrt{}$) where appropriate):	
	Use	Trade Purchase Store
3.	Stage of Licence (tick ($\sqrt{\ }$) where appropriate) :	
	☐ Siting ☐ Temporary operation ☐	Full operation
4.	Particulars of the Applicant/Licensee :	
	 (a) Name; (b) Mailing address; (c) Address of premise; (d) Telephone No.; (e) Fax/Telex; 	
5.	Full Address where the Irradiating Apparatus will be Used or Ston	ed:
5.	Particulars of the Authorized Person to be contacted about this Ap	plication :
	(a) Full name: (b) Date of birth: (c) Mailing address: (d) Telephone no.: (e) Fax/Telex:	

7		
	7. Radiation Control Officer:	
	(a) Name:	
	(b) Sex:	(c) Date of birth:
	(d) Qualification:	
	(e) R.C.O. approval no. and dat	
	(f) Validity period:(h) Renewal date:	(g) Expiry date :
8	. Amount of the Fee Paid :	Draft/Pay Order No.: Date :
*		CERTIFICATION
	(Must be	completed by the applicant/licensee)
W	whose name is stated in item managered in pursuant to the appli	ent and proposals which have been furnished in this application of that I and any person who certifies on behalf of me and number 4 of this part certify that this document has been cable standards, codes and guides stated under these rules in this application form are true and correct.
Si	ignature of the applicant r his Legal Nominee	Printed Name and Designation
PI	lace:	Date :
N an Co th	ommission; and (2) for the amendn	he applicant is advised to consult the applicable standards, codes from the Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division of the nent and renewal of the licence, only update the information with
O the ap	B. While preparing this part: (1) the displacement of the guides and if required, seek help commission; and (2) for the amendate analysis where required and for the polication.	he applicant is advised to consult the applicable standards, codes from the Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division of the nent and renewal of the licence, only update the information with he rest just refer to the respective section of the original licence 5" x 11" (A4 size), all particulars to the items described below.
N an Co the ap	.B. While preparing this part: (1) to ad guides and if required, seek help commission; and (2) for the amendance analysis where required and for to application. Ibmit on typed page, measuring 8 ith additional papers where needed.	he applicant is advised to consult the applicable standards, codes from the Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division of the nent and renewal of the licence, only update the information with he rest just refer to the respective section of the original licence 5" x 11" (A4 size), all particulars to the items described below.
N an Co the app	.B. While preparing this part: (1) the displacement of guides and if required, seek help ommission; and (2) for the amendate analysis where required and for the polication. It is a submit on typed page, measuring 8. It is additional papers where needed. Describe the Purpose and Justification.	he applicant is advised to consult the applicable standards, codes from the Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division of the nent and renewal of the licence, only update the information with the rest just refer to the respective section of the original licence 5" x 11" (A4 size), all particulars to the items described below ation for which the Irradiating Apparatus will be Used:
N an Co the ap	.B. While preparing this part: (1) the displacement of guides and if required, seek help commission; and (2) for the amendate analysis where required and for the polication. In the property of the amendate analysis where required and for the polication. In the property of the propert	he applicant is advised to consult the applicable standards, codes from the Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division of the nent and renewal of the licence, only update the information with the rest just refer to the respective section of the original licence 5" x 11" (A4 size), all particulars to the items described below

- 5. Provide the Construction, Testing and Commissioning Schedule, as applicable :
- Describe the Line of Administrative Control of the Irradiating Apparatus with a copy of Organogram:
- 7. Particulars of Person who will Supervise the Use of Irradiating Apparatus:

Name	Designation	Date of Birth	Identity
A	B	C	D

- 8. Qualified Expert (where applicable):
 - (a) Name:
 - (b) Field of expertise:
 - (c) Academic and professional qualification:
 - (d) Experiences:
 - (e) Full address:
 - (f) Telephone No.:
 - (g) Commission's approval No.:
- 9. Particulars of Radiation Worker:

No.	Name A	Date of Birth B	Identity C

10. Description and Intended Use of the Irradiating Apparatus to be Licensed:

Type and model	Maximu m voltage Kilovolt	Maximu m current mili ampere C	Maximu m power level Kilowatt D	Serial number of control panel E	Serial number of tube head F	Supplier	Intended use(use relavant code given)
ж						-	н

15. Description of Facility and Equipment to be Installed:

☐ Film badge

Thermoluminescence Dosimeter(TLD)

Others(specify)

Detailed layout plan submitted shall contain at least the following information:

B

D

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(a) Room: location and dimension;

(b) Wall, ceiling and floor: material uses and thickness;

(c) Windows, doors and other opening : position, size and material used;

- (d) Equipment: specification of irradiating apparatus, its position in the room and the position of the operating console; and
- (e) Surrounding: use of spaces adjoining to the room including those above and below.
- 16. Specify and Describe the Radiation Control Programme to be Adopted:
- 17. Specify and Describe the Fire Protection Programme to be Adopted:
- 18. Specify and Describe the Emergency Response Programme to be Adopted :
- Specify and Describe the Education and Training Programme for Supervisor, Radiation Control Officer, Operator and Radiation Worker to be Adopted:
- 20. Qualification and Experience of Supervisor, Radiation Control Officer and Operator:
- (a) State the Qualification of Supervisor, Radiation Control Officer and Operator. List relevant courses attended and attach certified copy of certificate obtained.

Name A	Designation B	Qualification/Course attended C
w.		

(b) State the Experience of Supervisor, Radiation Control Officer and Operator and attach the appropriate resume, if available.

Name A	Designation B	Organization C	Duration D	Year E

21. Safety Related Equipment and Facility:

Facility and equipment A	Supplier	Model Number	Function	Quantity
	B	C	D	E
-				2

22. Declaration by the Licensee/Authorized	Declaration by the Licensee/Authorized Person:						
I(full name)	I(full name)						
do hereby declare -		193					
(a) that this application is made on my o	wn behalf/on bel	nalf of					
(b) that the particulars given in this form correct.	, including all su	pplements attached hereto, are true and					
Signature	92						
Official Stamp							
For use	of the Commission	on					
8							
Completed application form received on:	Comments	Approved by :					
Fcc received on :		Date :					

Schedule – IV.IV Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division P.O. Box No. – 158, Ramna, Dhaka – 1000.

Ref. No NSRC L 4/97	Form No. – L. 4/97
APLICATION FORM for Transportation Licence Class "D" Licence	
Part - I	
1. This is an application for (tick ($\sqrt{\ }$) where appropriate):	
☐ New licence ☐ Amendment of licence	Renewal of licence
 Transportation of (tick (√) where appropriate): 	
	ear material ear waste
3. Transportation Mode (tick ($\sqrt{\ }$) where appropriate) :	
□ Sea □ Air □ Rail □ Other	s(specify)
4. Particulars of the Applicant/Licensee :	
(a) Name: (b) Mailing address: (c) Address of premise: (d) Telephone No.: (e) Fax/Telex	
5. Full Address of the Premise of the Service Company/Agen	cy:
6. Particulars of the Authorized Person to be Contacted about	this Application :
(a) Full name : (b) Date of birth : (c) Mailing address : (d) Telephone no. : (e) Fax/Telex (f) Signature and date :	

7.	Radiation Control Officer:		
	(a) Name: (b) Sex: (c) Qualification:	(d) Date of birth:	
	(e) R.C.O. approval no. and date: (f) Validity period: (h) Renewal date:	(g) Expiry date:	
8.	Amount of the Fee Paid:	Draft/Pay Order No.:	Date:
		CERTIFICATION bleted by the applicant/licensee)	
forman to	n hereby declare that, the statement and shall be binding upon me and that I he is stated in item number 4 of this pathe applicable standards, codes and evided in this application form are true a	and any person who certifies on burt certify that this document has be guides stated under these rules as	chalf of me and whose on prepared in pursuant
100	nature of the applicant nis Legal Nominee	Printed Name and	Designation
Pla	ce :	Date :	
N.I and Cou	t II (Proforma for Technical Annexure) 3. While preparing this part: (1) the application and if required, seek help from mmission; and (2) for the amendment analysis where required and for the redication.	plicant is advised to consult the app the Nuclear Safety and Radiation and renewal of the licence, only upd	Control Division of the ate the information with
	omit on typed page, measuring 8.5" x h additional papers where needed.	11" (A4 size), all particulars to the	e items described below
1.	Describe the Purpose and Justification	of the Practice :	
2.	Description of Package :		
	 (a) Description of packaging (1) Type of package (2) Package identification number (3) Model number 	er	

	detail		kaging, weight,	dimensions and	its fabrication and	d also its design in				
	(5) Gross w	(5) Gross weight								
	(b) Description of (1) Name of applicat	of radioactive	e material or i	adioactive wast	e and its maxim	num activity (i				
		f nuclear mat al and physic	erial or nuclear al form	waste and its ma	ximum quantity (if applicable)				
3.	The applicant sha tests are conduct	Regulatory Authority's Approval Certificate: The applicant shall submit the approval test certificates issued by the commission or, where the tests are conducted in any country outside Bangladesh, by the Regulatory Authority of that country and endorsed by the commission.								
4.	Describe the Qua	lity Assurance	æ (QA) Program	me to be Adopt	ed:					
5.	Describe the Line of Administrative Control of the Radioactive Material with a Copy of Organogram :									
6.	Qualified Expert	Qualified Expert (where applicable):								
	 (a) Name: (b) Field of experiences: (c) Academic and (d) Experiences: (e) Full address: (f) Telephone No. (g) Commission 	d professiona								
7.	Radiation Detection or Measuring Instrument Currently Possessed by the Applicant (if any):									
	Type of instrument A	Supplier B	Model Number C	Number Available D	Radiation Detectable E	Range F				
	+	¥			-					
8.	(tick (√) where a	ppropriate an	d attach the rele							
	Attach a resume d standards used for	lescribing the	method and fre			librating agency) calibration and				

9.	Personnel	Monitoring:
		THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF

Type (tick(√) where appropriate) A	Supplier B	Evaluating Agency C	Frequency of Evaluation D
Film badge			
Thermoluminescence Dosimeter(TLD)			
Others(specify)			

- 10. Specify and Describe the Radiation Control Programme to be Adopted :
- 11. Specify and Describe the Fire Protection Programme to be Adopted:
- 12. Specify and Describe the Emergency Response Programme to be Adopted :
- 13. Specify and Describe the Education and Training Programme for Supervisor, Radiation Control Officer, Operator and Radiation Worker to be Adopted:
- 14. Qualification and Experience of Supervisor, Radiation Control Officer and Operator:
- (a) State the Qualification of Supervisor, Radiation Control Officer and Operator. List relevant courses attended and attach certified copy of certificate obtained.

Name	Designation	Qualification/Course attended
A	B	C
	4.	

(b) State the Experience of Supervisor, Radiation Control Officer and Operator and attach the appropriate resume, if available.

Name	Designation	Organization	Duration	Year
A	B	C	D	E
-			2	

15. Safety Related Equipment and Facility:

Facility and equipment	Supplier	Model Number C	Function	Quantity
A	В		D	E
		1		

6.	6. Declaration by the Licensee/Authorized Person:								
	1(full name)	••••••	**********						
	do hereby declare -								
	(a) that this application is made on my own behalf/on behalf of								
	(b) that the particulars given in this for correct.	rm, including all su	pplements attached h	ereto, are true and					
	Signature								
	Designation :								
	For u	se of the Commissi	on						
C	ompleted application form received on	: Comments	Approved by :						
Fe	ee received on :		Date:	* ***					

Schedule – IV.V Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division P.O. Box No. – 158, Ramna, Dhaka – 1000.

Ref. No. – NSRC L 5/97	Form No. – L 5/97					
	APLICATION FORM for Import and Export Licence Class "E" Licence					
Part - I						
1. This is an Application for (tick	(√) where appropriate):					
□ New licence □ ,	Amendment of licence Renewal of licence					
2. Purpose of the Practice (tick (1)	where appropriate) :					
☐ Import ☐ Both	Export Others (specify)					
3. Item of Import/Export (tick (√)	where appropriate) :					
Radioactive material Irradiating apparatus	☐ Nuclear material ☐ Others (specify)					
4. Particulars of the Applicant/Lice	nsee:					
(a) Name:(b) Mailing address:(c) Address of premise:(d) Telephone No.;	(c) Fax/Telex:					
5. Full Address of the Premise of th	ne Applicant/Licensce :					
	Particulars of the Authorized Person to be Contacted about this Application :					
(a) Full name: (b) Date of birth: (c) Mailing address: (d) Telephone no.: (f) Signature and date:	(e) Fax/Telex:					

7.	Radiation Control Officer:		
	(a) Name:		
	(b) Sex:	(c) Date of birth:	
	(d) Qualification:		
	(e) R.C.O. approval no. and date:		
	(f) Validity period:	(g) Expiry date:	
	(h) Renewal date:		
8.	Amount of the Fee Paid:	Draft/Pay Order No.:	Date :
		ERTIFICATION	
	(Must be comp	leted by the applicant/licensee)	
nar	o hereby declare that, the statement and m shall be binding upon me and that I me is stated in item number 4 of this partitle applicable standards, codes and govided in this application form are true as	and any person who certifies of rt certify that this document hat guides stated under these rule	on behalf of me and whose heep prepared in pursuant
Signature of the applicant		Printed Name	and Designation
or I	his Legal Nominee		a signaturo esta di alegar
Pla	ce:	Date :	10 St 1 T
		2007	
Par	t II (Proforma for Technical Annexure)		55 (9
NE	3. While preparing this part: (1) the app	ligant is advised to accorded	T II . I I .
Con the	I guides and if required, seek help from mmission; and (2) for the amendment a analysis where required and for the res dication.	the Nuclear Safety and Radiat nd renewal of the licence, only	ion Control Division of the
Sul wit	omit on typed page, measuring 8.5" x 1 h additional papers where needed.	1" (A4 size), all particulars to	the items described below
1,	Describe the Purpose and Justification of	of the Practice :	
2.	Information Required for Import or Exp	port Licence :	
	General information required for the imprescribed substance, or irradiating app	port or export of radioactive maratus.	aterial, nuclear material,
	(a) Name of the country imported from	/exported to :	
	(b) Name and address of supplier :		

3. (a) Additional Information Required for Import or Export of Radioactive Material, where appropriate:

Intended use	
F	

- (b) Specify the mode of transportation
- (c) Type of package
- (d) State the number of freighted container to be used(if any)
- 4. Additional Information Required for Import or Export of Nuclear Material, where appropriate :
 - (a) Chemical or physical form of nuclear material and for enriched uranium, the weight percentage of enrichment and Pu 239 content.
 - (b) Quantity in grams or kilograms of -
 - (1) the nuclear material imported or exported
 - (2) the uranium or plutonium content
 - (3) the content of Pu 239 in enriched uranium.
 - (c) Specify the mode of transportation and type of package to be used.
 - (d) Financial security which covers the liability for nuclear damage (attach relevant document)
- 5. Additional Information required for the import or Export of Irradiating Apparatus, where appropriate:

Type and model	Maximum voltage Kilovolt	Maximum current miliampere	Maximum power level Kilowatt	Serial number of control panel	Serial number of tube head	Supplier
Α	В	, c	D	E	F	G

- 5.2 Technical specification of manufacture:
- 6. Additional Information Required for Import or Export of Prescribed Substance :

7.	Particulars of Licensee :				
	 (1) Licence no.; (2) Date of issuing licence; (3) Date of expiry; (4) Class of licence; 	ce:			
8.	Declaration by the Licens	see/Authorized	Person:		
	I(full name)	***************************************	***************************************		**********
	do hereby declare -				
	(a) that this application is	s made on my	own behalf/on be	half of	
	(b) that the particulars give correct.	ven in this form	n, including all su	pplements attached he	reto, are true and
6)	Signature				
	Name (in block letters) Designation Official Stamp Date	: :			
		For use	of the Commissi	on	
			4		
C	Completed application form	received on:	Comments	Approved by :	
F	ee received on :			Date :	

Schedule – IV.VI Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division P.O. Box No. – 158, Ramna, Dhaka – 1000.

Ref. 1	No. – NSRC L 6/97	Form No 1. 6/97
	APLICATION FORM for Nuclear Installation Licence Class "F" Licence	
Part -	1	
l. Ti	his is an Application for (tick ($$) where appropriate):	
	New licence	enewal of licence
2. Pu	rpose of the Practice (tick ($$) where appropriate) :	
	Research and Development Generation of Electricity Production of Isotope Others (specify)	
3. Sta	ge of Licence (tick (√) where appropriate):	
	Siting	
4. Par	ticulars of the Applicant/Licensee :	
(a) (b) (c)	Name: Mailing address: Address of premise: Telephone No.: (e) Fax/Telex:	
5. Full	Address where the Nuclear Installation will be Sited:	
	iculars of the Authorized Person to be Contacted about this Applic	eation:
(a) (b) (c) 1 (d)	Full name : Date of birth : Mailing address : Telephone no.: Signature and date : (e) Fax/Telex :	

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7. Radiation Control Officer:		
(a) Name:		
(b) Sex: (d) Qualification:	(c) Date of birth:	5. 20
(e) R.C.O. approval no. and date;(f) Validity period;(h) Renewal date;	(g) Expiry date:	
8. Amount of the Fee Paid:	Draft/Pay Order No.:	Date :
(Must be com	CERTIFICATION pleted by the applicant/licensee)	
I do hereby declare that, the statement are form shall be binding upon me and that I name is stated in item number 4 of this part to the applicable standards, codes and provided in this application form are true a	art certify that this document has	n behalf of me and whose
Signature of the applicant or his Legal Nominee	Printed Name a	nd Designation
Place :	Date :	
Part II		

This part of the application form will be formulated by the commission when the need arises in view of the IAEA and USNRC codes and guides (as applicable and adopted).

Schedule – IV.VII Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division P.O. Box No. – 158, Ramna, Dhaka – 1000.

Ref. No. – NSRC – L 7/97	Form No L7/97
APLICATION FORM for Waste Storage/Disposal Licence Class "G" Licence	
Part - I	
 (a) This is an Application for (tick (√) where appropriate): 	
☐ New licence ☐ Amendment of licence ☐ Renew	al of licence
(b) Period needed:	
 Purpose of the Practice (tick (√) where appropriate): 	
☐ Storage prior to disposal ☐ Disposal ☐ Others (specify)	
 Type of waste (tick (√) where appropriate): 	
Radioactive waste Others (specify)	
4. Particulars of the Applicant/Licensee :	
(a) Name: (b) Mailing address: (c) Address of premise: (d) Telephone No.: (e) Fax/Telex:	
5. Full Address of the Premise where the Waste will be Stored/Disposed:	
6. Particulars of the Authorized Person to be Contacted about this Application	on:
 (a) Full name: (b) Date of birth: (c) Mailing address: (d) Telephone no.: (e) Fax/Telex: 	
(f) Signature and date :	

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7.	Radiation Control Officer:		
	(a) Name :		
	(b) Sex:	(a) Data of Lul	
	(d) Qualification:	(c) Date of birth:	
	(e) R.C.O. approval no. and date		
	(f) Validity period :		
	(h) Renewal date:	(g) Expiry date:	
8.	Amount of the Fee Paid:	Draft/Pay Order No.:	Date :
		CERTIFICATION	*
	(Must be o	completed by the applicant/licensee)	
7 1		nt and proposals which have been furnis	
nan to	ne is stated in item number 4 of thi	is part certify that this document has been	half of me and whose
Sig	nature of the applicant nis Legal Nominee	Printed Name and D	esignation
Pla	ce:	Date :	
Part	II (Proforma for Technical Annexi	ure)	
N.B and Con the	6. While preparing this part: (1) the guides and if required, seek help f numission; and (2) for the amendme	e applicant is advised to consult the applicant is advised to consult the applicant the Nuclear Safety and Radiation Cent and renewal of the licence, only update rest just refer to the respective section	ontrol Division of the
Subwith	mit on typed page, measuring 8.5" additional papers where needed.	' x 11" (A4 size), all particulars to the i	tems described below
۱.	Describe the Purpose and Justificati	ion of the Practice:	
2. 1	Provide the Information on Site, 5 Room and Structure:	Site Layout, Building Plan and Design	of Radiation Related
i.]	Describe the Operation and Mainter	nance Programme to be Adopted :	
. 1	Describe the Quality Assurance (Q/	A) Programme to be Adopted:	

rganogram:	f Administrative Com	trol of the Radioactiv	e Material with a Co
lethod of Disposal :			
remou th Thisposal :			
Transfer to license	d disposal facility	☐ At licensee	's own disposal facility
Others (specify)		•	o omi disposar facility
escription of Method:	s in item 7, as applicab	le :	0.0
Transfer to disposal (i) Name of facilit	facility		
(ii) Address of faci	lity		
(iii) Transport mode	e		
(iv) Facility licence	number		
purpose of the	riod of agreement betw waste material disposed	een the applicant and fa	ucility company for the
At licensee's own di	isposal facility: attach	relevant documents of :	
approval.			site and facility for
The second secon	2		
The second secon	detail,		•
Others. : Explain in	detail.		
Others. : Explain in			
Others. : Explain in scription of Waste :	Physical/Cher		Activity
Others.: Explain in scription of Waste: Type of waste	Physical/Cher		
Others.: Explain in scription of Waste: Type of waste	Physical/Cher		Activity
Others. : Explain in scription of Waste : Type of waste A	Physical/Cher B	nical form	Activity C
Others. : Explain in scription of Waste : Type of waste A	Physical/Cher B		Activity C
Others. : Explain in scription of Waste : Type of waste A ticulars of Person Wi	Physical/Cher B ho will be Responsible Designation	nical form	Activity C
Others. : Explain in scription of Waste : Type of waste A	Physical/Cher B ho will be Responsible	nical form for the Storage and Dis	Activity C sposal of the Wastes ;
Others. : Explain in scription of Waste : Type of waste A ticulars of Person Wi	Physical/Cher B ho will be Responsible Designation	nical form for the Storage and Dis Date of Birth	Activity C sposal of the Wastes ;
Others. : Explain in scription of Waste : Type of waste A ticulars of Person Wi	Physical/Cher B ho will be Responsible Designation	nical form for the Storage and Dis Date of Birth	Activity C sposal of the Wastes ;
Others. : Explain in scription of Waste : Type of waste A ticulars of Person Winner A	Physical/Cher B ho will be Responsible Designation B	nical form for the Storage and Dis Date of Birth	Activity C sposal of the Wastes ;
Others.: Explain in scription of Waste: Type of waste A ticulars of Person Williams Name A	Physical/Cher B ho will be Responsible Designation B	nical form for the Storage and Dis Date of Birth	Activity C sposal of the Wastes ;
Others.: Explain in scription of Waste: Type of waste A ticulars of Person Williams Name A	Physical/Cher B ho will be Responsible Designation B applicable):	nical form for the Storage and Dis Date of Birth	Activity C sposal of the Wastes ;
Others.: Explain in scription of Waste: Type of waste A ticulars of Person Williams Name A lifted Expert (where Name: Field of expertise: Academic and profes	Physical/Cher B ho will be Responsible Designation B	nical form for the Storage and Dis Date of Birth	Activity C sposal of the Wastes ;
Others.: Explain in scription of Waste: Type of waste A ticulars of Person Williams Name A lifted Expert (where Name: Field of expertise:	Physical/Cher B ho will be Responsible Designation B applicable):	nical form for the Storage and Dis Date of Birth	Activity C sposal of the Wastes ;

12.	Particulars of	Worker	Handling	the	Wastes:	
-----	----------------	--------	----------	-----	---------	--

SI No.	Name A	Date of Birth B	Identity C

13. Radiation Detection or Measuring Instrument Currently Possessed by the Applicant (if any):

Type of instrument A	Supplier B	Model Number C	Number Available D	Radiation Detectable E	Range F

14.	ion of Instrument) where appropriat	tem 13 : ach the relevant certification)
	By applicant	Others (state the name and address of the calibrating agency)

Attach a resume describing the method and frequency of calibration, date of last calibration and standards used for instrument calibration.

15. Personnel Monitoring:

Type (tick(√) where appropriate) A	Supplier B	Evaluating Agency C	Frequency of Evaluation D
□m badge □lermoluminescence			
Dosimeter(TLD) hers(specify)			

6. Storage and Handling Facility for Radioactive Material (tick($\sqrt{\ }$) w	here appropriate) :
Laboratory facility, plant facility, including those equipped wi	
 Storage facility, container, special shielding (fixed or tempora Remote handling tool or equipment, etc. 	iry), etc.

Applicant is required to attach sketch and description of the relevant items.

Personal protective appliance, etc.

Ensaifi and Dass	allo de Pier De d		100	
specify and Descr	nibe the Fire Protect	tion Programme to I	be Adopted :	
Specify and Descr	ribe the Emergency	Response Programm	ne to be Adopted:	
specify and Descr Officer, Operator	ribe the Education a and Radiation Wor	and Training Progra ker to be Adopted :	mme for Superviso	r, Radiation C
N	F ' 66			
		ervisor, Radiation Co		
 a) State the Qual courses attend 	ification of Superv led and attach certif	isor, Radiation Contriled copy of certifica	rol Officer and Ope te obtained.	erator. List rele
		Designation	Qualification/0	Ource attanda
Name				
Name A		В	Market Commence Comment	
		- TOTAL TRANSPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	Market Commence Comment	
A		В		2
A b) State the Expe		- TOTAL TRANSPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE		2
A b) State the Expe	erience of Supervisc sume, if available.	B or, Radiation Control	Officer and Opera	C iter and attach
b) State the Expe	erience of Supervisc sume, if available.	В		2
b) State the Expe appropriate res	erience of Superviso sume, if available. Designation	B or, Radiation Control Organization	Officer and Opera	tor and attach
b) State the Expe appropriate res	erience of Superviso sume, if available. Designation	B or, Radiation Control Organization	Officer and Opera	tor and attach
b) State the Expe appropriate res	erience of Superviso sume, if available. Designation	B or, Radiation Control Organization	Officer and Opera	tor and attach
b) State the Expe appropriate res Name A	erience of Superviso sume, if available. Designation	B or, Radiation Control Organization C	Officer and Opera	tor and attach
b) State the Expe appropriate res Name A	prience of Supervisorsume, if available. Designation B	B or, Radiation Control Organization C	Officer and Opera Duration D	tor and attach Year E
A b) State the Experiment appropriate research Name A afety Related Equipment	prience of Supervisorsume, if available. Designation B Designation B Designation	B or, Radiation Control Organization C y: Model Number	Officer and Opera Duration D	Year E Quantity
b) State the Experimental American American American Facility and	prience of Supervisorsume, if available. Designation B	B or, Radiation Control Organization C	Officer and Opera Duration D	tor and attach Year E

23. Declaration by the	Licensee/Authorized I	Person:			
1 (full n					
do hereby declare	-				
(c) that this applie	cation is made on my o	wn behalf/on beh	alf of		
(d) that the particle correct.	ulars given in this form	, including all su	pplements attached hereto, are true and		
Signature					
Name (in block le	tters) :		***************************************		
Designation			*******		
Official Stamp		f			
Date			*******************************		
	For use	of the Commissi	on		
Completed applicati	ion form received on :	Comments	Approved by :		
Completed applicati	ion form received on .	Comments	Approved by .		
Fee received on:			Date:		

Schedule – IV.VIII Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division P.O. Box No. – 158, Ramna, Dhaka – 1000.

Form No. - L 8/97

APLICATION	FOR

Ref. No. - NSRC L 8/97

		APLICATION FORM for Other Practice Licen Class "H" Licence		
<u>Pai</u>	$\tau - 1$			
1.	This is an Application for (tick $(\sqrt[l]{s})$ where appropriate) :		
	□ New licence □	☐ Amendment of licence		Renewal of licence
2.	Purpose of the Practice (tic	k ($\sqrt{\ }$) where appropriate) :		
	Use Produce Own Others (specify)	☐ Manufacture ☐ Process ☐ Handle		Trade Purchase Store
3.	Stage of Licence (tick (√)	where appropriate):		
	☐ Siting ☐	☐ Temporary operation		Full operation
4.	Particulars of the Applicant	/Licensee :		
	(a) Name:(b) Mailing address:(c) Address of premise:(d) Telephone No.:	(e) Fax/Tel	ex:	
5.	Full Address where the Nuc	lear Installation will be Sited	:	
6.	Particulars of the Authorize	d Person to be contacted abou	it this A	pplication :
	(a) Full name:(b) Date of birth:(c) Mailing address:(d) Telephone no.:	(e) Fax/Tel	ex:	
	(c) Signature and date:	7,000		

7. Radiation Control Officer:	
(a) Name:	
(b) Sex:	(c) Date of birth:
(d) Qualification:	
(c) R.C.O. approval no. and da	
(f) Validity period :	(g) Expiry date:
(h) Renewal date:	
8. Amount of the Fee Paid:	Draft/Pay Order No.: Date :
	CERTIFICATION
(Must be c	ompleted by the applicant/licensee)
form shall be binding upon me and whose name is stated in item nur prepared in pursuant to the applica	It and proposals which have been furnished in this application that I and any person who certifies on behalf of me and other 4 of this part certify that this document has been able standards, codes and guides stated under these rules this application form are true and correct.
Signature of the applicant or his Legal Nominee	Printed Name and Designation
Place:	Date :
D. CH	

Part II

This part of the application form will be formulated by the commission in pursuant to the nature and involvement of the practice.

Schedule -V

BANGLADESH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division Post Box No. 158, Ramna, Dhaka,

Procedure for Obtaining Reactor Operator/Senior Reactor Operator Licence:

The following conditions/procedures shall apply for issuing a Reactor Operator (RO)/ Senior Reactor Operator (SRO) licence:

- An application with the requisite qualification and on satisfactory completion of the required training shall apply to the Commission through the licensee in prescribed Application Form (Annex-I) along with the Certificate of Medical History and Medical Examination (Annex-II);
- The minimum qualification required for a RO/SRO licence is B.Sc. degree in Engineering or M.Sc. in Physics;
- iii) The training requirements is given in 10 CFR 55 and USNRC NUREG-0094 Rev.=1 of WASH 1094;
- iv) The procedures and conditions of the licence shall be in accordance with the requirements of 10 CFR 55;
- v) The licensee shall provide police and NSI vetting of the applicants;
- vi) The written examination and oral test to be conducted by the Commission shall be in pursuant to requirements of 10 CFR 55 and USNRC NUREG-0094, Rev.-1 of WASH 1094; and
- vii) The Commission on satisfactory review of the application, medical history and medical history and medical examination, result of the written re-examination and oral test and the police & NSI vetting will issue the licence on such terms and conditions as necessitated by the regulations.

BANGLADESH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division Post Box No. 158, Ramna, Dhaka.

Ref. No. NSRCD-4(13)/88

To

Name & address of employer:

Type of business:

Form Approval No. L-1/88.

	Reactor	Operator (RO) / Sen	nior Reactor O	or perator	s (SRO) Licence	
 Father's Present / Permane Date of I Nationality Sex: 	Address: ant Address: Birth (Year/M y by Birth	onth/Day):		Nationali Status (!	recent phother the back of write you address an picture was ty Single/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/Married/Directory/Supple/	vorced
11. Education: (Studies Year Attended From To		Degrees & Acade Distinctions	on in chronological or mic Year of Award		der) Main Course of Study	Name of Institution
12. Employm have had the same	. Use a separa	Starting with your pr ate Block for each p	esent, past, lis ost. If you ne	it in reve ed more	rse order every en space attach addit	nployment you tional pages of
		Exact title of	e of your post DESCRIF		RIPTION OF YO	OUR DUTIES
Name & addr Name and titl Type of busin	e of present s					

13. Whether any RO/SRO licence issued previously? If so, give serial no., place and date of issue and the date of expiration (attach an attested copy).

Exact title of your post

14. Any other relevant information the applicant wishes to furnish. 15. I certify that the foregoing information supplied by me is true to the best of my knowledge, and authorize the Commission to use any of the information in this certificate in the exercise of its authority over the licensing of operators. (Date) (Facility) (Signature of applicant) 16. Name and address of the reactor facility, for which the licence is sought and state the facility licence No. 17. Evidence/proof that the applicant has learned to operate the controls of the facility in competent and safe manner and the need for the RO/SRO licence. List the examination Passed and attach relevant documents. 18.If a complete waiver for the examinations/tests by the Commission is desired, please submit adequate justifications for it. 19. A report of a current medical examination by a licensed medical practitioner, in the form prescribed by the NSRCD (No. MT-1/88) shall be attached.

(Date)

(Place)

20. Written request by the authorized representative of the reactor facility.

(Signature and seal of the authorized representative)

INSTRUCTIONS:

1) The application shall be submitted in TRIPLICATE.

2) Applicant must complete all items in pages 1 and 2 and the authorized representatives of the reactor facility shall fill in pages 3 and 4:

3) For any further information/clarifications, please contact Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division, Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission.

MEDICAL EXAMINATION

- A. Doctor: It is essential that each of the items on this page be completed. Sign the certificate and mail to the Director, Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division, Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission, P. O Box 158, Ramna, Dhaka.
- B. Physician's summary and elaboration of the medical history in front of report. Use additional sheet if more space is needed.

1. Date of examination	2. He	ight		3. Weight
4. Blood pressure	5. Pu	lsc		
6. Distant visual acuity unco	rrected	right	left	method used
7. Distant visual acuity corre	ected	right	left	(data required if corrected lenses are normally worn)
8. Near visual acuity uncorre	ected	right	left	method used
9. Near visual acuity correct	ed	right	left	(data required if corrected lenses are normally worn)
10. Colour vision				method used
11. Gross visual fields				
12. Hearing		right	left	method used
13. Eyes, general		14. Pu	pils	
15. Opthalmoscopic				
16. Ears general		17. Dr	ums	
18. Heart		19. Va	scular	system
20. Details and evaluation of overall condition.	of any iten	1 I throu	gh 19 a	bove, report abnormal and summary evaluation
21. Did the foregoing exa impaired judgement or			ny mer ⊒Yes	ntal or physical disability which might cause

I understand that any of the information in this examination may be used by the commission/ Director, Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division, in the exercise of its authority over the licensing of operators.

(Date)

DOCTOR: IT IS REQUIRED THAT EVERY ITEM ON THIS PAGE BE COMPLETED EXCEPT THOSE MARKED WITH WHEN NOT APPLICABLE

- 1. Signature of examining Physician
- 2. Typed or printed name of examining Physician
- 3. Address

Instructions: 1. Applicant must complete all item on pages 1 & 2 typewritten or print in ink. Physician must complete all items on pages 3&4.

2. For any further information/clarifications, please contact Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division, Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission.

BANGLADESH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division Post Box No. 158, Ranna, Dhaka.

Ref. No. NSRC-4(13)/87

Form Approval NO. MT-1/88

CERTIFICATE OF MEDICAL HISTORY Reactor Operator's or Senior Reactor Operator's Licence

1. Last Name	First Name	Middle Name	2. Date of Birt	h	
3. Home Address			4. Sex		
Have you ever had in the affirmative u	or do you have now nder item 37.	any of the following?	Give details of any	conditio	on answered
5. Rheumatic feve	r			Yes	No
6. Frequent or seve	ere headache				
7. Dizziness or fai					
8. Eye trouble	3				
9. Diabetes					
10. Tuberculosis					
11. Chronic shortne	ss of breath				
12. Pain or pressure		ttack**			
13. High blood pres	sure	THE COLUMN		-	
14. Low blood press	sure				
15. Peptic ulcer					
16. Bone, joint or ot	her deformity				
17. Painful or "trick	" shoulder				
18. Painful or "trick"					
19. Paralysis					-
20. Epilepsy or fits					
21. Depression or ex	cessive worry				-
22. Loss or memory	or amnesia				
23. Nervous condition	on which could imp	air judgement or reliabi	lieu		
24. Drug narcotic ha	bit or excessive driv	king	inty		
25. Do you normally	wear eveglasses?	iking			
26. Has your work e	ver been limited or	restricted for medical re	2000002		
27. Have you ever be reasons?	een denied or rated	up for life insurance for	medical		
other facility or f	is condition as a pat from a physician, cli	on or received care or to ient in a hospital, sanat inical psychologist, etc.	orium, clinic or		
29. Have you ever	for physical, me	or discharged from ental or from a phy	amployment or		

30. Have you ever been received, is there p	pending, have you applied for, or do
31. Have you ever seriously considered con	nmitting suicide?
32. Have you ever been convicted of an ordinance? Do not include anything birthday. Do not include violations for was imposed.	ny violation of law, regulations or g that happened before your16th which a fine of Tk. 1000/- or less
33. Have you ever had any major illness noted?	or injury other than those already
34. How many jobs have you had in the last	t 3 years?
35. What is the length of time in your presen	nt employment?
36. Give a brief statement of your present he	ealth in your own words.
mendes any matter relating to physi	ered in the affirmative. In addition if your medical historical, mental or nervous condition, please describe the on of why this matter would not affect your ability attional sheet if more space is needed.
38. I certify that the foregoing information authorize the Commission. To use any authority over the licensing of operators	supplied by me is true to the best of my knowledge, an of the information in this certificate in the exercise of it.
(Date) (Facility)	(Signature of applicant)

Schedule - VI

BANGLADESH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division Post Box No. 158, Ramna, Dhaka,

LICENCE, RENEWAL AND AMENDMEND FEES

VI.1. LICENCE AND RENEWAL FEES

3) full operating licence

The licence and annual renewal fees for different nuclear/radiation facilities/activities shall be

charged as follows: No. Facility/Practice Licence Fee Renewal Fee Stage (Taka) (Taka) Total (Taka) 01. Full-fledged medical centres which havea) Radiotherany devices such as Linear 2,50,000,00 50,000.00 Accelerator, Betatron, Cobalt-60, Cesium-137, Deep X-ray therapy, Teletherapy, etc. 1) siting licence 1,00,000.00 2) temporary operating licence 50,000.00 3) full operating licence 1,00,000.00 b) diagnostic devices such as Gamma 1,50,000.00 20,000.00 Camera, Linear Scanner, RIA equipment etc. 1) siting licence 75,000.00 2) temporary operating licence 25,000.00 3) full operating licence 50,000.00 02. Radiotherapy Centre or Nuclear Medicine 75,000.00 10,000.00 Centre or Nuclear Cardiology Centre. (Single facility) 1) siting licence 35,000.00 2) temporary operating licence 15,000.00 3) full operating licence 25,000.00 03. Radio-Immunno Assay, devices used in 10,000.00 2,000.00 research, education and testing activities etc. (per unit) - full operation X-ray machine used for diagnosis in clinics, 04. 10,000.00 2,000.00 hospitals, nursing homes etc. (per unit) - full 05. Organisation using radiation source for 30,000.00 10,000.00 industrial radiography, mining etc. activities. Nuclear Reactor 06. 7 Crore 30.00,000.00 1) siting licence 3 Crore 2) startup licence 2 Crore

2 Crore

No.	Facility/Practice	Licence	Fee	Renewal Fee
		Stage (Taka)	Total (Taka)	(Taka)
07.	Nuclear Research Reactor 1) siting licence 2) startup licence 3) full operating licence	10,00,000.00 7,50,000.00 7,50,000.00	25,00,000.0	1,50,000.00
08.	Nuclear fuel enrichment and fabrication facilities: 1) siting licence 2) startup licence 3) full operating licence	0.75 Crore 1.25 Crore 0.75 Crore	2.75 Crore	15,00,000.00
09.	Mining & Milling facilities: (single unit) 1) temporary operating licence 2) full operating licence	7,50,000,00 7,50,000,00	15,00,000.0	3,00,000.00
10.	Uranium Conversion facility Licence – full operation	11201100	30,00,000,0	7,00,000.00
11.	Radioactive Waste Facility a) Waste repository licence b) Waste storage facility licence (ordinary)		0.80 Crore 0.20 Crore	8,00,000.00 2,00,000.00
12.	Entry into Bangladesh and stay of Nuclear powered vehicle a) Entry Fee b) Stay per day		00.000,00,1	2,00,000,00
13.	Irradiating Facility a) Commercial irradiating facility per unit upto 50,000 Ci. 1) siting licence 2) startup licence 3) full operating licence b) For sources above 50,000 Ci, additional 50% of the rates at 13(a) Schedule VI.1 per unit source. c) Non - commercial irradiating facility per unit (<50,000 Ci), the following rates for each 10,000 Ci or fraction thereof: 1) siting licence 2) startup licence 3) full operating licence	40,000.00 40,000.00 40,000.00 4,000.00 4,000.00	10,000.00	2,000.00
14.	Licence for transport of radioactive materials, nuclear materials or any prescribed substances or their wastes.	4,000.00	10,000.00	2,000.00
15.	Licence for import and export of radioactive materials, nuclear materials or any prescribed substances or their wastes.		10,000.00	

No.	Facility/Practice	Licer	Licence Fee		
16.	0) 1:- 6	Stage (Taka)	Total (Taka)	Renewal Fee	
10.	 Licence for disposal of radioactive materials, nuclear materials, prescribed substances or their wastes. 	To be decided case basis.	by the BAEC on	(Taka) case by	
	 Licence for storage of radioactive materials, nuclear materials, prescribed substances or their wastes. 	To be decided I case basis.	by the BAEC on	case by	
	 Licence for decommissioning a milling installation, nuclear installation, waste treatment facility, irradiating apparatus or sealed source apparatus. 	To be decided to case basis.	by the BAEC on (case by	
17.	Licence for Radiation Processed Food-Stuff	To be decided b	y the BAEC on c	ase by	
8.	Licence for other types	case pasis.	y the BAEC on c		

VI.2: LICENCE AMENDMENT FEE

The above rates may be reviewed by the BAEC from time to time. Licence amendment fee for each of the above mentioned 18 (eighteen) categories of radiation/nuclear facilities shall be fixed 50% of the licence fee.

Schedule - VII

BANGLADESH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division Post Box No. 158, Ramna, Dhaka.

PERMIT FEE:

The permit fee to be paid by a licensed importer/exporter of radioactive materials, sources, apparatus, etc. to the commission prior to customs' clearance shall be charged at the following rate: --

(1) Commercial

2% of the C& F value

(2) Non - commercial

0.5% of the C & F value

Schedule VIII

Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division P.O.Box. No. 158, Ramna, Dhaka.

8.1. RADIOACTIVITY TESTING FEES OF THE FOOD SAMPLES

*(a) Radioactivity testing fees of food samples of all imported milk and dairy products shall be charged at the following rates on the basis of C & F value of imported food –

SI. No.	C&F value of the imported items	Fixed fee
01.	Up to Tk. 10,00,000/=	0.5% of the C&F value but not less than Tk. 500/=
02.	From Tk. 10,00,001/= to Tk. 1,00,00,000/=	Tk. 5,000/= and 0.25% of the C&F value for the amount exceeding Tk. 10,00,000/=
03.	From Tk. 1,00,00,001/= to Tk. 2,50,00,000/=	Tk. 27,500/= and 0.15% of the C&F value for the amount exceeding Tk. 1,00,00,000/-
04.	From Tk. 2,50,00,000/= to Tk. 5,00,00,000/=	Tk. 50,000/= and 0.10% of the C&F value for the amount exceeding Tk. 2,50,00,000/=
05.	From Tk. 5,00,00,000/= to Tk. 10,00,00,000/=	Tk. 75,000/= and 0.05% of the C&F value for the amount exceeding Tk. 5,00,00,000/=
06.	More than Tk. 10,00,00,000/=	Tk. 1,00,000/= and 0.01% of the C&F value for the amount exceeding Tk. 10,00.00,000/=

*(aa) Radioactivity testing fees of the food samples of other food items except the food items mentioned in clause 8.1(a) shall be charged at 50% of the fees mentioned in that clause:

provided that such fees shall not be less than Tk. 500/=

*(b) Sample collection procedure -

The following procedures shall be followed to collect food samples in order to examine the radioactivity level of imported food:-

- (1) in the case of food item mentioned in clause 8.1(a) is imported in a container, at least one sample shall be collected from each container and in the case of the item, imported in gunny bags placed in hatch or deck of a ship, one sample shall be collected from every 100 bags; and
- (2) in the case of food items mentioned in clause 8.1(aa), -
 - (a) if the item is imported in a container, at least one sample for every five containers or its part;
 - (b) if the item is imported in gunny bags, at least one sample for every ten thousands gunny bags or its part; and
 - (c) if the item is imported in open condition in hatch or shell under the deck of a ship at least one sample from each hatch or shell, shall be collected.

^{*} Amended and notified in Bangladesh Gazette on the 25th of May, 1998.

(c) Special Case -

- 1) if samples are needed to be re-examined, in that case, Tk. 1,000/= shall be charged for each sample.
- 2) no radioactivity testing fee is required for the imported food used for relief and rehabilitation work. In such case, prior permission from the Commission or certification form ministry of Relief & Rehabilitation/NGO Bureau or at least Deputy/Divisional Commissioner/Head shall be needed.

(d) Exported Item – in the case of radioactivity testing of exported item, the fee shall be 50% of applicable fee of the imported food or be collected at reduced rate specified by the Commission.

8.2. CALIBRATION FEE

SI. No.	Facility/Practice	Fee per unit per time	Travelling allowance rule
1.	X - Ray Machine (a) Diagnostic (stationary) (b) Diagnostic (portable) (c) Radiography (NDT) (d) Fluoroscopy/Simulator	Tk. 3,000.00 Tk. 2,500.00 Tk. 2,500.00 Tk. 3,500.00	As per govt, rule -dododo-
2. Therapeutic Machine (a) Deep Therapy (b) Teletherapy(Cs-137,Co-60,etc.) (c) Linear Accelerator/Betatron (d) Brachytherapy		Tk. 4,000.00 Tk. 4,000.00 Tk. 5.000.00 Tk. 4,000.00	-do- -do- -do- -do-
3.	Radioisotope for Industrial use (Ir-192, Cs-137, Co-60, etc.)	Tk. 3,000.00	-do-
4.	Radioisotope for Research/ Development in Scientific Activity (Agriculture, Research Organisation, etc.).	Tk. 2,500.00	-do-
5.	Nuclear Medicine Centre/ Mining/Milling/Nuclear Installation	To be decided by BAEC	on case by case basis.

8,3. STANDARDIZATION FEE

SI. No.	Facility/Practice	Fee per unit per time	Travelling allowance rule
1.	 X - Ray Machine (a) Diagnostic (stationary) (b) Diagnostic (portable) (c) Radiography (NDT) (d) Fluoroscopy/Simulator 	Tk. 3,000.00 Tk. 2,500.00 Tk. 2,500.00 Tk. 3,500.00	As per govt, rule -do- -do- -do-
2.	Therapeutic Machine (a) Deep Therapy (b) Teletherapy(Cs-137,Co-60,etc.) (c) Linear Accelerator/Betatron (d) Brachytherapy	Tk. 4,000.00 Tk. 4,000.00 Tk. 5,000.00 Tk. 4.000.00	-do- -do- -do- -do-
3.	Radioisotope for Industrial use (Ir-192, Cs-137, Co-60, etc.)	Tk. 3,000.00	-do-
4.	Radioisotope for Research/ Development in Scientific Activity (Agriculture, Research Organisation, etc.).	Tk. 2,500.00	-do-
5.	Nuclear Medicine Centre/Mining /Milling/Nuclear Installation	To be decided by BA	EC on case by case basis.

8.4. DOSIMETRY FEE

Sl. No.	Name of Badge	New Badge(per piece)	Processing/Reading per time per piece
1,	Film	Tk. 150.00	Tk. 75.00
2.	TLD	Tk. 800.00	Tk. 100.00

8.5. STANDARDIZATION OF DOSE MEASURING INSTRUMENT AT SSDL

Sl. No.	Name of the Equipment	Fee per unit per time
1.	Survey meter (Beta, Gamma, Neutron, etc.)	Tk. 1,000.00
2.	Exposure meter	Tk. 1,500.00
3.	Other Dose Measuring Devices	To be decided by BAEC on case by case basis.

8.6. DA OF THE EXPERT FOR TECHNICAL SERVICES OUTSIDE BAEC

Sl. No.	Designation	Allowance Per Day
1.	Chief Scientific Officer/Equivalent	Tk. 250.00
2.	Principal Scientific Officer/Equivalent	Tk. 200.00
3.	Senior Scientific Officer/Equivalent	Tk. 175.00
4.	Senior Experimental Officer/Senior Technical Officer /Chief Technician	Tk. 160.00
5.	Scientific Officer/Equivalent	Tk. 150.00
6.	Experimental Officer/Technical Officer /Principal Technician	Tk. 120,00
7.	Junior Experimental Officer/Junior Engineer/Senior Scientific Assistant/Senior Technician/Equivalent	Tk. 110.00
8.	Research Assistant/Sub-Assistant Engineer/Scientific Assistant-I/Equivalent	Tk. 100.00
9.	Scientific Assistant-II/Technician - II/Equivalent	Tk. 75.00
10.	Laboratory Attendant/Technician Helper/Equivalent	Tk. 60.00

N.B.: For remote places such as Teknaf, Mongla, Kutubdia, Tetulia, etc., the respective institution shall pay 10% in addition to the above mentioned rate.

8.7. OTHER SERVICE FEES

Fee shall be charged for the following services based on the consideration of actual cost involved for the particular service determined by the Commission:

- (1) Special Safety Analysis shall be determined on the basis of the type of analysis, its depths, required man-hour, use of special equipment and technique, inspection or observation requirement, management requirement etc.
- (2) Training of Radiation Control Officer shall be determined on the basis of the number, duration and quality of lectures, number, duration and quality of practical classes, related instruments and other facilities to be used and other institutional and management requirements to be determined on the basis of type and involvement of the practice.
- (3) Training of Occupational Worker shall be determined on the basis of number, duration and quality of lectures, number, duration and quality of practical classes, related instruments and other facilities to be used and other institutional and management requirements to be determined on the basis of type and involvement of the practice.
- (4) Special inspection shall be determined on the basis of status of the inspecting persons, their number and instruments and devices required for the special demand of the licensee or for the evaluation of licence application.
- (5) Other cases shall be fixed by the commission based on the actual cost.

Schedule -IX

BANGLADESH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division Post Box No. 158, Ramna, Dhaka.

APPLICABLE STANDARD, CODE AND GUIDE1

SI No.		Facilities/Practices	Applicable Standards, Code and Guide
1.	Radia	tion Exposure Control:	The state of the s
	(i)	Occupational Exposure	IAEA Safety Series Nos. 115(1996), 34 & 101 ICRU Report 51 (1993)
	(ii)	Medical Exposure	IAEA Safety Series No. 115(1996) Helsinki Declaration(1974) and Amendments USNRC 10 CFR 35 (as applicable)
	(iii)	Public Exposure	WHO TRS No. 795(1990) IAEA Safety Series Nos. 115(1996), 72 & 81.5
	(iv)	Potential Exposure	IAEA Safety Series Nos. 115(1996), 72 & 81.5
	(v)	Emergency Exposure	IAEA Safety Series Nos. 115(1996), 72 & 104
	(vi)	Chronic Exposure Situations	IAEA Safety Series Nos. 115(1996) & 81
2.	-	gency Response Plan	IAEA Safety Series Nos. 55, 73, 88, 91, 94 & 97
3.		cal Practices :	
	(i)	X – Ray	IAEA Safety Series No. 115(1996) AERB Code No. SC/MED-2, December, 1986
	(ii)	Radiation Imaging	IAEA Safety Series No. 115(1996) AERB Gode No. SC/MED-5, November, 1989 WHO TRS No. 757(1987) &795(1990) WHO QA - 1982
	(iii)	Nuclear Medicine	IAEA Safety Series Nos. 115(1996), 88 & 102 AERB Code No. SC/MED-4, November, 1988 USNRC 10 CFR 35 WHO QA – 1982.
	(iv)	Tele Gamma Therapy	IAEA Safety Series No. 115(1996) AERB Code No. SC/MED-1, November, 1988 USNRC 10 CFR 35
	(v)	Brachytherapy	WHO QA = 1988. IAEA Safety Series No. 115(1996) AERB Code No. SC/MED-3, March, 1986 USNRC 10 CFR 35
	(vi)	Accelerator	IAEA Safety Series Nos. 115(1996) & 107 IAEA TRS Nos. 188 & 283
4.	Resea	rch, Development & Training	IAEA Safety Series No. 102
5.	Transportation of Radioactive Material		IAEA Safety Series Nos. 6 (1990), 7, 37, 80 & 87

List is not comprehensive.

SI No.	Facilities/Practices	Applicable Standards, Code and Guide
6.	Personnel Monitoring	IAEA Safety Series No. 14
7.	Radioactive Waste Management	IAEA Safety Series Nos. 53, 63, 79, 111 SF, 111-S1, 111 G1.1, 111-G3.1 and Other IAEA RADWASS Publications
8.	Intervention Criteria in a Nuclear or Radiation Emergency	IAEA Safety Series No. 109 (1994)
9.	Quality Assurance	IAEA QA Documents
10.	Nuclear Safeguards	IAEA Publications under INFCIRC
11.	Research Reactor: (i) Operation (ii) Design (iii) Safety Assessment (iv) Utilization & Modification (v) Commissioning (vi) Decommissioning	IAEA Safety Series Nos. 35 & 35 – S1 IAEA Safety Series Nos. 35 & 35 – S2 IAEA Safety Series Nos. 35 & 35 – G1 IAEA Safety Series Nos. 35 & 35 – G2 IAEA Safety Series Nos. 35 & 35 – G4 IAEA Safety Series No. 74
12.	Nuclear Reactor	IAEA Safety Series Nos. 115 (1996), 52, 69 & 73, and other IAEA publications published under INSAG and NUSS Programme and USNRC 10 CFI 50, 55 & 100 (as applicable)
13.	Operator's Licence for Nuclear Reactor	USNRC 10 CFR 55, USNRC NUREG-0094, Rev. of WASH 1094
14.	Industrial Radiography	USNRC 10 CFR 34 (as applicable). Working Safety in Gamma Radiography – NUREG/BR-0024, AERI Guide Nos. SG/IN-1, SG/IN-2 & SG/IN-3.
15.	Site Preparations and Structural Works	Bangladesh National Building Code (1993) and other applicable National & International Standards
16.	Electrical Works	NEC Code, USNIST Standards or Equivalent Standards
17.	Mechanical Works	ASME, ASTM & equivalent Standards
18.	Fire Protection	IAEA Safety Series No. 50-SG-D2 (REV-1) and other National & International Standards
19.	Uranium Mining and Milling	IAEA Safety Series Nos. 82, 85, 90 & 95
20.	Release of Radioactive Effluents into Environment	IAEA Safety Series No. 77
21.	Exemption Criteria	IAEA Safety Series No. 89
22.	Safety Culture	IAEA Safety Series Nos. INSAG-4
23,	Radiation Processing of Food Stuff	Joint FAO/WHO Food Standards Programme, Codex Alimentarius Commission, Codex Alimentarius, 1991
24.	Intervention	IAEA Safety Series No. 109

Schedule - X

VERIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH DOSE LIMITS

- doses from external exposure in the specified period and the relevant committed doses from intakes in the same period; the period for calculating the committed dose shall normally be 50 years for intakes by adults and to age 70 years for intakes by children.
- 2. For the purpose of demonstrating compliance with dose limits, the sum of the personal dose equivalent from external exposure to penetrating radiation in the specified period and the committed equivalent dose or committed effective dose, as appropriate, from intakes of radioactive substances in the same period shall be used.
- 3. Compliance with the foregoing requirements for application of the dose limits on effective dose shall be determined by either of the following methods:
- (a) by comparing the total effective dose with the relevant dose limit, where the total effective dose E_f is calculated according to the following formula;

$$E_T \; = \; H_p(d) \; + \; \sum_{j} \; e(g)_{j,ing} \; I_{j,ing} \; + \; \sum_{j} \; e(g)_{j,inh} \; I_{j,inh} \;$$

where $H_p(d)$ is the personal dose equivalent from exposure to penetrating radiation S during the year; $e(g)_{j,ing}$ and $e(g)_{j,inh}$ are the committed effective dose per unit intake by ingestion and inhalation for radionuclide j by the group of age g; and $I_{j,ing}$ and $I_{j,inh}$ are the intakes via ingestion or inhalation of radionuclide j during the same period; or

(b) by satisfying the following condition:

$$\frac{H_{n}(d)}{|DL|} + \sum_{j} \frac{I_{j,ing}}{I_{j,ing,L}} + \sum_{j} \frac{I_{j,inh}}{I_{j,inh,L}} \leq 1$$

where DL is the relevant dose limit on effective dose, and $l_{j,ing,L}$ and $l_{j,inh,L}$ are the annual limits on intake (ALI) via ingestion or via inhalation of radio-nuclide j (i.e. the intakes by the relevant route of radionuclide j that lead to the relevant limit on effective dose); or

(c) by any other approved method.

S The use of the ICRU operational quantity personal dose equivalent, $H_p(d)$, for this purpose is appropriate for all radiations except neutrons in the energy range 1 eV to 30 keV. In situations in which neutrons in this energy range contribute a major fraction of the effective dose, additional information may be necessary to determine the relationship between the value of the personal dose equivalent and the corresponding effective dose.

4. Except for radon progeny and thoron progeny, values of the committed effective dose per unit intake for ingestion $e(g)_{j,ing}$ and for inhalation $e(g)_{j,inh}$ are given for occupational exposure in Table – III and for public exposure in Tables –VI and II-VII. Values of $I_{j,L}$ may be obtained from the relevant values of the committed effective dose per unit intake by means of the following relationship:

$$I_{j,L} = \frac{DL}{c_j}$$

where DL is the relevant annual dose limit on effective dose and e_j is the relevant value of dose per unit intake for radionuclide j given in Tables .-III, . VI or VII as appropriate.

- 5. For occupational exposure to radionuclides, Table -III gives ingestion and inhalation dose coefficients: that is, the committed effective dose per unit intake via ingestion corresponding to different gut transfer factors f_1 (i.e. the proportion of the intake transferred to body fluids in the gut) for various chemical forms; and the committed effective dose per unit intake via inhalation for the default lung absorption types (fast, moderate and slow) given in the new model for the respiratory tract (see ICRP Publication No. 66 (1994))⁴, with appropriate f_1 values for the component of the intake cleared from the lung to the gastrointestinal tract. These inhalation and ingestion dose coefficients for occupational exposure are consistent with those given in ICRP Publication No. 68 (1994)⁴. Table -IV gives the f_1 values and Table -V gives the lung absorption types for various chemical forms of the elements, on the basis that inhalation classes given as days, weeks and years in ICRP Publication No. 30, Parts 1-4, have been designated as absorption types F. M and S (fast, moderate and slow), respectively, as in ICRP Publication No. 68 (1994)⁴. Under certain assumptions $I_{j,L}$ can be used as an ALI for occupational exposure.
- 6. For public exposure to radionuclides, Table -VI gives ingestion dose coefficients corresponding to different gut transfer factors f_1 for intakes of radionuclides by members of the public. The f_1 values used in the calculations, which are also given in the table, are taken from ICRP Publications Nos 56 (1989), 67 (1993), 69 (1995) and 71 (1996)⁴ wherever possible, or otherwise from ICRP Publication No. 30 (Parts 1-4)⁴. Increased f_1 values have been applied to three-month-old infants. Table -VII gives inhalation dose coefficients for members of the public for different lung absorption types (F, M and S). The relevant ICRP Publications for the source of information on lung absorption types and biokinetic models for systemic

activity used for these calculations are given in Table -VIII. For the 31 elements for which information on lung absorption is given in ICRP Publication No. 71 (1996)4, dose coefficients are given for the three absorption types, together with a recommended default value for use if, and only if, no specific information is available on the chemical form of the radionuclide. For all these 31 elements, specific age dependent biokinetic models for systemic activity have been developed by the ICRP and information is given in Publications Nos 56, 67, 69 and 714. The radionuclides of these elements are considered to be of principal significance for purposes of environmental radiation protection. For radionuclides of the remaining 60 elements, the biokinetic models used are those given in ICRP Publication No. 30 (Parts 1-4) for workers. The dose calculations for the radionuclides of these additional elements allow for age dependent changes in body mass, geometry and excretion rates, but not for the biokinetics of systemic activity. The results should therefore be used with caution for members of the public. Higher ft values have been applied to three-month-old infants. The dose coefficients for the various radionuclides of these additional 60 elements have been calculated on the basis that lung classes given as D, W and Y in ICRP Publication No. 30 have been designated as absorption types F. M and S respectively. Information is given in the relevant ICRP publications on the chemical forms appropriate to the different inhalation classes/types. In general, if no information is available on these parameters, the most restrictive value should be used for comparison with dose limits. These dose coefficients are consistent with those given in ICRP Publication No. 72 (1996)4

- 7. Table -IX gives dose coefficients for gases and vapours for infants, children and adults. The values for adults are appropriate for both workers and members of the public. These dose coefficients are consistent with those given in ICRP Publication Nos 71 (1996) and 72 (1996)⁴. Table -X gives effective dose rates for exposure of adults to inert gases. The values are applicable to both workers and adult members of the public.
- 8. For exposure to radon progeny, using a conversion coefficient of 1.4 mSv per mJ·h·m⁻³, the dose limits in para. II-5 may be interpreted as follows: 20 mSv corresponds to 14 mJ·h·m⁻³ (4 working level months (WLMs)) and 50 mSv corresponds to 35 mJ·h·m⁻³ (10 WLM). For exposure to radon progeny and thoron progeny, I_{j,inh} and I_{j,inh,L} in the formulas given in para. 2 may be expressed in terms of potential alpha energy intake, using the relevant limits specified in Tables -I and II (the values are from ICRP Publication No. 65 (1993)⁴ /; alternatively, I_{j,inh} and I_{j,inh,L} may be replaced by potential alpha energy exposure (often expressed in WLMs), using the relevant limits specified in Tables -I and II.
- 9. The committed equivalent dose in an organ or tissue due to the intake by a given route of any radionuclide may be determined:

- (a) by multiplying the estimated intake of the radionuclide via such a route by the appropriate value of the committed equivalent dose per unit intake corresponding to such an organ or tissue; or
- (b) by any other approved method.

[&]quot; INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION ON RADIOLOGICAL PROTECTION, Limits for Intakes of Radionuclides by Workers, ICRP Publication No. 30, Part 1. Ann. ICRP 2 3/4, Pergamon Press, Oxford (1979); ICRP, Limits for Intakes of Radionuclides by Workers, ICRP Publication No. 30, Part 2, Ann. ICRP 4 3/4, Pergamon Press, Oxford (1980); ICRP, Limits for Intakes of Radionuclides by Workers, ICRP Publication No. 30. Part 3 (including addendum to Parts 1 and 2), Ann. ICRP 6 2/3, Pergamon Press. Oxford (1981); ICRP, Limits for Intakes of Radionuclides by Workers: An Addendum, ICRP Publication No. 30, Part 4, Ann. ICRP 19 4, Pergamon Press, Oxford (1988);; ICRP, Age-Dependent Doses to Members of the Public from Intake of Radionuclides: Part 1, ICRP Publication No. 56, Ann. ICRP 20 2, Pergamon Press, Oxford (1989); ICRP, Age-Dependent Doses to Members of the Public from Intake of Radionuclides: Part 2, Ingestion Dose Coefficients, ICRP Publication No. 67, Ann. ICRP 23 3/4, Elsevier Science, Oxford (1993); ICRP, Human Respiratory Tract Model for Radiological Protection, ICRP Publication No. 66, Ann. ICRP 24 1-3, Elsevier Science, Oxford (1994); ICRP, Dose Coefficients for Intakes of Radionuclides by Workers, ICRP Publication No. 68, Ann. ICRP 24 4. Elsevier Science, Oxford (1994); ICRP, Age-Dependent Doses to Members of the Public from Intake of Radionuclides: Part 3, Ingestion Dose Coefficients, ICRP Publication No. 69, Ann. ICRP 25 1. Elsevier Science, Oxford (1995); ICRP, Age-Dependent Doses to Members of the Public from Intake of Radionuclides, Part 4, Inhalation Dose Coefficients, ICRP Publication No. 71, Ann. ICRP 26, Elsevier Science, Oxford (1996); ICRP, Age-Dependent Doses to Members of the Public from Intake of Radionuclides, Part 5. Compilation of Ingestion and Inhalation Dose Coefficients, ICRP Publication No. 72, Ann. ICRP 26, Elsevier Science, Oxford (1996); ICRP, Protection against Radon-222 at Home and at Work, ICRP Publication No. 65, Ann. ICRP 23 2, Pergamon Press, Oxford (1993).

TABLE I LIMITS ON INTAKE AND EXPOSURE FOR RADON PROGENY AND THORON PROGENY

Quantity	Unit	Value for radon progeny ^a	Value for thoron progeny
Annual average over 5 years			
Potential α-energy intake	I	0.017	0.051
Potential \alpha-energy exposure	J · h · m - 3 d	0.014	0.042
	WLM ^{c.d}	4.0	12
Maximum in a single year			
Potential \alpha-energy intake	1	0.042	0.127
Potential re-energy exposure	J.h.m.3d	0.035	0.105
	WLM	10.0	30

Note: Values are from ICRP Publication No. 65 (see focunete 5).

Radon progeny: short lived decay products of ²²²Rn: ²¹⁸Po (RaA), ²¹¹Bi (RaC), ²¹⁴Pb (RaB) and ²¹⁴Po (RaC').

Thoron progeny: short lived decay products of ²²ⁿRn: ²¹⁶Po (ThA), ²¹²Ph (ThB), ²¹²Bi (ThC), ²¹²Po (ThC') and ²⁰⁸Tl (ThC").

Working level month (WLM): A unit of exposure to radon progeny or thoron progeny. One working level month is 3.54 mJ·h·m⁻³ or 170 WL·h, where one working level (WL) is any combination of radon or thoron progeny in one litre of air that will result in the ultimate emission of 1.3 × 10⁵ MeV of alpha energy. In SI units, the WL is equivalent to 2.1 × 10⁻⁵ J·m⁻³.

^d Conversion coefficients are given in Table II

The International Commission on Radiological Protection has recommended that the action levels for occupational exposure to radon can fall in the range 500-1500 Bq·m⁻³. (See INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION ON RADIOLOGICAL PROTECTION, Protection against Radon-222 at Home and at Work, Publication No. 65, Ann. ICRP 23 2, Pergamon Press, Oxford (1993).)

TABLE II . CONVERSION COEFFICIENTS FOR UNITS IN TABLE -I FOR RADON AND RADON PROGENY

Quantity	Unit	Value	
Radon progeny conversion Radon progeny/radon exposure conversions (equilibrium factor 0.4) Annual exposure to radon progeny per unit radon concentration ^a : at home at work at home at work Dose conversion convention, effective	(mJ·h·m ⁻¹) per WLM (mJ·h·m ⁻¹) per (Bq·h·m ⁻¹) WLM per (Bq·h·m ⁻¹) (mJ·h·m ⁻¹) per (Bq·m ⁻¹) (mJ·h·m ⁻¹) per (Bq·m ⁻¹) WLM per (Bq·m ⁻¹) WLM per (Bq·m ⁻¹)	3.54 2.22 × 10 ^A 6.28 × 10 ^T 1.56 × 10 ² 4.45 × 10 ³ 4.40 × 10 ³ 1.26 × 10 ³	
dose per unit exposure to radon progeny: at home at work Dose conversion convention, effective dose per unit exposure to radon	mSv per (mJ·h·m ⁻¹) mSv per (mJ·h·m ⁻¹)	i.1 1.4	
at home at work Radon progeny/radon concentration conversion	mSv per WLM mSv per WLM	4 5	
with equilibrium factor F = 0.4 in general	WL per (Bq·m ⁻¹) WL per (Bq·m ⁻¹)	1.07×10^{-4} 2.67×10^{-4}	

Note: Values are from ICRP Publication No. 65 (see footnote 5).

Assuming 7000 hours per year indoors or 2000 hours per year at work and an equilibrium factor of 0.4

TABLE - III:

Refer to IAEA SS-115 (1996) (Page number 100 - 156)

TABLE - III:

Refer to IAEA SS-115 (1996) (Page number 100 - 156)

TABLE -IV. COMPOUNDS AND VALUES OF GUT TRANSFER FACTOR $f_{\rm L}$ USED TO CALCULATE COMMITTED EFFECTIVE DOSE PER UNIT INTAKE VIA INGESTION FOR WORKERS

Element	Gut transfer factor	Compounds		
Hydrogen	1,000	Tritiated water (ingested)		
Beryllium	0.005	Organically bound tritium		
Carbon	1.000	All compounds		
Fluorine	1.000	Labelled organic compounds		
Sodium	0696-5500-5	All compounds		
Magnesium	1.000	All compounds		
AND SOUTH OF STREET	0.500	All compounds		
Aluminium	0.010	All compounds		
Silicon	0.010	All compounds		
Pliosphorus	0.800	All compounds		
Sulphur	0.800	Inorganic compounds		
	0.100	Elemental sulphur		
	1.000	Organic sulphur		
Chlorins	1.000	All compounds		
Potassium	1.000	All compounds		
Calcium	0.300	All compounds		
Scandium	1.0×10^{-4}	All compounds		
Fitan:um	0.010	All compounds -		
/anadium	0.010	All compounds		
hromium	0.100			
	0.010	Hexavalent compounds Trivalent compounds		
langanese	0.100	All compounds		
on	0.100	All compounds		
obalt	0.100			
	0.050	All unspecified compounds		
ickel	0.050	Oxides, hydroxides and inorganic compounds		
opper	0.500	All compounds		
inc		All compounds		
altium	0.500	All compounds		
	0.001	All compounds		

TABLE -IV. (cont.)

Element	Gut transfer factor	Compounds	
Germanium	1.000	All compounds	
Arsenic	0.500	All compounds	
Selenium	0.800 0.050	All unspecified compounds Elemental sclenium and sclenides	
Bromine	1.000	All compounds	
Rubidium	1.000	All compounds	
Strontium	0.300 0.010	All unspecified compounds Strontium titanate (SrTiO ₃)	
Yttrium	1.0×10^{-4}	All compounds	
Zirconium	0.002	All compounds	
Niobium	0.010	All compounds	
Molybdenum	0.800 0.050	All unspecified compounds Molybdenum sulphide	
Technetium	0.800	All compounds	
Ruthenium	0.050	All compounds	
Rhodium	0.050	All compounds	
Palladium	0.005	All compounds	
Silver	0.050	All compounds	
Cadmium	0.050	All inorganic compounds	
Indium	0.020	All compounds	
Tin	0.020	All compounds	
Antimony	0.100	All compounds	
Tellurium	0.300	All compounds	
lodine	1.000	All compounds	
Caesium	1,000	All compounds	
Barium	0.100	All compounds	
Lanthanum	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds	
Cerium	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds	
Prascodymium	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds	
Neodymium	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds	

TABLE -IV. (cont.)

Element	Gut transfer factor	Compounds	
Promothium -	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds	
Saniarium	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds	
Europium	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds	
Gadolinium	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds	
Terbium	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds	
Dysprosium	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds	
Holmium	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds	
Erbiom	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds	
Thatian	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds	
Ytterbium	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds	
Lutetium	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds	
Hafnium	0.002	All compounds	
Tantalum	100.0	All compounds	
Tungsten	0.300	All unspecified compounds	
	0.010	Tungstic acid	
Rhenium	0.800	All compounds	
Osmium	0.010	All compounds	
Iridium	0.010	All compounds	
Platinum	0.010	All compounds	
Gold	0.100	All compounds	
Mercury	0.020	All inorganic compounds	
Mercury	1.000	Methyl mercury	
	0.400	All unspecified organic compounds	
Thallium	1.000	All compounds	
Lead	0.200	All compounds	
3 ismuth	0.050	All compounds	
Polonium	0.100	All compounds	
Astatine	1,000	All compounds	
Francium	1,000	All compounds	
Radium	0.200	All compounds	

TABLE -IV. (cont.)

Elèment	Gut transfer factor	Compounds	
Actinium	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds	
Thorium	5.0×10^{-4} 2.0×10^{-4}	All unspecified compounds Oxides and hydroxides	
Protactinium	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds	
Uranium	0.020 0.002	All unspecified compounds Most tetravalent compounds, e.g., UO2, U3O3, UP4	
Neptunium	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds	
Plutonium	5.0×10^{-4} 1.0×10^{-4} 1.0×10^{-5}	All unspecified compounds Nitrates Insoluble oxides	
Americium	5.0 × 10-4	All compounds	
Curium	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds	
Berkelium	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds	
Californium	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds	
insteinium	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds	
ermium	5.0 × 10-4	All compounds	
1cndelevium	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds	

TABLE -V. COMPOUNDS, LUNG ABSORPTION TYPES AND VALUES OF GUT TRANSFER FACTOR I, USED TO CALCULATE COMMITTED EFFECTIVE DOSE PER UNIT INTAKE VIA INHALATION FOR WORKERS

Element	Absorption (ype(s)	Gut transfer factor f	Compounds
Beryllium	М	0.005	All unspecified compounds
	S	0.005	Oxides, halides and nitrates
Fluorine	F	1.000	Determined by combining cation
	M	1.000	Determined by combining cation
	S	1.000	Determined by combining cation
Sodium	F	1.000	All compounds
Magnesium	15	0.500	All unspecified compounds
	М	0.500	Oxides, hydroxides, carbides, halides and nitrates
Aluminium	F	0.010	All unspecified compounds
	М	0.010	Oxides, hydroxides, carbides, halides, nitrates and metallic aluminium
Silicon	F	0.010	All unspecified compounds
	M	0.010	Oxides, hydroxides, carbides and nitrates
	S	0.010	Aluminosilicate glass aerosol
Phosphorus	F	0.800	All unspecified compounds
	М	0.800	Some phosphates: determined by combining cation
Sulpher	F	0.800	Sulphides and sulphates: determined by combining cation
	М	0.300	Elemental sulphur. Sulphides and sulphates: determined by combining cation
Chlorine	F	1.000	Determined by combining cation
	M	1,000	Determined by combining cation
Potassium	F	1.000	All compounds
Calcium	M	0.300	All compounds
Scandium	S	1.0×10^{-4}	All compounds
Titanium	F	0.010	All unspecified compounds
	М	0.010	Oxides, hydroxides, carbides, halides and nitrates
	S	0.010	Strontium titanate (SrTiO ₁)
Vanadium	Į7	0.010	All unspecified compounds
199	М	0.010	Oxides, hydroxides, carbides and halides
Chromium	F	0.100	All unspecified compounds
	M	0.100	Halides and nitrates
	S	0.100	Oxides and hydroxides

Note: Types F, M and S denote fast, moderate and slow absorption from the lung, respectively,

TABLE -V. (cont.)

Element	Absorption type(s)	Gut transfer factor f	Compounds	
Manganese	F M	0.100 0.100	All unspecified compounds Oxides, hydroxides, halides and nitrates	
lrun	F M	0.100	All unspecified compounds Oxides, hydroxides and halides	
Cobalt	M S	0.100	All unspecified compounds Oxides, hydroxides, hatides and nitrates	
Nickel	F M	0.050 0.050	All unspecified compounds Oxides, hydroxides and carbides	
Copper	F M S	0.500 0.500 0.500	All unspecified inorganic compounds Sulphides, halides and nitrates Oxides and hydroxides	
Zinc	S	0.500	All compounds	
Gallium	F M	0.001	All unspecified compounds Oxides, hydroxides, carbides, halides and nitrates	
Germanium	F M	1.000	All unspecified compounds Oxides, sulphides and halides	
Arsenic	M	0.500	All compounds	
Selenium	F M	0.800	All unspecified inorganic compounds Elemental selenium, oxides, hydroxides and carbides	
Bromine	F M	1.000	Determined by combining cation Determined by combining cation	
Rubidium	F	1.000	All compounds	
Strontium	FS	0.300	All unspecified compounds Strontium titanate (SrTiO ₃)	
Yttrium	M S	1.0×10^{-4} 1.0×10^{-4}	All unspecified compounds Oxides and hydroxides	
Zirconium	F M S	0.002 0.002 0.002	All unspecified compounds Oxides, hydroxides, halides and nitrates Zirconium carbide	
Niobium	M S	0.010	All unspecified compounds Oxides and hydroxides	
Molyhdenum	IF S	0.800 0.050	All unspecified compounds Molybdenum sulphide, oxides and hydroxides	
Technetium	F M	0.800	All unspecified compounds Oxides, hydroxides, halides and nitrates	

TABLE -V. (cont.)

Element	Absorption type(s)	Gut transfer factor f ₁	Compounds
Ruthenium	F	0.050	All unspecified compounds
	М	0.050	Halides
	S	0.050	Oxides and hydroxides
Rhodium	F	0.050	All unspecified compounds
	M	0.050	Halides
	2	0.050	Oxides and hydroxides
Pallodium	F	0.005	All unspecified compounds
	M	0.005	Nitrates and halides
	S	0.005	Oxides and hydroxides
Silver	F	0.050	All unspecified compounds and metallic silver
	М	0.050	Nitrates and sulphides
	S	0.050	Oxides, hydroxides and carbides
Cadmium	F	0.050	All unspecified compounds
	M	0.050	Sulphides, halides and nitrates
	2	0.050	Oxides and hydroxides
Indiam	F	0.020	All unspecified compounds
	M	0.020	Oxides, hydroxides, halides and nitrates
Tin	ľ	0.020	All unspecified compounds
	М	0.020	Stannic phosphate, sulphides, oxides, hydroxides, halides and nitrates
Antimony	F	0.100	
. van and and	м	0.010	All unspecified compounds
	M	0.010	Oxides, hydroxides, halides, sulphides, sulphates and nitrates
Telluriana	F	0.300	All unspecified compounds
	M	0.300	Oxides, hydroxides and nitrates
lodine	F	1.000	All compounds
Caesium	F	1.000	All compounds
Barium	F	0.100	All compounds
Lanthanum	F	5.0×10^{-4}	All unspecified compounds
	М	5.0×10^{-4}	Oxides and hydroxides
Cerium	M	5.0×10^{-4}	All unspecified compounds
	S	5.0×10^{-4}	Oxides, hydrexides and fluorides
Praseodynnium	M	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All unspecified compounds
A 117 201	s	5.0×10^{-4}	Oxides, hydroxides, carbides and fluorides
Neodymium	м	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All unspecified compounds
Consideration (Section Property)	5	15.0 × 10-4	Oxides, hydroxides, carbides and fluorides

TABLE -V. (cont.)

Element	Absorption (ype(s)	Gut transfer factor f	Compounds
Promethium	М	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All unspecified compounds
	5	5.0×10^{-4}	Oxides, hydroxides, earbides and fluorides
Samarium	M	5.0×10^{-4}	
Europium	M	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds
Gadolinium	F	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All unspecified compounds
	M	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	Oxides, hydroxides and fluorides
Terbium	M	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds
Dysprosium	М	5.0 × 10-4	All compounds
Helmium	M	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All unspecified compounds
Erbium	М	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds
Thulium	М	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	10 (2-9x 0.0x 0.0x 0.0x 0.0x 0.0x 0.0x 0.0x 0.
Ytterbium	М		All compounds
	5	5.0×10^{-4} . 5.0×10^{-4}	All unspecified compounds
Luctium			Oxides, hydroxides and fluorides
Cochem	M 5	5.0 × 10-4	All unspecified compounds
Halnium	27.5c	5.0×10^{-6}	Oxides, hydroxides and fluorides.
namum	JF	0.002	All unspecified compounds
	М	0.002	Oxides, hydroxides, halides, carbides and nitrates
Fantalum	М	100.0	All unspecified compounds
	S	0.001	Elemental tantalum, oxides, hydroxides, halides,
T			carbides, nitrates and nitrides
Fungsten	F	0.300	All compounds
Uncnium	F	0.800	All unspecified compounds
	М	0.800	Oxides, hydroxides, halides and nitrates
Damium	F	0.010	All unspecified compounds
	М	0.010	Halides and nitrates
	S	0.010	Oxides and hydroxides
ridium	F	0.010	All unspecified compounds
	M	0.010	Metallic tridium, halides and nitrates
	S	0.010	Oxides and hydroxides
latinum	F	0.010	All compounds
old	F	0.100	All anspecified compounds
20 G	М	0.100	Halides and nitrates
	S .	0.100	Oxides and hydroxides
fercury	F	0.020	Sulphates
	M	0.020	Oxides, hydroxides, halides, nitrates and sulpludes

TABLE -V. (cont.)

Element	Absorption type(s)	Gut transfer factor f	Compounds
Mercury	F	0.400	All organic compounds
Thallium	þ	1.000	All compounds
Lead	F	0.200	All compounds
Bismuth	F	0.050	Bismuth nitrate
	M	0.050	All unspecified compounds
Polonium	F	0.100	All unspecified compounds
	M	0.100	Oxides, hydroxides and nitrates
Asialine	F	1.000	Determined by combining eation
	M	1.000	Determined by combining eation
Francium	F	000.1	All compounds
Radiom	м	0.200	All compounds
Actinium	F	5.0×10^{-4}	All unspecified compounds
	М	5.0×10^{-4}	Halides and nitrates
	S	5.0×10^{-4}	Oxides and hydroxides
Thorium	M	5.0×10^{-4}	All unspecified compounds
	S	2.0×10^{-4}	Oxides and hydroxides
Protactinium	M	5.0×10^{-4}	All unspecified compounds
	S	5.0×10^{-4}	Oxides and hydroxides
Uranium	F	0.020	Most hexavalent compounds, e.g., UF ₅ , UO ₂ F ₂ and UO ₂ (NO ₃) ₂
	М	0.020	Less soluble compounds, e.g., UO ₅ , UF ₄ , UCl ₄ and most other hexavalent compounds
	S	0.002	Highly insoluble compounds, e.g., UO ₂ and U ₃ O ₈
Veptunium	М	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds
lutonium.	M	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All unspecified compounds
	S	1.0×10^{-5}	Insoluble oxides
Americium	М	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds
Cariam	М	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds
lerkelium	М	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds
Californium	М	5.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	All compounds
insteinium	М	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds
crimium	М	5.0×10^{-4}	All compounds
tendelevium	М	5.0 × 10-4	All compounds

TABLE - VI: Refer to IAEA SS-115 (1996) (Page number 166 - 201)

TABLE - VII: Refer to IAEA SS-115 (1996) (Page number 202 - 269)

TABLE -VIII. LUNG ABSORPTION TYPES USED TO CALCULATE COMMITTED EFFECTIVE DOSE PER UNIT INTAKE VIA INHALATION FOR EXPOSURE TO PARTICULATE AEROSOLS OR TO GASES AND VAPOURS FOR MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC

Element	Absorption type(s)*	ICRP Publication No. for details of biokinetic mode and absorption type(s)
Hydrogen	F. Mb, S, G	Publications 56, 57 and 71
Beryllium	M, S	Publication 30, Part 3
Carbon	F, Mh, S, G	Publications 56, 67 and 71
Fluorine	F. M. S	Publication 30, Part 2
Sodiem	F	Publication 30, Part 2
Magnesium	P. M	Publication 30, Part 3
Aluminium	F. M	Publication 30, Part 3
Silicon	F. M. S	Publication 30, Part 3
Phosphorus	F, M	Publication 30, Part 1
Sulphur	F. Mb. S. G	Publications 67 and 71
Chlorine	F, M	Publication 30, Part 2
Potassium	F	Publication 30, Part 2
Calcium	F, M, S	Publication 71
Scandium	s	Publication 30, Part 3
Fitanium	F. M. S	Publication 30, Part 3
/anadium	F, M	Publication 30, Part 3
Ihromium.	F. M. S	
langanese	F, M	Publication 30, Part 2
ron	F. M ^b . S	Publication 30, Part I
obalt		Publications 69 and 71
fickel	F. Mb, S	Publications 67 and 71
Copper	F. M*, S. G	Publications 67 and 71
inc	F. M, S	Publication 30, Part 2
U4250	F. M ⁶ . 3	Publications 67 and 71
allium	F. M	Publication 30, Part 3

^{*} For particulates; F: fast; M: moderate; S: slow; G: gases and vapours,

Recommended default absorption type for particulate aerosol when no specific information is available (see ICRP Publication No. 71 (1996) (see fuotnote 4-j).

TABLE -VIII. (cont.)

Element	Absorption type(s) ^a	ICRP Publication No. for details of biokinetic model and absorption type(s)
Germanium	F, M	Publication 30, Part 3
Arsenic	M	Publication 30, Part 3
Scienium	Fb, M. S	Publications 69 and 71
Bromine	F, M	Publication 30, Part 2
Rubidium	· F	Publication 30, Part 2
Strontium	F, Mh, S	Publications 67 and 71
Yttrium	. M, S	Publication 30, Part 2
Zirconium	F. M. S	Publications 56, 67 and 71
Niobium	F. Mb. S	Publications 56, 67 and 71
Molybdenum	F, M ^o , S	Publications 67 and 71
Technetium	F, Ma, S	Publications 67 and 71
Ruthenium	F, Mb, S, G	Publications 56, 67 and 71
Rhodium	F. M. S	Publication 30, Part 2
Palladium	F, M, S	Publication 30, Part 3
Silver	F. Mb, 5	Publications 67 and 71
Cadmiura	F, M, S	Publication 30, Part 2
Indium	F, M	Publication 30, Part 2
Tin	F, M	Publication 30, Part 3
Antimony	F. Mb. S	Publications 69 and 71
Tellurium	F, Mb, S, G	Publications 67 and 71
Iodine	Pb. M. S. G	Publications 56, 67 and 71
Caesium	F", M, S	Publications 56, 67 and 71
Barium	F, Mb, S	Publications 67 and 71
Lanthanum	F , М	Publication 30, Part 3
Cerium	F, M ^b , S	Publications 56, 67 and 71
Praseodymium	м, 5	Publication 30, Part 3
Neodymium	M, S	Publication 50, Part 3
Promethium	м, 5	Publication 30, Part 3
Samarium	M	Publication 30, Part 3

TABLE -VIII. (cont.)

Element	Absorption type(s)*	ICRP Publication No. for details of blok netic model and absorption type(s)
Buropium	М	Publication 30, Part 3
Gadelinium	F. M	Publication 30, Part 3
Terbium	М	Publication 30, Part 3
Dysprosium	М	Publication 30, Part 3
Holmium	M	Publication 30, Part 3
Erbium	M	Publication 30, Part 3
Thulium	М	Publication 30, Part 3
Ytterbium	M, S	Publication 30, Part 3
Lutetium	M, S	Publication 30, Part 3
Hafnium	F, M	Publication 30, Part 3
Tantalum	M, S	Publication 30, Part 3
Tungsten	F	Publication 30, Part 3
Rhenium	F, M	Publication 30, Part 2
Osmium	F, M, S	Publication 30, Part 2
Iridium	F, M, S	Publication 30, Part 2
Platinum	Is.	Publication 30, Part 3
Geld	F, M, S	Publication 30, Part 2
Mercury	F, M, G	Publication 30, Part 2
Thallium	F	Publication 30, Part 3
Lead	F, Mb, S, G	Publications 67 and 71
Bismuth	F, M	Publication 30, Part 2
Polonium	F, Mb, S, G	Publications 67 and 71
Astatine	F, M	Publication 30, Part 3
Francium	F	Publication 30, Port 3
Radium	F, M ^b , S	Publications 67 and 71
Actinium	F, M, S	Publication 30, Part 3
Thorium	F. M, S ^b	Publications 69 and 71
Protactinium	M, S	Publication 30, Part 3
Uranium	F, Mb, S	Publications 69 and 71

TABLE -VIII. (cont.)

Element	Absorption type(s)*	ICRP Publication No. for details of biokinetic mode and absorption type(s)
Neptunium	F, Mb, S	Publications 67 and 71
Plutonium	F, Mb, S	Publications 67 and 71
Americium	F, Mb, S	Publications 67 and 71
Curium	F, Mb, S	Publication 71
Berkelium	М	Publication 30. Part 4
Californium	М	Publication 30, Part 4
Sinsteinium	М	Publication 30, Part 4
² ermium	м	Publication 30, Part 4
Mendelevium	М	Publication 30, Part 4

TABLE -IX. INHALATION: COMMITTED EFFECTIVE DOSE PER UNIT INTAKE e(g) (Sv.Bq-1) FOR SOLUBLE OR REACTIVE GASES AND VAPOURS

12.3 a		Physical	Absom-	Pá	Ag	Age & Sla	f, for	Age 1-2 a	Anc 2-7 a	Ave 7-12 a	Ace 13-17.3	Aur > 17.9
12.3 a V 100 1.000 6.4 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.000 4.8 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 3.1 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 2.3 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.8 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.7 × 10 ⁻¹² 1.8 × 10 ⁻¹³ 1.8 × 10 ⁻¹³ 1.8 × 10 ⁻¹³ 1.8 × 10 ⁻¹³ 1.8 × 10 ⁻¹⁴ 1.000 1.8 × 10 ⁻¹⁴ 1.000 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁴ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁵ 1.2 × 1	Nuclide	half-life	tion"	deposit		e(g)	e	(8)3	c(8)	c(8)	(8)	g(8)5
ritium 12.3 a V 10 0.01 1.000 6.4×10^{-13} 1.000 $4.8 \times 10^{-13} 3.1 \times 10^{-13} 2.3 \times 10^{-13} 1.8 \times 10^{1$	Tritiated water	50000	>	100	1.000	6.4 × 10-11	1.000	4.8 × 10-11	3.1 × 10-11	2.3 × 10-11	1.8 × 10-11	1.8 × 10-11
12.3 a	Elemental hydrogen	12.3 a	>	10.0	1.000	6.4 × 10-15	1.000	4.8 × 10-15	3.1 × 10-15	2.3 × 10-15	1.8×10^{-15}	1.8 × 10-15
tritium 12.3 a V 100 1.000 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.000 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 9.7 × 10 ⁻¹² 61 × 10 ⁻¹³ 3.8 × 10 ⁻¹⁵ 3.2 × 0.340 h V 100 1.000 2.8 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.000 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 6.5 × 10 ⁻¹² 61 × 10 ⁻¹² 3.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁵ 2.3 × 10	Tritiated methane	12.3 a	>	-	1.000	6.4 × 10-13	000	4.8 × 10-13	3.1×10^{-13}	2.3 × 10-13	1.8×10^{-13}	1.8 × 10-13
0.340 h V Ich 1.000 1.8 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.000 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 6.5 × 10 ⁻¹² 6.1 × 10 ⁻¹² 2.5 × 10 ⁻¹² 2.2 × 10 ⁻¹² 2.3 × 10 ⁻¹³ 1.2 × 3 × 10 ⁻¹³ 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹³	Organically bound tritin		>	001	1.000	1.1×10^{-10}	1.000	1.1 × 10-10				4.i × 10*11
6- 0.340 h V 100 1.000 1.8 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.000 6.7 × 10 ⁻¹² 3.5 × 10 ⁻¹² 2.5 × 10 ⁻¹² 2.5 × 10 ⁻¹² 2.5 × 10 ⁻¹² 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹³ a V 40 1.000 1.0 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.000 6.7 × 10 ⁻¹² 3.5 × 10 ⁻¹³ 2.2 × 10 ⁻¹³ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹³ a V 100 1.000 1.9 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.000 1.9 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 8.9 × 10 ⁻¹³ 6.3 × 10 ⁻¹³ 6.2 × 10 ⁻¹³ 1.000 5.7 × 10 ⁻¹³ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹³ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁴ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁴ 8.9 × 10 ⁻¹³ 6.3 × 10 ⁻¹³ 8.0 × 10 × 100 1.000 1.9 × 10 ⁻¹⁴ 1.000 5.7 × 10 ⁻¹³ 2.8 × 10 ⁻¹³ 1.7 × 10 ⁻¹³ 9.9 × 10 ⁻¹³ 8.0 × 10 × 1000 1.000 6.9 × 10 ⁻¹³ 0.800 6.6 × 10 ⁻¹³ 2.4 × 10 ⁻³ 1.4 × 10 ⁻³ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹³ 1.5 o	Carbon-11 vapour	0.340 h	>	ιģ	0007	2.8×10^{-11}	1.000	1.3×10^{-11}				3.2 × 10-12
de 0.340 h V 4U 1.000 1.0 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.000 6.7 × 10 ⁻¹² 3.5 × 10 ⁻¹⁸ 2.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁸ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 5.8 × 5.73 × 10 ³ a V 100 1.000 1.3 × 10 ⁻³ 1.000 1.6 × 10 ⁻³ 9.7 × 10 ⁻¹⁸ 7.9 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 6.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 6.2 × 5.73 × 10 ³ a V 100 1.000 1.9 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.000 1.9 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 8.9 × 10 ⁻¹² 6.3 × 10 ⁻¹² 6.2 × 5.73 × 10 ³ a V 40 1.000 9.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁸ 1.000 5.7 × 10 ⁻¹⁸ 2.8 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 8.6 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 8.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.0 × 10 ⁻¹⁸ 1.0 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 6.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.0 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.0 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.0 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.0 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.0 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.0 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.0 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.0 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 1.	Carbon-11 dioxide	0.340 h	>	8	0001	1.8×10^{-11}	1.000	1.2×10^{-11}		4.1 × 10-13		2.2×10^{-12}
5.73 × 10 ³ a V 100 1.000 1.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 1.6 × 10 ⁻⁹ 9.7 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 7.9 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 5.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 5.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 6.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 8.9 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 6.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 8.0 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 8.0 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁰	Carbon-11 monoxide	0.340 h	>	40	0001	1.0×10^{-11}	1.000	6.7×10^{-12}		2.2 × 10-12	1.4 × 10-11	1.2×10^{-12}
5.73 × 10 ³ a V 100 1.000 1.9 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.000 1.9 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.1 × 10 ⁻¹¹ 8.9 × 10 ⁻¹² 6.3 × 10 ⁻¹² 6.3 × 10 ⁻¹³ 8.0 8.73 × 10 ³ a V 40 1.000 9.1 × 10 ⁻¹² 1.000 5.7 × 10 ⁻¹² 2.8 × 10 ⁻¹² 1.7 × 10 ⁻¹² 9.9 × 10 ⁻¹³ 8.0 8.7 4 d F 100 1.000 6.9 × 10 ⁻³ 0.800 6.6 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 3.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.1 8.7 4 d F 85 1.000 9.4 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 0.800 6.6 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 3.4 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 2.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.1 6.10 d ° 100 1.000 6.8 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 5.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 3.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.1 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.5 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 5.6 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.5 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 5.6 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.000 1.000 3.1 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 9.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 8.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.	Carbon-14 vapour	5.73×10^3 a	>	100	0001	1.3×10^{-9}	1.000	1.6 × 10 4	9.7×10^{-10}		5.7 × 10-10	5.8 × 10-10
35 87.4 d F 100 1.000 6.9 × 10 ⁻¹² 1.000 5.7 × 10 ⁻¹² 2.8 × 10 ⁻¹² 1.7 × 10 ⁻¹² 9.9 × 10 ⁻¹³ 8.0 7.5 × 10 ⁻³ 2.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 8.6 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 7.5 87.4 d F 85 1.000 6.9 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ 0.800 6.6 × 10 ⁻⁹ 3.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.1 1.2 0.6 d los 0.800 6.5 × 10 ⁻⁹ 3.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.1 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.2 1.50 d los 0.800 6.8 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 5.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 3.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.1 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.5 0 d los 0.800 1.000 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 9.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 6.5 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 6.5 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 8.3 7.50 × 10 ⁻⁴ a c 100 1.000 4.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 9.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 8.3 7.50 × 10 ⁻⁴ 1.000 9.5 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 8.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 4.8 × 10 ⁻⁹ 3.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0 × 10 ⁻	Carbon-14 dioxide	5.73×10^3 a	>	90	1.000	11.0 × 6.1	1.000	1.9 × 10-11	1.1×10^{-11}	8.9 × 10-12	6.3 × 10-12	6.2 × 10-12
35 87.4 d F 100 1.000 6.9 × 10 ⁻⁹ 0.800 4.8 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 8.6 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 7.0 87.4 d F 85 1.000 9.4 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 0.800 6.6 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 3.4 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 2.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	Carbon-14 monoxide	5.73 × 10 ³ a	>	40	1.000	9.1×10^{-12}	1.000	5.7×10^{-12}	2.8×10^{-12}		6.9 × 10-13	8.0 × 10-13
87.4 d F 85 1.000 9.4 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ 0.800 6.6 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ 3.4 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ 2.1 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.3 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.1 (6.10 d e 100 1.000 6.8 x 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 5.2 x 10 ⁻⁹ 3.2 x 10 ⁻⁹ 2.1 x 10 ⁻⁹ 1.4 x 10 ⁻⁹ 1.2 (1.0 1.50 d e 100 1.000 3.1 x 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 2.3 x 10 ⁻⁹ 1.4 x 10 ⁻⁹ 9.2 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ 6.5 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ 8.3 7.50 x 10 ⁻⁴ a e 100 1.000 4.0 x 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 3.3 x 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0 x 10 ⁻⁹ 1.3 x 10 ⁻⁹ 9.1 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ 8.3 95.0 a e 100 1.000 9.5 x 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 8.0 x 10 ⁻⁹ 4.8 x 10 ⁻⁹ 3.0 x 10 ⁻⁹ 2.2 x 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0	Carbon disulphide-35	87.4 d	u,	100	1.000	6.9×10^{-9}	0.800	4.8 × 10-9	2.4×10^{-9}		8.6 × 10-10	7.0×10^{-10}
.6.10 d	Sulphur-35 dioxide	87.4 d	Œ,	85	0001	9.4 × 10-10	0.800	6.6×10^{-10}			1.3×10^{-10}	1.1 × 10-10
1.50 d ° 100 1.000 3.1 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 2.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 9.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁶ 6.5 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 5.6 7.50 × 10 ⁻¹ a ° 100 1.000 4.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 9.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁶ 8.3 96.0 a ° 100 1.000 9.5 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 8.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 4.8 × 10 ⁻⁹ 3.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0	Nickel-56 carbonyl	F 01'9	u	100	000	6.8×10^{-9}	1.000	5.2 × 10-9		2.1 × 10-9	1.4×10^{-9}	1.2×10^{-9}
7.50 × 10 ⁴ a c 100 1.000 4.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 9.1 × 10 ⁻¹⁰ 8.3 · 95.0 a c 100 1.000 9.5 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 8.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 4.8 × 10 ⁻⁹ 3.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0	Nickel-57 carbonyl	1.50 d	u	8	0001	3.1×10^{-9}	1.000	2.3×10^{-9}			6.5 × 10-10	5.6 × 10-10
. 96.0 a ° 100 1.000 9.5 × 10 ⁻⁹ 1.000 8.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 4.8 × 10 ⁻⁹ 3.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.0	Nickel-59 carbonyl	$7.50 \times 10^4 \text{ a}$	b	60	0001	4.0×10^{-9}	000.1				9.1 × 10-10	8.3 × 10-10
	Nickel-63 carbonyl	e 0.96 .	6	8		9.5 x 10-9	0001			3.0 × 10 °		2.0 × 10-9

⁴ F: fast, V: material is taken to be completely and instantaneously transferred to body fluids.

b Applicable to both workers and adult members of the public.

Deposition 30%: 10%: 20%: 40% (extrathoracie: bronchial: bronchialar: alveolar-interstitial), 0.1 day recention half-time (see ICRP Publication No. 68 (1994) (see founded 4.1).

TABLE - IX . (cont.)

Nickel, 65 carbonal	3 53 6	u	8	1 000	9-01 × 0 C	1 000	14×10-9 8.1×	8.1 × 10-10	5.6 × 10-10	4.0 × 10-10	3.6×10^{-10}
Mickel 66 contract	1 22 4	v	3 8	000	8-01 > 0-1	8			27 × 10-9 . 1 8 × 10-9	1.8 × 10-9	6-01×91
INICKEL GO CALBORY	0 17.7		3	1.000	01 × 0.1	2			01-01	1.00	
Ruthenium-94 tetroxide	0.863 h	щ	8	0.100	5.5×10^{-13}	0.050			1.1 × 10	× 0.7	X 0.0
Ruthenium-97 letraxide	2.90 d	L	00	0.100	.8.7 × 10-10	0.050	6.2×10^{-10} 3.4 ×	× 10-10	2.2×10^{-10}	1.4×10^{-10}	1.2×10^{-10}
Ruthenium-103 tetroxide	39.3 d	щ	8	0.100	9.0×10^{-9}	0.050	6.2 × 10-9 3.3 ×	6-01'X	2.1×10^{-9}	1.3×10^{-9}	1.1×10^{-9}
Ruthenium-105 tetroxide	4.44 h	ħ.	8	0.100	1.6×10^{-9}	0.050	1.0 × 10-9 5.3 ×		3.2×10^{-10}	2.2×10^{-10}	1.8×10^{-10}
Ruthenium-106 tetroxide	1.01 a	11.	8	0.100	1.6×10^{-7}	0.050	6.1	× 10-8	3.7 × 10-8	2.2×10^{-8}	1.8×10^{-8}
Tellurium-116 vapour	2.49 h	щ	8	0.600	5.9×10^{-10}	0.300	2.5		1.6×10^{-10}	1.1×10^{-10}	8.7×10^{-11}
Tellurium-121 vapour	17.0 d	II.	8	0.600	3.0×10^{-9}	0.300	2.4×10^{-9} 1.4 ×	× 10-9	9.6 × 10-10	6.7×10^{-19}	5.1×10^{-10}
Tellurium-121m vapour	154 d	14	8	0.600	3.5 × 10-8	0.300	1.6		9.8×10^{-9}	6.6×10^{-9}	5.5×10^{-9}
Tellurium-123 vapour 1.00 × 10 ¹³ a	c 10 ¹³ a	щ	81	0.600	2.8×10^{-8}	0.300	1.9		1.5 × 10 €	1.3×10^{-8}	1.2×10^{-8}
Tellurium-123m vapour	120 d	Ľ	8	0.600	2.5×10^{-8}	0.300	1.8 × 10-8 1.0 ×		5.7×10^{-9}	3.5×10^{-9}	2.9×10^{-9}
Tellurium-125m vapour	58.0 d	IL.	8	0.600	1.5×10^{-8}	0.300	5.9		3.2×10^{-9}	1.9×10^{-9}	1.5×10^{-9}
Tellurium-127 vapour	9.35 h	tr.	8	0.600	6.1×10^{-10}	0.300	2.3		1.4×10^{-10}	9.2×10^{-11}	1.7×10^{-11}
Tellurium-127m vapour	b 601.	щ	8	0.600	5.3×10^{-8}	0.300	3.7 × 10-8 1.9 ×	× 10-8	1.0 × 10-4	6.1×10^{-9}	4.6×10^{-9}
Tellurium-129 vapour	1.16 h	Ľ.	100	0.600	2.5×10^{-10}	0.300	1.7 × 10-10 9.4 ×	× 10-11	6.2×10^{-11}	4.3×10^{-11}	3.7×10^{-11}
Tellurium-129m vapour	33.6 d	ır.	8	0.600	4.8×10^{-8}	0.300	3.2×10^{-8} 1.6 ×	× 10-8	8.5×10^{-9}	5.1×10^{-9}	3.7×10^{-9}
Tellurium-131 vapour	0.417 h	ı	8	0.600	5.1×10^{-10}	0.300	2.6	$\times 10^{-10}$	1.4×10^{-10}	9.5×10^{-11}	6.8×10^{-11}
Tellurium-131m vapour	1.25 d	ı.	001	0.600	2.1×10^{-8}	0.300	1.9 × 10-8 1.1 ×	× 10-8	5.6×10^{-9}	3.7×10^{-9}	2.4×10^{-9}
Tellurium-132 vapour	3.26 d	11.	9	0.600	5.4×10^{-8}	0.300	2.4		1.2 × 10-8	7.6×10^{-9}	5.1×10^{-9}
Tellurium-133 vapour	0.207 h	tr.	100	0.600	5.5×10^{-10}	0.300	2.5		1.2×10^{-10}	8.1×10^{-11}	5.6×10^{-11}
Tellurium-133m vapour	0.923 h	ir.	100	0.600	2.3×10^{-9}	0.300	2.0×10^{-9} 1.1 ×	6-01 ×	5.0×10^{-10}	3.3 x	5
Tellurium-134 vapour	0.696 h	ı	8	0.600	6.8×10^{-10}	0.300	5.5×10^{-10} 3.0 ×	× 10-10	1.6×10^{-10}	1.1×10^{-10}	× ×
Elemental iodine-120	1.35 h	>	.03	1.000	3.0×10^{-9}	1.000	2.4×10^{-9} 1.3 ×	6-01 ×	6.4×10^{-10}	4.3 X	3.0×10^{-10}
Elemental jodine-120m	0.883 h	>	100	1.000	1.5×10^{-9}	1.000	6.4	o1-01 ×	3.4 × 10-10	2.3 × 10-10	1.8×10^{-10}

TABLE -IX. (cont.)

	Physical ·	Absorp-	ьR	Age	7 1 10 2	f, for	Age 1-2 a	Age 2-7 a	Apr 7-12 a	Apr 7-12 a Apr 13-17 a	Acr > 17.9
Nuclide		tion	deposit	-	(8)	× ×	e(g)	(8)	(8)3	(6)	c(g) ⁵
Elemental lodine-121	2.12 h	>	100	1.000	5.7 × 10-10	1.000	5.1 × 10-19	3.0 × 10 ⁻¹⁹	1,7 × 10-10	1.2 × 10-10	8.6 × 10-11
Elemental iodine-123	13.2 h	>	001	1.000	2.1×10^{-9}	000	1.8 × 10-9	1.0 × 10-9	4.7 × 10-10	3.2 × 10 16	2.1 × 10-10
Elemental todine-124	4.18 d	>	001	1.000	1.1 × 10.7	1.000	1.0 × 10-7	5.8 × 10-8	2.8 × 10-8	1.8 × 10-4	1.2 × 10-8
Elemental iodine-125	P 1.09	>	001	1.000	4.7 × 10-8	1.000	5.2 × 10-4	3.7×10^{-3}	2.8 × 10-8	2.0 × 10-8	1.4 × 10-8
Elemental iodine-126	13.0 d	>	100	1.000	1.9×10^{-7}	000.1	1.9×10^{-7}	1.1×10^{-7}	6.2×10^{-8}	4.1 × 10-1	2.6 × 10.8
Elemental iodine-128	0.416 h	>	100	1.000	4.2×10^{-10}	1.000	2.8×10^{-10}		1.0 × 10-10	7.5 × 10-11	6.5 × 10-11
Elemental iodine-129	$1.57 \times 10^7 a$	>	100	1.000	1.7×10^{-7}	1.000	2.0×10^{-7}		1.7×10^{-7}	1.3 × 10 ⁻⁷	8-01 × 9.6
Elemental iodine-130	12.4 h	>	901	1.000	8-01 × 61	1.000	1.7×10^{-8}	9.2 × 10-9	4.3 × 10-9	2.8 × 10.9	6-01×61
Elemental indine-131	8.04 d	>	901	1.000	1.7×10^{-7}	1.000	1.6 × 10-7	9.4 × 10-8	4.3 × 10-8	3.1 × 10-4	2.0 × 10-8
Elemental iodine-132	2.30 h	>	001	1.000	2.8×10^{-9}	0007	2.3×10^{-9}	1.3×10^{-9}	6.4 × 10-10	4.3×10^{-10}	3.1 × 10-10
Elemental iodine-132m	1.39 h	>	001	1.000	2.4×10^{-9}	1.000	2.1 × 10-9	1.1 × 10.9	8.6 × 10-10		2.7 × 10-10
Elemental iodine-133	20.8 h	>	100	1.000	4.5 × 10-8	1.000	4.1×10^{-8}	2.1×10^{-8}	9.7 × 10-9		4.0 × 10-9
Elemental iodine-134	0.875 h	>	100	000.1	8.7×10^{-19}	1.000	01-01 × 6'9	3.9 × 10-10	2.2 × 10-10		01-01 × 5.1
Stemental iodine-135	6.51 h	>	100	000	9.7×10^{-9}	0001	8.5×10^{-9}	4.5 × 10-9	2.1 × 10-9		9.2 × 10-10
victhyl iodide-120	1.35 h	>	70	000.1	2.3×10^{-9}	1.000	1.9 × 10-9	1.0 × 10.9	_		X
Hethyl iodide-120m	0.883 h	>	02	000.1	1.0 × 10.9	1.000	8.7 × 10-10				D1-01 × 0.1
Methyl iodide-121	2.12 h	>	20	000'1	4.2×10^{-10}	1.000	3.8 × 10-10	2.2×10^{-10}			11-01×95
Jethyl iodide-123	13.2 h	>	70	000.1	1.6 × 10.9	0001	1.4 × 10-9	7.7 × 10-10			01-01 × 5
Tethyl iodide-124	4.18 d	>	70	000.1	8.5×10^{-8}	0007	8.0×10^{-9}		\$-0I		×
lethyl iodide-125	60.1 d	>	. 02	000	3.7 × 10-3	1.000	4.0 × 10-3		\$-0I	¥-01	×

TABLE - IX. (cont.)

		:	0		1-0.	. 000	1.01 2	8-01 200	8-01 0 4	8-01 0 6 5	3 0 4 10-8
Methyl iodide-126	13.0 d	>	9	1.000	1.5 × 10 ·	2007	. 01 x CT	X 0.Y	4.0	7	3
Methyl iodide-128	0.416 h	>	70	1.000	1.5×10^{-10}	1.000	1.2×10^{-10}	6.3 x	3.0 ×	1.9×10^{-11}	1.3×10^{-11}
Methyl iodide-129	$1.57 \times 10^7 \text{ a}$	>	70	1.000	1.3×10^{-7}	1.000	1.5×10^{-7}	1.2×10^{-7}	1.3×10^{-7}	8-01 × 6'6	7.4 × 10-8
Methyl iodide-130	12.4 h	>	70	1.000	1.5×10^{-8}	1.000	1.3×10^{-8}	7.2×10^{-9}	3.3×10^{-9}	2.2×10^{-9}	1.4×10^{-9}
Methyl iodide-131	8.04 d	>	70	1.000	1.3×10^{-7}	1.000	1.3×10^{-7}	7.4×10^{-8}	3.7×10^{-8}	2.4×10^{-8}	1.5×10^{-3}
Methyl iodide-132	2.30 h	>	70	1.000	2.0×10^{-9}	1.000	1.8×10^{-9}	9.5×10^{-10}	4.4×10^{-10}	2.9×10^{-10}	× 6.1
Methyl iodide-132m	1.39 h	>	70	1.000	1.8×10^{-9}	1.000	1.6×10^{-9}	8.3×10^{-10}	3.9 × 10-10	2.5×10^{-10}	1.6 × 10 ⁻¹⁰
Methyl iodide-133	20.8 h	>	20	000.1	3.5×10^{-8}	1.000	3.2×10^{-8}	1.7×10^{-6}	7.6×10^{-9}	4.9×10^{-9}	3.1×10^{-9}
Methyl iodide-134	0.876 h	>	20	1.000	5.1×10^{-10}	1.000	4.3×10^{-10}	2.3×10^{-10}	1.1×10^{-10}	7.4×10^{-11}	5.0×10^{-11}
Methyl iodide-135	6.61 h	>	2	0001	7.5 × 10-9	1.000	6.7×10^{-9}	3.5×10^{-9}	1.6×10^{-9}	1.1×10^{-9}	6.8×10^{-10}
Mercury-193 vapour	3.50 h	7	70	1.000	4.2×10^{-9}	1.000	3.4×10^{-9}	2.2×10^{-9}	1.6×10^{-9}	1.2×10^{-9}	1.1 × 10-9
Mercury-193m vapour	п.1 h	Р	20	1.000	1.2×10^{-8}	0001	9.4×10^{-9}	6.1×10^{-9}	4.5×10^{-9}	3.4×10^{-9}	3.1×10^{-9}
Mercury-194 vapour	2.60×10^2 a	P	70	1.000	9.4 × 10-8	1.000	8.3×10^{-6}	6.2×10^{-8}	5.0×10^{-8}	4.3×10^{-3}	4.0×10^{-8}
Mercury-195 vapour	9.90 h	v	70	1.000	5.3×10^{-9}	1.000	4.3×10^{-9}	2.8×10^{-9}	2.1×10^{-9}	1.6×10^{-9}	1.4×10^{-9}
Mercury-195m vapour	1.73 d	ם	70	1.000	3.0 × 10-8	1.000	2.5×10^{-8}	1.6×10^{-8}	1.2×10^{-8}	8.8×10^{-9}	8.2×10^{-9}
Mercury 197 vapour	2.67 d	U	70	1.000	1.6×10^{-8}	1.000	1.3×10^{-8}	8.4×10^{-9}	6.3×10^{-9}	4.7×10^{-9}	4.4×10^{-9}
Mercury-197m vapour	23.8 h	Ð	20	1.000	2.1×10^{-8}	1.000	1.7×10^{-8}	1.1×10^{-8}	8.2×10^{-9}	6.2×10^{-9}	5.8 ×
Mercury-199m vapour	0.710 h	ъ	20	1.000	6.5 × 10-10	1.000	5.3×10^{-10}	3.4×10^{-10}	2.5×10^{-10}	1,9 × 10-10	1.8 ×
Mercury-203 vapour	46.6 d	ъ	70	000	3.0×10^{-8}	000.1	2.3×10^{-8}	1.5×10^{-8}	1.0×10^{-8}	7.7×10^{-9}	7.0×10^{-9}

d Deposition 10%: 20%: 40% (bronchial: bronchialar: alveolar-interstitial), 1.7 day retention time (see ICRP Publication No. 68 (1994) (see footnote 4)).

TABLE -X. EFFECTIVE DOSE RATE FOR EXPOSURE TO INERT GASES FOR ADULTS*

Nuclide	Physical half-life	Effective dose rate per unit integrated air concentration (Sv-d ⁻¹ /Bq-m ⁻³) ⁴
Argon		
Ar-37	35.0 d	
Ar-39	269 a	4.1×10^{-15} 1.1×10^{-11}
Ar-41	1.83 h	5.3 × 10 ⁻⁹
Krypton		, C-4000.00 MB, 0
Kr-74	11.5 m	
Kr-76	14.8 h	4.5 × 10-9
Kr-77	74.7 m	1.6 × 10 ⁻⁹
Kr-79	1.46 d	3.9×10^{-9}
Kr-81	2.10×10^{5} a	9.7 × 10 ⁻¹⁰
Kr-83m	1.83 h	2.1×10^{-11}
Kr-85	10.7 a	2.1 × 10 ⁻¹³
Kr-85m	4.48 h	2.2 × 10-11
Kr-87 .	1.27 h	5.9 × 10 ⁻¹⁰
Kr-88	2.84 h	3.4 × 10 ⁻⁹
Xenon	2.04 (1	8.4 × 10 ⁻⁹
Xe-120	40.0 m	1.5×10^{-9}
Ke-121	40.1 m	7.5 × 10 ⁻⁹
Ce-122	20.1 h	1.9 × 10 ⁻¹⁰
Cc-123	2.08 h	2.4 × 10 ⁻⁹
Ce-125	17.0 h	9.3 × 10 ⁻¹⁰
(c-127	36.4 d	9.7 × 10 ⁻¹⁰
(c-129m	8.0 d	
(c-131m	11.9 d	8.1 × 10 ⁻¹¹
Ce-133m	2.19 d	3.2 × 10 ⁻¹¹
Ce-133	5.24 d	1:1 × 10 ⁻¹⁰
e-135m	15.3 m	1.2 × 10 ⁻¹⁰
e-135	9.10 h	1.6 × 10-9
e-138	14.2 m	9.6×10^{-10} 4.7×10^{-9}

^{*} Applicable to both workers and adult members of the public.

Schedule - XI

PROVISIONS OF HELSINKI DECLARATION APPLICABLE TO MEDICAL RESEARCH INVOLVING THE USE OF IONIZING RADIATION

Section I

Basic Principles

(1) Biomedical research involving human subjects shall conform to generally accepted scientific principles and shall be based on adequately performed laboratory and animal experimentation and an a thorough knowledge of the scientific literature.

- (2) The design and performance of each experimental procedure involving human subjects shall be clearly formulated in an experimental protocol which shall be transmitted to a specially appointed independent committee for consideration, comment and guidance.
- (3) Diomedical research involving human subjects shall be conducted only by scientifically qualified persons and under the supervision of a clinically competent medical person. The responsibility for the human subject shall always rest with a medically qualified person and never rest on the subject of the research, even though the subject has given his consent.
- (4) Biomedical research involving human subjects shall not legitimately be carried out unless the importance of the objective is in proportion to the inherent risk to the subject.
- (5) Every biomedical research project involving human subjects shall be preceded by careful assessment of preciciable risks in comparison with foresecable benefits to the subject or to others. Concern for the interests of the subject shall always prevail over the interest of science and society.
- (6) The right of the research subject to safeguard his integrity shall always he respected. Every precaution shall be taken to respect the privacy of the subject and to minimize the impact of the study on the subject's physical and mental integrity and on the personality of the subject.
- (7) Doctors shall abstain from engaging in research projects involving human subjects unless they are satisfied that the hazards involved are believed to be predictable. Doctors shall cease any investigation if the hazards are found to outweigh the potential benefits.
- (8) In publication of the results of his research, the doctor shall preserve the accuracy of the results. Reports of experimentation not in accordance with the principles laid down in this Declaration shall not be accepted for publication.
- (9) In any research on human beings, each potential subject shall be adequately informed of the aims, methods, anticipated benefits and potential hazards of the study and the discomfort it may he is free to withdraw his consent to participation at any time. The doctor shall then obtain the subject's freety given informed consent in writing.
- (10) When obtaining informed consent for the research project the doctor shall be particularly cautious if the subject is in a dependent relationship to him or may consent under duress. In that case the informed consent shall be obtained by a doctor who is not engaged in the investigation and who is completely independent of this official relationship.
- (11) In case of legal incompetence, informed consent shall be obtained from the legal guardian in accordance with the law. Where physical or mental incapacity makes it impossible to obtain informed consent, or when the subject is a minor, permission from the responsible relative replaces that of the subject in accordance with the law.
- (12) The research protocol shall always contain a statement of the othical considerations involved and shall indicate that the principles enunciated in the present Declaration are complied with.

SECTION II

Principles of Medical Research Combined With Propositional Care

- (13) In the treatment of the sick person, the doctor shall free to use a new diagnostic and therapeutic measure, if in his judgement it offers hope of axing life, re-establishing health or alleviating suffering.
- (14) The potential benefits, hazards and discomfort of a new method shall be weighed against the advantages of the best current diagnostic and therapeutic methods.
- (13) In any medical study, every patient—including those of a control group, if any—shall be assured of the best proven diagnostic and therapeutic method.
- (16) The refusal of the patient to participate in a study shall never interfere with the doctor-patient relationship.
- (17) If the doctor considers it essential not to obtain informed consent, the specific reasons for this proposal shall be stated in the experimental protocol for transmission to the independent committee.
- (18) The doctor can combine medical research with professional care, the objective being the acquisition of new medical knowledge, only to the extent that medical research is justified by its potential diagnostic or therapeutic value for the patient.

ScheduleXII

GUIDANCE LEVELS OF DOSE, DOSE RATE AND ACTIVITY FOR MEDICAL EXPOSURE

GUIDANCE LEVELS FOR DIAGNOSTIC RADIOLOGICAL PROCEDURES

TABLE -I. GUIDANCE LEVELS OF DOSE FOR DIAGNOSTIC RADIOGRAPHY FOR A TYPICAL ADULT PATIENT

Examination		
	per ra	surface dose adiograph* mGy)
Lumbar spine	AP	10
	LAT	30
	LSJ	40
Abdomen, intravenous urography and cholecystography	AP·	10
Pelvis		
Hip joint	AP	- 10
	AP	10
Chest	PA	0.
	LAT	1.
Thoracic spine	AP	7
	LAT	20
Pental	Periapical	
	AP	7 5
kull	PA	
		5
	LAT	3

Notes: PA: posterior-anterior projection; LAT: lateral projection; LSJ: lumbo-sacral-joint projection; AP: anterior-posterior projection.

In air with backscatter. These values are for conventional film-screen combination in the relative speed of 200. For high speed film-screen combinations (400-600), the values should be reduced by a factor of 2 to 3.

TABLE. -II. DOSE GUIDANCE LEVELS FOR COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY FOR A TYPICAL ADULT PATIENT

Examination.	Multiple scan average dose' (mGy)
Head	50
Lumbar spinc	35
Abdomen	25

Derived from measurements on the axis of rotation in water equivalent phantoms, 15 cm in length and 16 cm (head) and 30 cm (lumbar spine and abdomen) in diameter.

TABLE III DOSE GUIDANCE LEVELS FOR MAMMOGRAPHY FOR A TYPICAL ADULT PATIENT

Average glandular dose per cranio-caudal projection*
1 mGy (without grid)
3 mGy (with grid)

TABLE - - IV. DOSE RATE GUIDANCE LEVELS FOR FLUOROSCOPY FOR A TYPICAL ADULT PATIENT

Mode of operation	Entrance surface dose rate* (mGy/min)
Normal	25
High level ^b	100

In air with backscatter.

Determined in a 4.5 cm compressed breast consisting of 50% glandular and 50% adipose tissue, for film-screen systems and dedicated Mo-target Mo-filter mammography units.

For fluorescopes that have an optional 'high level' operational mode, such as those frequently used in interventional radiology.

GIUDANCE LEVELS FOR MEDICAL EXPOSURE

GIUDANCE LEVEL FOR DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES IN NUCLEAR MEDICINE

TABLE . V. GUIDANCE LEVELS OF ACTIVITY FOR PROCEDURES IN NUCLEAR MEDICINE FOR A TYPICAL ADULT PATIENT

Test	Radio- nuclide	Chemical form*	Maximum usual activity per test ^b (MBq)
Bone			
Bone imaging	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	Phosphonate and Phosphate compounds	600
Bone imaging by single photon emission computerized tomography (SPECT)	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	Phosponate and Phosphate compounds	800
Bone marrow imaging	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	Labelled colloid	400
Brain			
Brain imaging (static)	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	TcO ₄	500
	99Te ^m	Diethylenetriaminepenta- acetic acid (DTPA), gluconate and glucoheptonate	500
Brain imaging (SPECT)	99Tcm	TcO.	800
	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	DTPA, gluconate and glucoheptonate	800
	99Tc m	Exametazime	500
Cerebral blood flow	¹³³ Xe	In isotonic sodium chloride solution	400
	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	Hexamethyl propylene amine oxime (HM-PAO)	500
Cisternography	111In	DTPA .	40
Lacrimal		· .	
Lacrimal drainage	99Tcm	TcÔ4	4
	99Tc ^m	Labelled colloid	4
Thyroid			
Thyroid imaging	99Tcm	TeO4	200 -
	123 _I	I-	20
Thyroid metastases after ablation)	I	I-	400
Parathyroid imaging	201TI	TI*, chloride	80

TABLE :-V. (cont.)

Test	Radio- nuclide	Chemical forms	Maximum usua activity per test (MBq)
Lung			
Lung ventilation imaging	^{B1} Kr ⁱⁿ	Gas	6000
	99 T n'''	DTPA-acrosol	80
Lung ventilation study	¹³³ Xe	Gas	400
	127 Xc	Gas	200
Lung perfusion imaging	81Krm	Aqueous solution	6000
	⁹³ Tc [™]	Human albumin (macroaggregates or microspheres)	100
Lung perfusion imaging (with venography)	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	Human albumin (macroaggregates or microspheres)	160
Lung perfusion studies	133Xe	Isotonic solution	200
	¹²⁷ Xc	Isotonic chloride solution	200
Lung imaging (SPECT)	⁹⁹ Tc	Macroaggregated albumin (MAA)	200
Liver and spleen			
Liver and spicen imaging	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	Labelled colloid	80
Functional biliary system maging	⁹⁰ Te ^m	Iminodiacetates and equivalent agents	150
Spleen imaging	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	Labelled denaturated red blood cells	100
Liver imaging (SPECT)	99Tc m	Labelled colloid	200
Cardiovascular			5015F3
irst pass blood flow	99Tem	TeO.	800
tudies	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	DTPA	800
	99Tcm	Macroaggregated globulin 3	400
Blood pool imaging	°°Tcm	Human albumin complex	40
Cardiac and vascular maging/probe studies	99Tcm	Human albumin complex	800
Ayocardial imaging/probe tudies	⁹⁹ Tc [™]	Labelled normal red blood cells	800

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GIUDANCE LEVELS FOR MEDICAL EXPOSURE

TABLE -V. (cont.)

Test	Radio- nuclide	Chemical form*	Maximum usual activity per test ^b (MBq)
Myocardial imaging	^{on} Tc [™]	Phosphonate and phosphate compounds	600
Myocardial imaging	99.Tc **	Isonitriles	300
(SPECT)	²⁰¹ Tl	TI + chloride	100
8	99Tcm	Phosphonate and phosphate compounds	800
	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	Isonitriles	600
Stomach, gastrointestinal tract	ja:		
Stomach/salivary gland imaging	99Tc m	TcO ₄	40
Meckel's diverticulum maging	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	TcO ₄ ~	400
Gastrointestinal bleeding	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	Labelled colloid	400
	99Tc.m	Labelied normal red blood cells	400
Desophageal transit and	⁹⁹ Tc"	Labelled colloid	40
reflux	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	Non-absorbable compounds	40
Sastric emptying	99.Tc m	Non-absorbable compounds	12
	IIIIn ·	Non-absorbable compounds	12
	113In' ^m	Non-absorbable compounds	12
(idney, urinary system nd adrenals			
Renal imaging	99Tcm	Dimercaptosuccinic acid	160
enal imaging/renography	⁹⁹ Tc ^m	DTPA, gluconate and glucolieptonate	350
16	99Te m	Macroaggregated globulin 3	100
160	123 I	O-iodohippurate	20
drenal imaging	⁷³ Se	Scienorcholesterol	8

TABLE -V. (cont.)

Test	Radio- nuclide	Chemical form ^a	Maximum usual activity per test! (MBq)
Miscellaneous			
Tumour or abscess imaging	⁶⁷ Ga ²⁰¹ Tl	Citrate Chloride	300 100
Tumour imaging	99 T.c.m	Dimercaptosuccinic acid	400
Neurocctodermal tumour imaging	1231	Meta-iodo-benzyl guanidine	400
	131	Meta-iodo-benzyl guanidine	20
Lymph node imaging	99 Tem -	Labelled colloid	80
Abscess imaging	99 Tc m	Exametazime labelled white cells	400
	111In	Labelled white cells	20
Thrombus imaging	1111n	Labelled platelets	20

In some countries some of the compounds are considered obsolete.

GUIDANCE LEVEL OF ACTIVITY FOR DISCHARGE FROM HOSPITAL

TABLE -VI. GUIDANCE LEVEL FOR MAXIMUM ACTIVITY FOR PATIENTS IN THERAPY ON DISCHARGE FROM HOSPITAL

Radionuclide	Activity (MBq)
lodine-131	11001

In some countries a level of 400 MBq is used as an example of good practice.

In some countries the typical values are lower than those indicated in the table.

Schedule - XIII

BANGLADESH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division Post Box No. 158, Ramna, Dhaka.

RADIONUCLIDE CONTAMINATION LEVELS IN FOOD ITEMS, FODDER AND AGRICULTURAL INPUTS.

Radionuclide	Target Organ	Limits of radionuclide co	oncentration level (Bq/Kg)
-		Milk powder & Dairy Products *	Other Food Materials **
Cesium-137	whole body (infant/adult)	95	50
Cesium-134	whole body (adult)	-	50
Strontium-90	bone surface (infant)		-
lodine-131	thyroid (infant)	_	-
Plutonium-239	bone surface (infant)	2	

^{*} Milk Powder and Dairy Products (Milk Powder, Condensed or Concentrated Milk, Cheese, Ghee, Butter, Cerelac, Ovaltine, Maltova, Horlicks, Farlac and other Milk Products, etc.)

The radioactivities of all the imported items of food materials are considered in the form they arrive in the port without any further dilution, concentration or processing.

^{**} Other Food Materials (Rice, Wheat, Rape Seed, Fish, Meat, Pulses, Onion, Garlie, Spices, Vegetables, All Edible Oils, Drinks and Drinking water and other Food Materials)

Schedule - XIV

BANGLADESH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division Post Box No. 158, Ramna, Dhaka.

DOSE LEVELS AT WHICH INTERVENTION IS EXPECTED TO BE UNDERTAKEN UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES

Acute Exposures:

Organ or tissue	Projected absorbed dose to the organ or tissue in less than 2 days (Gy)
Whole body (bone marrow)	less dian 2 days (Gy)
Lung	
Skin	6
Thyroid	3
Lens of the eye	5
Gonads	2
7.5.5.5.5.5	

The possibility of *deterministic effects* for *doses* greater than about 0.1 Gy (delivered over less than 2 days) to the foetus should be taken into account in considering the justification and optimisation of actual *intervention levels* for immediate protective action.

Chronic Exposure:

Equivalent dose rate(Sv y ⁻¹)
Equivalent dose rate(SV y)
0.2
0.1
0.4

Schedule - XV

BANGLADESH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division Post Box No. 158, Ramna, Dhaka.

GUIDELINES FOR ACTION LEVELS IN CHRONIC EXPOSURE SITUATIONS

Although the concept of action levels for chronic exposure situations is of more general
application. So far an international consensus on numerical values only exists in respect of radon.
 Guidelines are therefore only given for chronic exposure to radon.

Radon in dwellings

 Optimized action levels relating to chronic exposure involving radon in dwellings should, in most situations, fall within a yearly average concentration of 200 to 600 Bq.m⁻³ of ²²²Rn in air.

Radon in workplaces

 The action level for remedial action relating to chronic exposure situations involving radon in workplaces is a yearly average concentration of 1000 Bq of ²²²Rn per cubic meter of air.

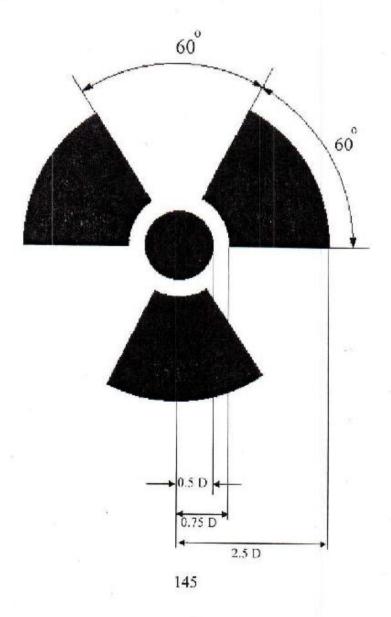
¹ The International Commission on Radiological Protection has recommended that the *action levels* for occupational exposure to radon can fall in the range 500-1500 Bq.m⁻³. (See International Commission on Radiation Protection; ICRP Publication No. 65; Protection against Radon-222 at Home and at Work; Annals of the ICRP, Vol. 23; No. 2, Pergamon Press (1993)

Schedule - XVI

BANGLADESH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division Post Box No. 158, Ramna, Dhaka.

Radiation Symbol

The basic symbol consists of a three blade design shown below which is to be displayed in areas where exposure to radiation is likely to occur and all containers containing radioactive materials. D stands for the diameter of the central circle. The caution colours are black for the design and yellow for the back ground.



Schedule - XVII

BANGLADESH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division Post Box No. 158, Ramna, Dhaka.

Reference: NSRC S/T - 1/97

Form no. S/T - 1/97

	APPLICATION FORM for Licence Surrender/Transfer
1.	This is an Application for (tick ($\sqrt{\ }$) where appropriate):
	☐ Surrender ☐ Transfer ☐ Others (specify)
2.	Description of Licence:
	(a) Class: (b) Number: (c) Date issue: (d) Date of expiry:
3.	Description of Present Status of the up-to-date Licensed Radioactive/Nuclear Source/Equipment:
4,	Radioactive Waste Management :
	Self Liability handed to the commission Return to supplier Others (specify)
5.	Date of Intended Surrender/Transfer:
6.	Declaration of the Licensee/Authorised Person :
	hereby declare that, (full name)
	(a) this application is made on my behalf/on behalf of; and
	(b) the particulars furnished in this form, including all supplements attached hereto are true and correct.
	Date
	Name: Designation:
	Official Stamp:

Schedule - XVIII

BANGLADESH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Division Post Box No. 158, Ramna, Dhaka.

Re	eference: NSRC I/E - 1/97				Form no. I/E - 1/97
		APPLICA for Permit of	ATION FORM of Import/Expo	rt	
1.	Description of Application/Lie	censee:			
	(a) Name:(b) Mailing address:(c) Tele no.:		(d) Fa	ux/Telex:	
2.	Full Address of Organization of	of Applicant/Li	icensce:		
3.	Description of Licence:				
	(a) Class:(c) Date of issue:			umber: ate of expiry:	
4.	This is an Application for (tick	.(√) where appi	ropriate):		
	☐ Import ☐	☐ Export			
5.	Purpose of Import/Export (tick	. (√) where app	ropriate):		
	Use	□ Trade		Others (specify))
6.	Description of the Materials to	be Imported/E	xported (tick	(√) where appropr	riate):
	Radioactive material Radiation equipment		Nuclear ma Others (spe	iterial	
7.	Information Required for Impo	rt/Export:			
	 (a) Name of importer/exporter (b) Name and address of supple (c) Approximate date of first of (d) Approximate date of last content (e) Name of the port of loading (f) Name of the port of unload 	ier : onsignment : onsignment: g :			

8. (a) Additional Information for Import/Export of Radioactive Material, where applicable, :

Element and mass number	Chemical and/or	and an ine menuracturer and	Activity and date		
A	physical form B	model no.(if available) C	Sealed source (per source) D	Unsealed source E	
10					

- (b) Mention the Name of Transport:
 - 1) Specify the mode of transportation

2) Type of package

- 3) State the number of freighted container to be used(if any)
- 9. Additional Information Required for Import or Export of Nuclear Material, where appropriate. :
 - (a) Chemical or physical form of nuclear material and for enriched uranium, the weight percentage of enrichment and Pu – 239 content.

(b) Quantity in grams or kilograms of-

(1) the nuclear material imported or exported

(2) the uranium or plutonium content

- (3) the content of Pu 239 in enriched uranium.
- (c) Specify the mode of transportation and type of package to be used.
- (d) Financial security which covers the liability for nuclear damage (attach relevant document)
- Additional Information Required for the Import or Export of Irradiating Apparatus, where appropriate,:
 - (1) Description of Equipment

A B C	D	panel	head	
		E	F	G
*				

(2) Technical specification of manufacturer (enclose document):

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Permit Fee Issued (Taka): Draft/Pay Order no.: Date:
Declaration of the Licensee/Authorised Person:
1
(full name) hereby declare that,
(a) this application is made on my behalf/on behalf of; and
(b) the particulars furnished in this form, including all supplements attached hereto are true and correct.
Date Signature
Name:
Designation:
Official Stamp:

Dr. M.A. Wazed Miah Member, Physical Science For, Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission

Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Act, 1993

Act No. XXI of 1993

An act to provide for ensuring nuclear safety and radiation control.

Whereas it is expedient to provide for ensuring nuclear safety and radiation control;

It is hereby enacted as follows :-

- Short title and commencement This act may be called the Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control Act, 1993.
- Definitions —In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,
 - (a) "Authorized Radioactivity Limit" means the maximum permissible limit of radioactivity prescribed in section 3, clause (h);
 - (b) "Ionizing Radiation" means such radiation as is capable of producing ions directly or indirectly in a matter while passing through it;
 - (c) "Source Material" means
 - (i) Uranium or Thorium or any combination of them, in any physical or chemical form, or
 - (ii) Such natural ore which contains 0.05% or more by weight of uranium or thorium or any combination of thereof;
 - (d) "Commission" means Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission constituted under the Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission order, 1973 (President's Order No. XV of 1973).
 - (e) "Radioactive Material" means a material in which radioactivity is present in excess of the authorized limit.
 - (f) "Radioactive Waste" means such waste as is created by the Nuclear or Radiation activity and in which radioactivity is present in excess of the prescribed limit.
 - (g) "Nuclear Radiation " means such ionizing radiation as is produced by the activities involving radiation and radiation producing machines.

- (h) "Radioactivity" means the decay of an unstable nucleus through disintegration or emission of nuclear particles.
- (i) "Prescribed " means prescribed by rules made under this act.
- (j) "Inspector" means an Inspector appointed under section 8, sub-section (1).
- (k) "Radiation" means such radiation which, while dispersing or propagating through matter or space, produces electromagnetic induction or effects.
- (I) "Person" means any Government institution, statutory body, commercial enterprise or a person or an association.
- (m) "Licence" means a licence issued under section 5.

3. Powers of the Commission: - The Commission shall have the powers to -

- (a) make necessary rules or formulate policies, or issue orders or instructions for the management of nuclear safety, radiation control and radioactive waste and may take appropriate steps to implement the same;
- (b) formulate policies and carry on research programmes and implement them to save life, health, property and to conserve environment from the risks of nuclear radiation;
- (c) formulate policies for such other radiations, besides the nuclear radiation, as are harmful to life, health, property and environment and may implement the same;
- (d) regulate exploration, production, import, export, transfer, transportation, ownership, possession, processing, reprocessing, use and sale of radioactive minerals and co-ordinate those activities;
- (e) control the production and use of nuclear materials or nuclear energy, and regulate the safety of necessary materials and equipment related to the production and uses of the same;
- (f) regulate the use and management of the radioactive wastes;
- (g) regulate the production, storage, import, export, use, transfer, transportation and trade of radioactive materials or radiation producing equipment;
- (h) prescribe the maximum permissible limits of radioactivity in air and anything usable as food or drink or otherwise by men and animals;

- (i) publish information for the public on matters relating to nuclear safety and radiation control;
- (j) advise nuclear power and related projects, educational and research institutions, industry and commerce or any other establishment on matters of nuclear safety and radiation control;
- (k) provide for training of the persons dealing with or handling radioactive
 materials or radiation producing equipment on the matters relating to radiation;
- 4. Restrictions on certain activities (1) No person, without holding a licence issued under this Act shall, after the date prescribed by the Commission by notification in the official gazette —
 - (a) procure, produce, own, import, export, transport, possess, process, reprocess, use, trade, transfer, displace, store, abandon or destroy any radioactive materials, nuclear materials, and equipment capable of producing ionizing radiation and carry on research on them;
 - (b) bring or make entrance into Bangladesh of any vehicle operated by nuclear power or carrying radioactive materials or radiation producing equipment or radioactive wastes;
 - (c) process any food-stuff using nuclear radiation and produce, distribute or market any food-stuff processed by nuclear radiation;
 - (d) possess, procure, import or distribute any food-stuff or drinks which contains radioactivity exceeding the authorized limit;
 - (e) own, make, install, possess or operate any equipment capable of producing nuclear or ionizing radiation.
- (2) Not withstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) the Commission may exempt any person from the applicability of this section, subject to certain conditions as may be imposed by it.

- 5. Procedure for Issuing Licence:— (1) An application for a licence mentioned in section 4, may be made to the Commission on payment of such fee and in such manner and form as may be prescribed, and the Commission may, after considering the application, issue a licence for a prescribed period and subject to such condition as may be imposed by i from time to time.
- (2) The Commission may require from the applicant any information necessary for the consideration of the application submitted to it under sub section (1).
- (3) In a licence to be issued under this section, insurance and other economic measures for payment of compensation or meeting liabilities arising out of nuclear or radioactive effects, including other conditions to be fulfilled by the licensee, may be specified.
- 6. Laboratory (1) The Commission may, in order to apply the powers and carry on the functions assigned to it under this Act, set up -
 - (a) a central Laboratory and, if necessary, establish one or more regional laboratories; and
 - (b) one or more training centers, scientific documentation and information exchange centers and establish libraries on subjects relating to nuclear safety and radiation control.
- (2) The Commission, in order to perform the functions and apply the powers specified under sub-section (1) may, seek assistance of any university of Bangladesh and of any foreign laboratory including those of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) or of such other national or foreign laboratory as are considered reliable by the Commission for the purpose, or may carry on joint research programs on any subject with similar national or foreign institutions or laboratories.
- (3) Any report or study sent to it on any matter or subject by such laboratories as aforesaid shall be deemed to be true and authentic unless proved otherwise in a court of law.

- 7. Committee of Experts The Commission may, constitute from time to time, expert committees consisting of one or more persons having specialized knowledge, to advise on any specific problem pertaining to nuclear safety and radiation control matters.
- Appointment of Inspector (1) The Commission may appoint one or more inspectors for the purpose of this Act.
- (2) An inspector shall discharge his functions under the control and overall supervision of the Commission

(3) An inspector may,—

- (a) in order to verify that the rules made under the Act and the conditions of the licence are being properly complied with, enter into any place, house, premises or vehicles and conduct inspection and investigation;
- (b) in order to verify that the nuclear safety conditions, limits of radioactivity and doses of ionizing radiation are being complied with, collect related documents, equipment or materials or their samples for analysis and demand necessary information from the persons concerned;
- (c) direct the licensee to take necessary measures in order to ensure the safety of the public, health, property and environment in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- (4) The Inspector shall, as soon as he finds that any condition of the license is violated, send a report to the Commission, and mention therein the harm caused or likely to be caused to personnel exposed to radiation, to public health or safety of property or environment as a result of such violation.

- 9. Cancellation of Licence, etc. -
- (1) The Commission may, in a prescribed manner, cancel any licence issued under this Act.
- (2) The Commission, on received of a report under section 8, sub-section (4) that any condition of the licence has been violated or is being violated, may
 - (a) direct, as deemed appropriate in its consideration, the concerned person to comply properly with the conditions of the licence;
 - (b) direct to stop the activities under the licence, subject to taking necessary steps required to ensure safety of health or property or environment; or
 - (c) cancel the licence.
- (3) Any person, aggrieved due to the cancellation of the licence under this section, may appeal to the Government within 30 days of received of the order of cancellation of the licence.
- (4) The decision of the Government, in the appeal made under sub-section (3), shall be final and no suit shall be instituted against it in any court of law.
- 10. Emergency Rectification Measures (1) If it appears to the commission on the basis of any information received or result of any investigation that the radiation dose level in any place is dangerous to the people, animals, property or environment of that place, it shall inform the Directorate of Environment of the matter and, if necessary, through gazette notification, issue instructions for removal of persons, animals or properties from that place or destruction of animals or properties, contaminated with radioactivity, within the period specified in such notification.
- (2) If any person fails or neglects to comply with the instructions of the Commission within the time specified in the notification under sub-section (1), the Deputy Commissioner or any other authority empowered by the Government on this behalf, may take steps to implement the instructions of such notification and, if necessary, may apply reasonable force for the purpose.

- (3) No person shall enter the place specified in sub-section (1) without the permission of the Deputy Commissioner, unless the Commission orders, otherwise and if any person enters or tries to enter the place without the permission of the Deputy Commissioner, shall be removed from the place, by the order of the Deputy Commissioner, if necessary, by applying force.
- (4) No person affected by the actions taken under this section, can claim any compensation for it from the Commission, Deputy Commissioner or officials or employees of the Government or the Commission
- 11. Penalty -- Any person who violates or fails to comply with this Act or any rule made under it or any condition of the licence, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term of not less than three years but not exceeding seven years, and shall also be liable to fine and if the court considers expedient, may order in favour of seizure by the Commission of the materials, food stuffs, drinks, equipment, vehicles or any property concerning which the said violation or failure has occurred
- 12. Offence Committed by a Company. If the person who violates this Act or any rule made under this Act, is a company, each Director, Manager, Secretary or any other official or agent of that company shall be liable for the said violation, unless he can prove that such violation had occurred, beyond his knowledge or that he had tried his best to prevent it.

Explanation :- Under this section ---

- (a) "Company" means any statutory organization, commercial enterprise, association or establishment and
- (b) a "Director" in case of a commercial enterprise, means a partner or a Member-Director.
- 13. Cognizance of Offences --- No court shall take cognizance of any offence committed under this Act or rules made under it unless a written complaint is submitted to it by an Inspector.
- 14. Indemnity No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall be against the Government, the Commission or any of its member, Inspectors, Deputy Commissioner or any person authorized under this Act for anything done or intended to be done in good faith under this Act.

- 15. Delegation of Power The Commission may delegate any or all of its powers or responsibilities under the Act to any of its members.
- 16. Power to make rules (I) The Commission may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.
- (2) The Commission may, in particular and without prejudice to the generality of sub-section (1) provide formulate for all or any of the following matters namely,
 - (a) procedures for issuance of licence, rectification, renewal, suspension and cancellation and the conditions to be complied with by the licensee.
 - (b) protection of public health and environment from nuclear and ionizing radiations and radioactive contamination.
 - (c) physical and financial security and insurance for any person who in discharging his responsibilities may come in contact with nuclear materials, radioactive materials or equipment capable of producing ionizing radiation.
 - (d) fixation of safety standards and implementation thereof for the activities related to nuclear and ionizing radiations.
 - (e) precautionary measures for storage, packaging, transportation, use of nuclear materials, radioactive materials or equipment capable of producing ionizing radiations.
 - (f) fixation of compensation and payment thereof to any person affected by an accident relating to nuclear or ionizing radiation.

sd/(Abul Hashem)
Secretary

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